

Young

WELL, WHO ARE YOU?

OH, GOODNESS, IF MAMA LEARNS THAT, WHAT WILL OUR HOME LIFE BE LIKE?

HAT LADY, DEAR?

Advertisement

ES

XES

TIME FLAVOR

FUL

MA DISHES

APPLY DAYS

# ON TODAY'S EDITORIAL PAGE

Should Kattelman Be Paroled? Editorial.  
Protecting the Pound: Editorial.  
Apes in Airplanes: By C. E. M. Joad in the Living Age.

VOL. 91, NO. 126.

## LA GUARDIA SAYS WPA NEEDS MORE THAN \$75 MILLION FOR FIVE MONTHS

He Urges Adding \$40,000,000—Testimony Before House Subcommittee Differs From That of Col. F. C. Harrington.

### LATTER EXPECTS SPRING REDUCTION

Workers Alliance Leader and CIO Spokesman Want \$1,000,000,000 or More—Hearing Is Completed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The House Appropriations Subcommittee completed hearings today on President Roosevelt's proposal for a \$75,000,000 appropriation to finance WPA until June 30.

Representative Woodrum (Dem., Virginia), who will handle the appropriation measure on the House floor, said the subcommittee would meet tomorrow afternoon to discuss the bill and probably submit it to the full committee Wednesday.

Just before closing its hearings, the subcommittee recalled Col. F. C. Harrington, WPA Administrator, who said afterward he "hoped" the Appropriations Committee would approve the \$75,000,000 request. There was sentiment in the committee, however, for reducing the amount.

Asked what he could say about the situation, Woodrum smiled and remarked: "Well, it being somewhat of a judicial matter, I think I ought to be a little cautious about it."

He added that no testimony had been given in opposition to a supplementary WPA fund.

LaGuardia Urges Increase. Earlier, Mayor Fiorello LaGuardia of New York, representing the United States Conference of Mayors, had asked the subcommittee to put \$915,000,000 in the bill, while Ralph Hetzel, CIO unemployment director, and David Lasser, president of the Workers' Alliance, had suggested \$1,000,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000 respectively.

Harrington told reporters the figure LaGuardia mentioned contemplated continuing WPA rolls at their present size until June, where as the amount sought by the President was based on plans for reductions in April, May and June.

When LaGuardia left, he said the mayors' conference looked at relief realistically because "the mayor is closer to it than any other official."

"Granted an upturn in business," he asserted, "it is not reflected immediately in the WPA or on business payrolls."

Proposals of Lasser. Lasser put the request at \$1,000,000,000 when his turn came before the subcommittee. He asked for a 25-cent an hour minimum wage in the South, a guarantee against the discharge of any WPA workers who cannot find private employment at existing wages, opening WPA rolls to all needy unemployed, and the establishment of a bureau within WPA to act on appeals of workers against coercion, discrimination or unjust actions of supervisors.

Hetzel, the CIO's unemployment director, said he told the committee that changes were needed in WPA but that the additional funds should be appropriated now, the agency continued on its present basis, and the changes worked out later.

On the House floor, Rich (Rep., Pennsylvania), criticized the whole administration spending program and declared that any member who voted for it "ought to be driven out of the House."

## INCREASE IN PLANE OUTPUT URGED BY ADVISORY BOARD

Report Says U. S. Aviation Leadership Is Threatened by Expansion Abroad—Proposes Construction Laboratory.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics told Congress today that expansion of military and commercial air fleets by foreign nations was challenging America's aviation leadership.

The committee, which does fundamental research in the science of flying, recommended the setting up of a laboratory to experiment with airplane structures. "It is not only a good policy from a financial standpoint," its annual report said, "but also vital from the standpoint of national defense, that American aircraft have a performance equal or superior to that of a potential enemy."

"More numbers of aircraft, however, are not in themselves sufficient for an adequate modern air force. It is of even greater importance that the aircraft be of the most effective design."

Result of European Crisis. The committee declared that "the crisis in Europe in the fall of 1938 brought forcibly to worldwide attention the overshadowing influence of air power in international affairs."

It showed for the first time, members said, how a nation with superior air strength can dominate or at least throw fear into the hearts of a civilian population.

Among members of the advisory group are Col. Charles Lindbergh, Orville Wright, Administrator Clinton M. Hester of the Civil Aeronautics Authority, Dr. Charles G. Abbot of the Smithsonian Institution, and army and navy aviation chiefs.

The committee urged that factory production of American planes be stepped up, that more funds be appropriated for aeronautical research, that military and naval air forces be increased, and that experiments continue with lighter-than-air craft.

Increased use of private aircraft is highly desirable, it said, adding that if properly encouraged, civil aviation should prove in time to be a "revolutionary" in the lives of the people as the automobile.

Ocean Aviation Competition. Emphasizing the need of larger defensive air forces, the committee termed "the sudden and rather general appreciation of the potentialities of modern air power" the "most significant event that has occurred in modern times in the lives of the people as the automobile."

Whatever nation has the most efficient aircraft has a definite advantage in competition for international transportation, the report added.

Serious competition confronts the United States, the committee declared, as result of foreign airline operations over the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. In focusing its attention on significant military aircraft developments, it continued, the public has overlooked the fact that European nations are making "far-reaching and determined efforts" to capture air trade routes.

What nation has the most efficient aircraft has a definite advantage in competition for international transportation, the report added.

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## HUNGARY HINTS AT BREAKING OFF CZECH RELATIONS

Return of Envoy Delayed—Budapest Indicates New Attack Would Cause Drastic Step.

### ONE GROUP BLAMES GERMAN INFLUENCE

Stand Is Taken After Fresh Fighting on the Frontier in Which Village Is Bombed.

BUDAPEST, Jan. 9.—Hungary delayed the return of its Minister to Prague today in a strong hint that recent border clashes of armed forces had endangered diplomatic relations with Czechoslovakia.

The Minister, Johann Wettstein von Westerhain, is now in Budapest. He explained that he would stay here until relations between the two countries were "clarified."

The border itself was quiet this morning, but the Hungarian press printed a Foreign Office statement that another incident would have far-reaching consequences.

Both countries were reported to be quietly expelling citizens of the other. The Hungarian Revisionist League, meanwhile, charged that "German influences" encouraged the frontier clashes.

Village Is Bombed. Hungary strengthened its forces near Munkacs, which was shelled last Friday, and Ungvar, 25 miles northeast. Both were formerly in Czechoslovak territory.

Fresh fighting broke out for a time yesterday. Czechoslovak troops were declared to have bombed the Hungarian village of Nagajce, near Ungvar, with incendiary bombs, but no loss of life was reported.

The clashes of Friday and Sunday were on the border of Carpatho-Ukraine, in Eastern Czechoslovakia, which Hungary has declared as a part of its territorial acquisitions under the Nov. 2 Vienna award by Italy and Germany.

The official Hungarian statement said the attack started late Saturday night and continued intermittently Sunday forenoon. Nowhere it stated, did the Hungarians gain ground.

Shells Follow Attack. The commander of the Hungarian frontier patrol said his front was first attacked by a mixed formation of 200 Czechoslovak soldiers and Ukrainian irregular infantrymen. The patrol took up defense positions and asked for reinforcements from Ungvar.

The attack was reported according to the official Hungarian version, but then artillery began to fire incendiary shells which started scattered blazes in the village.

One regular Czechoslovak officer was reported captured. During Sunday, officers of both sides met on Hungarian territory for an inquiry.

A dispatch from Prague said the Carpatho-Ukrainian Government, in reply to a Hungarian demand that Czechoslovak forces be withdrawn from the entire border between Carpatho-Ukraine and Hungary, agreed to retire soldiers from the frontier in the Munkacs district.

(The Government declared Czechoslovak troops would hold all other parts of the border and at the same time demanded that the Hungarians fall back nearly a mile.)

## U. S. BARS PLANES TO JAPAN DUE TO RAIDS ON CIVILIANS

Munitions Control Board Also Discloses Bombs Are Forbidden Under Policy Effective Last July 1.

### ARMS SALES ABROAD DOUBLED IN 1938

Total of \$94,209,532—\$9,000,000 in Aircraft Bought by Tokyo First Half of Year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The United States was disclosed today to have blacklisted Japan from further purchase of either airplanes or bombs in this country because of Japanese army bombings of civilian populations in China.

The policy which went into effect last July 1, did not prevent Japan from buying nearly \$9,000,000 worth of American aircraft earlier in 1938.

All countries whose armed forces bomb civilians are included in the ban, but thus far Japan and Spain are the only countries found engaged in such practices. Spain is prevented from purchasing any munitions in this country by a special embargo act passed in 1937.

Board Reports to Senate. This information was contained in the annual report of the National Munitions Control Board submitted to the Senate today. Secretary of State Hull is chairman of the board, on which also sit the Secretaries of the Treasury, War, Navy and Commerce.

After his condemnation of governments whose armies bomb civilian populations, Hull last year asked all American manufacturers and exporters of airplanes to cooperate in preventing American aircraft or aerial munitions from being sold to such countries.

The board reported that all manufacturers "with only one outstanding exception" had conformed to this policy and that the flow of planes and munitions to such countries had virtually ceased. The exception was not named.

The report disclosed that the sale of American munitions abroad more than doubled in 1938, amounting to \$94,209,532 as compared with \$45,076,316 in 1937. Military or commercial aircraft represented more than half the total.

Chief Exporters of Munitions. The principal exporters of munitions during the last year were the Lockheed Aircraft Corporation, which shipped \$24,048,638 worth of military aircraft; Glenn L. Martin Co., with \$11,338,000 in aircraft; Calside-Wright Corporation, \$10,880,566 military aircraft, and the North American Aviation, Inc., \$9,927,014 military aircraft.

Okura & Co., and Mitsui & Co., both Japanese firms, bought more than \$6,000,000 worth of military aircraft and airplane parts.

The board operates under provisions of the Neutrality Act, which require all exporters of munitions to obtain licenses from the State Department for everything sold abroad.

It reported that no American arms had reached insurgent Spain since the embargo went into effect, and that it had frustrated numerous attempts to ship arms to Government forces in Spain through third countries. One shipment of 40 airplanes, however, reached the Barcelona government by a transshipment through Canada and France. This now is under investigation by the Justice Department.

The planes were assembled from parts for which licenses had been obtained by the Grumman Aircraft Engineering Corporation and Brewster Aeronautical Corporation for export to the Canadian Car and Foundry Co. of Port Williams, Ontario.

Forged Documents Used. After reaching Canada export licenses were obtained to ship these planes to Turkey for the Turkish Government. An inquiry disclosed Turkey had not ordered the planes.

"It later developed that documents submitted were forged and that the persons responsible for them were either agents of, or acting on behalf of agents of, the Spanish Government," the board reported.

## "Not Persecutor, Not Investigator"



W. W. GRAVES.

## Pendergast Prosecutor Silent On Stark's Clean-up Orders; Kansas City Stays "Wide-Open"

W. W. Graves Content Merely to Cite 2336 Convictions in 5 Years—"Boss" Was Inclined to Drop Him.

### RAIN AND COLDER TONIGHT; COLDER, CLOUDY TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.	
1 a. m.	51 9 a. m.
2 a. m.	50 10 a. m.
3 a. m.	50 11 a. m.
4 a. m.	51 12 noon
5 a. m.	52 1 p. m.
6 a. m.	54 2 p. m.
7 a. m.	53 3 p. m.
8 a. m.	56

Yesterday's high 66 (1:45 p. m.); low, 44 (7:30 a. m.).

### WILL OUR DEFENSES BE SHIP-SHAPE?

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Rain and colder tonight; tomorrow partly cloudy to cloudy and colder, possibly rain in extreme north-east portion.

Missouri: Unsettled, local rain; colder tonight; tomorrow partly cloudy to cloudy and colder, possibly rain in extreme north-east portion.

Illinois: Rain probable tonight and tomorrow except cloudy to tomorrow in extreme south portion; colder to morrow and tomorrow night.

Stage of the Mississippi at St. Louis.—0.8 feet, a fall of 0.2; at Grafton, Ill., 8.8 feet, a rise of 0.3; the Missouri at St. Charles, 7.5 feet, a rise of 0.3.

### PIQUED SHAH OF IRAN RECALLS DIPLOMATIC MISSION TO PARIS

Resentful Over French Jokes About His Title, He Leaves Only Legation Secretary.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—The Shah of Iran, who took offense at French newspaper puns on the identical pronunciation of his title and "chat," French for cat, showed today he meant business by his diplomatic protests.

He recalled his diplomatic mission from Paris, leaving only a legation secretary for possible negotiations by which the French still hoped to patch up the quarrel.

### JUSTICE BRANDEIS ILL AT HOME

82-Year-Old Jurist Has Grip; Condition Said Not to Be Serious.

### By SPENCER R. McCULLOCH

A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 9.—Given an opportunity by the Post-Dispatch to defend the conduct of his office, sternly attacked by Gov. Stark, Prosecuting Attorney W. W. Graves of Jackson County refrained today from public comment in conformity with a policy adopted by the Pendergast organization in coping with the Governor.

It is no secret, however, that members of the machine, from Thomas J. Pendergast down, profess to regard the Governor's denunciations as "political gestures" and are banking on political power in the Legislature to block certain of his appointments and obstruct his legislative program.

Graves contented himself with proffering statistical data on his five years in office, during which he has been subjected to constant criticism from the Kansas City press, political foes, grand jurors, and even members of the bench. He took the oath of office for his third elective two-year term a week ago.

Nub of the Charges. The nub of the Governor's charge against Prosecutor Graves' office was contained in the following paragraph in his order of Dec. 23, directing Attorney-General Roy McKittick to "clean up" Jackson County and also St. Louis:

In Kansas City it is charged that unrestrained violations of the law are openly and notoriously committed and that there is a definite breakdown in law enforcement; that such serious crimes as homicide go unsolved and the perpetrators go unpunished; that rackets of various types flourish openly in defiance of law and order; that open and notorious gambling dens and vice brothels exist, and that the State's liquor laws are violated openly with impunity.

The only reply the Prosecutor made was to submit to the writer the following figures, which he said reflected the five-year record of his office: 2336 convictions, 1161 prison sentences, 864 jail sentences, 290 reformatory sentences, 21 fines. The statistics, he said, include five death sentences, 41 life terms, two 99-year sentences and three five-year sentences.

Prodded on Richetti Case. He did not amplify his figures or go behind them, but he mentioned that he convicted Adam Richetti, gangster pal of the late "Pretty Boy" Floyd, who was executed in the lethal gas chamber at Missouri State Penitentiary last Oct. 7 for participation in the Union Station killings here in June, 1933, when four officers and a Federal convict were killed in a daylight attempt to deliver the prisoner.

Graves did not volunteer the information, subsequently learned by the correspondent, that he prosecuted Richetti only after Circuit Judge Allen C. Southern, on the bench for 23 years, threatened to call a grand jury over his head, in

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

## MAIL SCHOOL HEAD GIVEN 6 YEARS AND FINED \$10,000

Clarence De Montreville Sentenced by U.S. Judge Moore, Who Remarks Man 'Attempted to Cheat Justice' by Taking Poison

### COURT ASKS HIM ABOUT HIS PROFITS

Defendant Says He Took in \$203,000 in Three and Half Years, Only \$21,000 for Himself—Release on Bond Opposed.

Clarence De Montreville, correspondence school head, convicted of using the mails to defraud, was sentenced today by United States District Judge George H. Moore to a six-year penitentiary term, with a \$10,000 fine.

De Montreville was taken to court from Missouri Baptist Hospital, where he has been since his attempt, Dec. 29, to end his life by swallowing poison tablets at his home, 7444 Gannon avenue, University City.

Judge Moore announced, soon after imposing sentence, that De Montreville's request for release on an appeal bond would be denied. Federal Judges have the power to refuse bond after conviction in felony cases. David M. Robinson, Assistant United States Attorney, said to Judge Moore that he would oppose the granting of bond.

Judge Moore said, when the matter of bond was first brought up, that he was not disposed to grant bond, "as the defendant has attempted to cheat justice," a reference to his attempt at suicide. He consented, however, to hear a physician presented by the defense lawyers. His talk with the physician was in the court's chambers.

Judge Asks Questions. When De Montreville faced the Court for sentence, Judge Moore questioned him as to how profits from the correspondence school, which, according to testimony in his trial, sold the unfounded hope of Government jobs to more than 7000 persons.

"What money have you collected?" Judge Moore asked De Montreville. "In all, over three and one-half years, I collected \$203,000," the convicted man replied. "Of that amount, I got about \$21,000."

The Court then asked about De Montreville's connection with a correspondence school in Muncie, Ind., and asked whether it had not been under Federal investigation during his connection with it.

"Not while I was there as salesman or general manager," was the reply. "The Court feels," Judge Moore said, "that you, De Montreville, were the master mind, and got most of the money." He then proceeded to impose sentence.

Counts and Penalties. On each of 10 counts of the indictment, Judge Moore imposed \$1000 fine, or \$10,000 in all. On the first count, a five-year prison term was imposed, and on counts two to nine, inclusive, a five-year term, the two to run concurrently. On the tenth count, a prison sentence of a year and a day was imposed, running consecutively with the others, making the total time six years and one day.

De Montreville, Otis G. Griffin, collection manager, and six others were convicted of the mail fraud charges Dec. 17. At the same time, 19 others pleaded guilty to the charges. Sentences were imposed Dec. 30 on all except De Montreville, his appearance being delayed by his attempted suicide.

Griffin's sentence, the heaviest among those imposed on De Montreville's associates, was four years imprisonment and \$5000 fine.

Dissuaded From Plea. Griffin's counsel presented to Judge Moore today a statement to the effect that he had intended to plead no-contest, but had been dissuaded from doing so by De Montreville, who had given him a written guarantee to pay \$50 a week for 50 weeks to Griffin's wife, if Griffin should be convicted.

A letter from De Montreville to Griffin, which was excluded as evidence in the trial, was offered to the Judge Moore. In the letter, De Montreville urged Griffin to come to St. Louis, and promised him lib-

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.



## TRIAL FOR SELLING PLANES TO BOLIVIA

Curtiss-Wright Com-  
panies Also Accused of Vi-  
olating Embargo.

Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—John H.  
Wright, president of the Curtiss-  
Wright Export Corporation, and  
other men went on trial in  
United States District Court today  
on indictments charging delivery  
of airplanes to the Bolivian  
government during Bolivia's war  
with Paraguay over the Chaco  
territory.  
Other defendants are Ralph  
Hamon, vice-president of the  
African Air Lines and former  
president of the Curtiss-Wright  
Aircraft Co., and Clarence W. Web-  
ber, South American sales manager  
for the export corporation; the  
Curtiss-Wright Aeroplane and Mo-  
tor Co., Inc., and the Curtiss-  
Wright Aircraft Corp.  
Indictments charge the de-  
fendants conspired between Oct. 5,  
1937, and some time later than May  
1938, to make sales and to de-  
liver airplanes to the Bolivian  
government. The planes were delivered,  
indictments charge, in the face  
of a joint congressional resolution,  
May 28, 1934, and a presidential  
proclamation of the same date,  
barring the exportation of  
airplanes to either coun-

## WEDDING AND BULLITT CALLED TO CONFER WITH ROOSEVELT

Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Two of  
the United States key Ambassadors  
Europe returned here unexpected-  
ly today from Florida vacations to  
confer with President Roosevelt.

The two—Joseph P. Kennedy,  
Ambassador to London, and Wil-  
liam C. Bullitt, Ambassador to  
Paris—would not discuss their re-  
turn for returning. They joined  
with Wilson, Ambassador to Ger-  
many, to await the return of Sec-  
retary of State Hull this afternoon,  
and then to identify.

## REWEAVE

TEARS • MOTH HOLES • BURNS  
IN CLOTHES AND THE TABLE LINENS.  
SMALL COST—The Craftsmen  
M. WEISSERT • 613 Locust

## What they're saying about



one thing. We dis-  
even heat at a most  
than other fuels...

three main reasons:  
Lowest price fuel

nite in my water  
larger size in my

at satisfactory fuel  
and as economical  
however, is that it  
blem in this city.

most economical

not try Carbonite  
there's no other  
a ton for cash. If

## RATION

ITE  
St. Louis

## INTRASTATE PLEA AGAINST NLRB WILL BE REVIEWED

Supreme Court to Consider  
Decision on Manufacture  
Within From Materials  
From Outside State.

## RULINGS DEFERRED ON TWO BIG CASES

Nothing Yet on Constitu-  
tionality of the TVA or  
State's Right to Vote  
Twice on Amendment.

Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The  
National Labor Relations Board  
was granted a Supreme Court re-  
view today of its claim to juris-  
diction over a local company which  
contracted to manufacture clothing  
from goods owned at all times by  
another concern.  
The court consented to pass on  
a decision by the United States  
Circuit Court at Philadelphia that  
the National Labor Relations Act  
could not be applied to the Somer-  
ville, N. J., because it was not en-  
gaged in interstate commerce.

Origin of the Case.  
The Somerville Co. made women's  
sport clothes out of material fur-  
nished by the Lee Sportswear Co.  
of New York City. The finished  
product was delivered at Somer-  
ville to a representative of the New  
York concern and then shipped to  
New York or to customers through-  
out the United States.

Litigation grew out of a Labor  
Board order finding the Somer-  
ville Co. guilty of unfair labor practices  
by refusing to negotiate with rep-  
resentatives of the International  
Ladies' Garment Workers' Union  
and by dismissing eight woman  
employees because of union activ-  
ities. A strike followed the dis-  
missals. The Board ordered re-  
instatement of employees found to  
have been discriminated against,  
including those whose places had  
been filled after the strike.

It appealed to the Circuit Court  
to enforce the order, but the court  
held the Board did not have juris-  
diction.  
The Board contended the Labor  
Act applied to the company because  
a strike or lockout would "burden  
the flow of commerce to and from  
the plant."

TVA Decision Postponed.  
The Supreme Court postponed at  
least until next Monday its deci-  
sion on constitutionality of the Ten-  
nessee Valley Authority Act and on  
the right of a state to ratify, after  
once rejecting, the pending consti-  
tutional amendment to abolish child  
labor.

The Court agreed to pass on a  
contention by the Federal Power  
Commission that an order it is-  
sued, denying an application of  
public utility companies to consoli-  
date, is not subject to judicial ex-  
amination. The Power Commis-  
sion advanced this claim after re-  
fusing permission to the Pacific  
Power & Light Co. to merge with  
the Inland Power & Light Co.

The court was evenly divided on  
the question of whether the Nation-  
al Government has exclusive juris-  
diction over the Port Peck (Mont.)  
Federal dam, and as a result a ruling  
by the Montana Supreme Court  
that the jurisdiction is exclusive  
and therefore Valley County Offi-  
cial may not permit or con-  
spire in the town of Port Peck,  
was allowed to stand.

Chief Justice Hughes announced  
the tie vote. How the Justices di-  
vided was not disclosed.

Order Speeds Ford Co. Action.  
The Court granted a Government  
motion for immediate withdrawal  
from the United States Circuit  
Court at Covington, Ky., of litiga-  
tions involving validity of a Labor  
Board order against the Ford Mo-  
tor Co.

Last Tuesday the Court author-  
ized withdrawal, in order to permit  
the Board to adopt new procedure.  
Ordinarily a decision does not be-  
come effective for 25 days. This  
delay is given to permit filing of a  
petition for reconsideration.

The Ford company did not object  
to the Government's motion today  
and Chief Justice Hughes granted  
it from the bench. The Board had  
directed the Ford company to re-  
instate 29 employees and to cease  
from alleged unfair labor practices  
at Michigan plants.

The court refused to review a  
decision approving an agreement  
for the payment of more than \$1-  
200,000 indemnity by the F. F.  
Newport Corporation of Los An-  
geles, a bankrupt, to the Security-  
First National Bank of Los An-  
geles.

The Los Angeles law firm of  
McAdoo & Nebbett, of which former  
Senator William C. McAdoo is a  
partner, appealed from a decision  
of the Ninth Circuit Court. The  
law firm is a creditor of the bank-  
rupt to the extent of \$22,000.

California was granted a review  
today of a decision prematurely re-  
jecting enforcement of the State  
Motor Caravan Act of 1937, en-  
acted after a previous one had been  
held invalid, which imposed a  
license fee of \$7.50 for each ve-  
hicle for the privilege of using  
the highways to transport automo-  
biles into the state for sale, and  
\$7.50 to reimburse the State for  
expense incurred in policing the  
highways.

## Frank Lloyd Wright Gives His Theory of Architecture



—By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.  
FRANK LLOYD WRIGHT.

## In So Doing, He Cites St. Louis Buildings as Examples of What He Does Not Approve.

Frank Lloyd Wright, American  
architect who is credited with de-  
veloping the chief influence in the  
developing "international style" or  
"organic" architecture, told the Lib-  
eral Forum of the Y. M. H. A.-Y.  
W. H. A. last night just what or-  
ganic architecture is.

For more than 40 years a source  
of lively news stories—whether by  
creating radical kind of dwellings  
in Oak Park, Ill., building an earth-  
quake-proof hotel in Tokyo, pro-  
jecting houses over waterfalls,  
plotting skyscrapers sheathed in  
glass or calling Radio City "an  
architectural monstrosity," he  
has been the center of the international school,  
now in his seventieth year, did not  
disappoint the gathering of a thou-  
sand or more persons.

Science has outrun culture, he  
told them, education isn't on speed,  
and the chief influence in the de-  
veloping "international style" or  
"organic" architecture, told the Lib-  
eral Forum of the Y. M. H. A.-Y.  
W. H. A. last night just what or-  
ganic architecture is.

Getting Down to Cases.  
To get down to cases and closer  
home, "Look at your square (the  
Memorial Plaza), Postdated before  
it was born."

Of the Municipal Auditorium,  
he said to a reporter, "Rather a  
shapeless mass, isn't it? But it gets  
in some ornament, all right. Saves  
its face with that classic colonnade.  
But he would they achieve such  
an ugly mass."

"I defy anybody to go down to  
your square," he said, "and pick  
out which building is for what, un-  
less it might be the great, mis-  
shapen mass of the Auditorium.  
That would indicate it was some-  
thing for getting people together  
on a grand scale."

"The Wainwright Building at Sev-  
enth and Chestnut streets he liked  
more than any other downtown  
structure. 'A real monument in  
American architecture,' he said. 'It  
is still a noble assertion of sim-  
plicity. You know, it was the first  
dramatic statement of a tall build-  
ing—no, a building that is tall, for  
there had been skyscrapers which  
were merely one building on top of  
another building.'"

Union Station, too, he approved.  
It has, he found, "much more vital-  
ity and quality than the Postoffice.  
It's much more American in char-  
acter than these pseudo-classics,"  
he continued, indicating buildings  
of the Plaza group.

The War Memorial he found "a  
deflowered classic, a Greek thing  
run through a modernizing mill."  
Of the Civil Court, he said, "It  
neither like it or dislike it. I de-  
plore it." The Federal Building he  
found "a pile of innocuous desue-  
tude."

Wright Not One of "the Boys."  
Wright has always separated  
himself from the eclectic architects  
—"the boys," as he calls them, who  
build English country houses for  
boulevard residences, put Gothic  
gargoyles on skyscrapers, set up  
Greek temples for the vending of  
gasoline, and so on.

Organic architecture, Wright has  
insisted since the '90s, must come  
from within, has no style, expresses  
the nature of the materials used,  
is more engineering than design.  
He has had the satisfaction of see-  
ing buildings he put up when he  
was a young man still modern and  
increasing three-fold in value, in-  
stead of declining. His \$4,500,000  
Imperial Hotel in Tokyo was the  
only major structure left standing

after the disastrous 1923 earth-  
quake.  
With flowing white hair and  
dressed like a conservative gentle-  
man of the old school, Wright is  
calm, soft-spoken and witty as any  
elder deity of a university campus.  
And although he has little sym-  
pathy with the universities—"close  
all the museums for 10 years, abol-  
ish the universities, let the children  
stay home and learn"—he himself  
is a teacher. Gathered around him  
since 1933, he has had his own  
carefully selected students. Head-  
quarters is in Wisconsin but they  
are now studying in the Arizona  
desert, 25 miles northeast of  
Phoenix. Wright came from there  
to St. Louis.

"I Love This Country," he told  
the audience. "I've built 220 buildings,  
every one of them an experiment.  
And I know my people. I believe  
that this country has the hope of  
the world in it—this country alone.  
Russia. Both of us have a great  
cultural lag, but maybe that was  
to hold us back for something  
greater."

Invited to Russia last summer,  
Wright said he found little oppor-  
tunity to speak of simplicity, or-  
ganic architecture, the synthesis of  
the whole. Russia today wants  
grandeur and an indulgent Stalin  
is giving it to his people, spread-  
ing magnificence in every square  
foot. But in 10 years, he said, the  
leaders think those who hark back to  
old czarist splendor will have been  
paid off and simplicity will come.

The United States has the "37  
varieties of eclecticism and that, too,  
is expressive of what we are now.  
But it is not expressive of what we  
are going to be. We are giving  
up our "grandmanism," too. We  
are learning a truth as old as Lao-  
tse, the Chinese philosopher of the  
sixth century before Christ, whom  
Wright quoted. It is that the real-  
ity of a house is not in its walls but  
in the space that is lived in, inside.  
Japanese houses, incidentally, he  
accounted nearest the ideal.

New Kind of Efficiency.  
You can't grow organic archi-  
tecture overnight but we are be-  
ginning to speak of quality, a new  
kind of efficiency. Science and art  
are getting together even as re-  
ligions and science are becoming  
reconciled. On every side we are  
beginning to realize that the only  
values that have any validity are  
human values. No culture can  
come to us by ships that cross the  
Atlantic and Pacific but only from  
within ourselves. It is being our-  
selves, and with Wright it ap-  
proaches a religion.

What is the best example of this  
organic architecture in our coun-  
try? someone asked in the forum  
period after the address.

With a smile that revealed not  
only the rich sense of humor in a  
latter day wise man but also the  
pride of an author in his work,  
he said:  
"The Johnson Building in Racine."

Roof Repairs  
HILL-BEHAN  
specializes in flat and steep roof re-  
pairs. Expert application of side wall  
and roofing shingles. Under weather-  
proofing do the complete job.  
Free Inspection and Estimate  
APPLIED ROOFING DIVISION  
6500 PAGE  
Parkview 1000

## EAST ST. LOUIS SERMON ON POLICE KILLING BOY

Pastor at Funeral Says Shoot-  
ing Shows Community Is  
Not Safe for Children.

East St. Louis was condemned as  
an unsafe city for children to live  
in by the Rev. C. H. Carlton at  
funeral services yesterday after-  
noon for 15-year-old David Kaempf,  
who was shot and killed Thurs-  
day night by Detective-Sgt. Clif-  
ford C. Flood. Flood had been  
lying in wait for an extortionist,  
and shot the boy as he fled.  
"David's death has aroused us to a  
consciousness of the flagrant  
crime conditions which now exist in  
East St. Louis," the Rev. Mr. Car-  
lton, pastor of the State Street  
Methodist Episcopal Church, told  
750 persons who crowded the  
chapel of the Kurus mortuary,  
2525 State street, where the ser-  
vices were held.  
"Yet we citizens are ultimately re-  
sponsible for this condition which  
has resulted in the death of this  
child," he said. "We elect public  
officials to rid the community of  
crime and then we forget about  
them."  
"You and I know," he continued,  
"that public officials will do their  
duties only if we all become inter-  
ested in their activities. It is our  
duty to make this community a  
safe place for our children to live  
in."

Six of young Kaempf's class-  
mates at the George Rogers Clark  
High School, where he was in the  
seventh grade, were pallbearers.  
More than 1000 persons who could  
not enter the chapel waited outside  
and joined the funeral cortege for  
burial of the boy at Park Lawn  
Cemetery in St. Louis.

An inquest will be held tomor-  
row in the death of the boy who  
was killed after he attempted to  
remove a milk bottle from the front  
porch of the home of Miss Cath-  
arine Walsh at 2519 Henrietta ave-  
nue. Miss Walsh had received a  
note last Wednesday demanding \$50  
on pain of death and police had  
put a dummy package in the bottle  
and were waiting in the house for  
the extortionist.

Flood, who has been under treat-  
ment at St. Mary's Hospital since  
Friday for a nervous collapse, was  
charged with manslaughter in a  
warrant issued Saturday by Police  
Magistrate Dan Foley. Coroner  
Leo L. Madden of St. Clair Coun-  
ty, who has been making his own  
investigation of the case, swore out  
the complaint on which the war-  
rant was issued.

NEGRO WHO WON MISSOURI U.  
TEST CASE TO SPEAK IN CITY  
Lloyd Gaines to Make Series of  
Talks; Entitled to State Law  
Course, Court Held.

Lloyd Gaines, Negro, principal  
figure in the case in which the  
United States Supreme Court de-  
cided that the State of Missouri  
must either admit Negroes to the  
University of Missouri Law School  
or establish a law course at Lincoln  
University, was in St. Louis today  
for a series of speeches.

He told a Post-Dispatch reporter  
he had quit his job in the Michigan  
civil service and that he was pre-  
pared to go to law school in Mis-  
souri this autumn. Where he will  
go depends on the action of the  
State Legislature and University  
of Missouri officials.

He is staying at the home of his  
brother, George D. Gaines, 2932  
West Belle place. Tonight he will  
speak at a meeting of the St. Louis  
branch of the National Association  
for the Advancement of Colored  
People at the Pine Street Y. M. C.  
A. The association financed his  
case through the courts.

He will be present at a dinner  
Thursday night observing the  
twentieth anniversary of the Urban  
League, Negro social service or-  
ganization, at which his case will  
be reviewed.

## BOYD'S

## JANUARY CLEARANCE!

16.95 to 25.00  
TOWN AND  
SPORT COATS  
\$11

These are the Coats that  
"made the season" for us...  
Black boucles, nubby woolsens,  
tweeds, fleeces, etc., in box  
coats, classics and fitted mod-  
els. Townley tailored, of  
course. Sizes 12 to 20.

## SOLDAN HIGH DROPS MOVIE OPPOSED BY LEGION OF DECENCY

Though Tickets Are Sold, Prize-  
Winning French Film  
Won't Be Shown.

A scheduled showing at Soldan  
High School of the French motion  
picture, "La Kermesse Heroique,"  
has been abandoned, it was learned  
today, because of protests that the  
picture was objectionable to the  
Legion of Decency. Tickets had  
been sold for a showing of the  
film tomorrow evening, under au-  
spices of the French department  
of the school.

Herbert F. Stellwagen, principal,  
said the picture was an edition, ap-  
parently arranged for high school  
showings but the objectors had  
apparently confused it with the film  
of the same name which was shown  
in 1937 at the Shady Oak Theater  
in Clayton, with the English title,  
"Carnival in Flanders."

The picture deals with a leg-  
endary episode of the invasion of  
Flanders by King Philip of Spain  
in the seventeenth century. It was  
awarded Grand Prix du Cinema Fran-  
caise; the gold medal of the Venice  
International Exposition; the New  
York Film Reviewers' prize as the  
best foreign film of 1936; and the  
award by the National Board of  
Review as the best picture, both  
national and international, of 1936.

The Legion of Decency, a Catho-  
lic organization which interests  
itself in the moral content of mo-  
tion pictures, placed the film on its  
"C" list, holding it objectionable,  
whether shown to children or  
adults.

## PLEA TO GOV. STARK TO AID EVICTED SHARECROPPERS

Urban League Appeals for Relief  
for Cotton Field Workers Who  
Will Camp on Road.

John T. Clark, executive sec-  
retary of the Urban League, sent a  
telegram to Gov. Stark today ask-  
ing that relief be provided for  
evicted sharecroppers of the South-  
east Missouri cotton country who  
plan an organized exodus to the  
right-of-way of U. S. Highway 61  
tomorrow.

"We have long since realized that  
our problems in the city are not  
separate from those of Negroes  
in rural districts," Clark said. "A  
great many city problems are  
caused by just such situations as  
this. Many of those evicted will  
come to St. Louis, where unemploy-  
ment already is widespread."

Capt. A. D. Sheppard, in com-  
mand of the district office of the  
State Highway Patrol at Poplar  
Bluff, said he had no plans for extra  
patrols along Highway 61 had been  
made. He said he anticipated no  
traffic problem since the right-of-  
way is wide and provides ample  
room for camping.

Leaders among the sharecroppers  
say that 1700 families have re-  
ceived notices to move. They at-  
tribute the unprecedented number  
of eviction notices to the desire of  
owners to change the status of  
tenants to that of day workers,  
thus obviating the necessity  
of sharing with them Government pay-  
ments for crop reduction.

## EAST SIDE GAMBLING HOUSES CLOSED AS GRAND JURY MEETS

One in Brooklyn Is Last to Be  
Shut; St. Clair Inquisitorial  
Body in Session.

All large East Side gambling  
houses had closed today as the St.  
Clair County grand jury convened.  
The last to cease operation was  
the Harlem Night Club, which  
opened at Brooklyn, St. Clair Coun-  
ty Negro community north of East  
St. Louis, last Dec. 17 when an  
anti-gambling administration took  
office in Madison County. The  
Harlem Club closed yesterday.

Equipment at the Harlem Club  
was moved there hastily from the  
Hyde Park Club at Venice, Mad-  
ison County. It was said repairs  
to the Brooklyn building would be  
made while it is closed.  
East St. Louis games closed last  
month in anticipation of the grand  
jury session and the pending city  
election.

## WOMAN, FIRST WED AT 14, ADMITS BIGAMY

Mrs. Esther Danford Says She  
Thought Husband No. 1  
Had Obtained Divorce.

Mrs. Esther Danford, 21 years  
old, is held at Clayton today while  
county authorities investigate her  
statement that she has been mar-  
ried twice without having been di-  
vorced from her first husband.

She was arrested Saturday by St.  
Louis police, who said she admitted  
stealing a wedding ring last month  
from the home of Joseph A. Mc-  
Lain. When McLain declined to  
prosecute, after receiving the ring  
back, she was turned over to coun-  
ty authorities. She lives in Berke-  
ley, St. Louis County.

In a signed statement made to  
Deputy Sheriff William Delaney,  
Mrs. Danford said she had been  
married when she was 14 years old  
to Louis Hafner of Troy, Mo. They  
separated two years ago, she said,  
and last Oct. 17 she married John  
Danford of St. Louis at George R.  
Hart's marriage mill in St. Louis  
County.

She thought Hafner had ob-  
tained a divorce, she said, but after  
her marriage to Danford she met  
Hafner who informed her that the  
divorce had "fallen through." She  
said Hafner told her he "would not  
make any trouble" as long as she  
would not attempt to obtain cus-  
tody of their two children. She and  
Danford, a WPA laborer, are now  
also separated.

She thought Hafner was found by  
police in a pawnshop on Easton  
avenue where it had been pawned by  
Danford. Arrested at his home at  
4535 Evans avenue, Danford said  
he had been given by him by his  
wife, who, he said, told him she  
found it. After her arrest she ad-  
mitted that she had stolen it from  
the McLain home when she visited  
there one night with the McLain's  
maid, police said.

State Highway Patrolmen who  
talked to Hafner today said he  
told them he had not been divorced.

## THOMAS F. QUINN, SCHOOL BOARD MEMBER, IN HOSPITAL

Wife of Labor Leader Reports He  
Suffered Nervous Breakdown

Thomas F. Quinn, a member of  
the Board of Education, is in Alex-  
ander Brothers' Hospital following a  
nervous breakdown a week ago,  
his wife told the Post-Dispatch to-  
day.

Quinn, who lives at 6127 Sherry  
avenue, is secretary of the Steam  
and Gas Fitters' & Helpers' Union  
No. 562 and is a former president  
of the Building Trades Council.  
Last February he joined John P.  
Nick, big boss of the theatrical  
unions, in forming a new A. F. of  
L. political group here, the Union  
Labor party. As the labor mem-  
ber of the Board of Education he  
has been active in the recent ef-  
fort to organize public school in-  
structors and matrons under Local 50B  
of the Building Service Employees  
Union.

## E. ST. LOUIS FIREMEN BALK AT DONATING TO CAMPAIGNS

All Members of Department Vote  
to Stay Out of Booster  
Club.

An invitation to join the Boosters'  
Club of East St. Louis, organized  
to obtain "voluntary" 5 per cent  
contributions of salaries from city  
employees for the support of the  
present administration in the Feb.  
14 primary and the general city elec-  
tion in April, was rejected yester-  
day by the unanimous vote of the  
70 members of the Fire Depart-  
ment there.

A spokesman for the Fire De-  
partment told a Post-Dispatch re-  
porter the firemen had refused to  
join the club because of the request  
for contributions. John Tierney,  
president of the organization and  
City Clerk of East St. Louis, said  
the assessment was purely volun-  
tary.

## Held for Bigamy

Mrs. Esther Danford Says She  
Thought Husband No. 1  
Had Obtained Divorce.



By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.  
MRS. ESTHER DANFORD

## WOMAN, 70, GAVE MAN \$400,000 TO WED HER

Loses Suit to Recover; Young  
Husband, Now Executive,  
Ousted Her From Firm.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 9.—The  
suit of a 70-year-old Bridgeton wom-  
an to reclaim a \$400,000 "gift" to  
her estranged 43-year-old husband  
was denied today by Vice Chan-  
cellor William Frank Sooy.

Denying the action of Mrs. Mar-  
tha Jane McClatchey, Stewart  
against Norman Stewart, described  
as a \$400,000 insurance clerk who  
became a \$25,000-a-year execu-  
tive after marrying the heiress to  
a tomato catsup fortune, the Vice  
Chancellor said:

"... it would appear that the  
complainant wanted a young hus-  
band and was willing to pay for the  
anticipated pleasure of having him.  
This she had a right to do, and in  
doing so she bought for better or  
worse insofar as she was not de-  
ceived in so doing by him."

Of Stewart, the court said "it  
would appear" he married the wom-  
an with whom he lived for only a  
year "for the sole purpose of get-  
ting a sizeable portion of her in-  
come as quickly as possible."

Stewart after a gift of stock in  
the tomato catsup manufacturing  
company from his wife, purchased  
additional stock to gain control,  
the court said, and Mrs. Stewart  
was dropped as a \$500,000-a-year  
vice-president.

"The couple were in love and the  
gift was on that basis," the court  
said, "for the sole purpose of get-  
ting a sizeable portion of her in-  
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the court said, and Mrs. Stewart  
was dropped as a \$500,000-a-year  
vice-president.

## JUDGE EXCUSES SELF FROM BRICKY CASES

Eversole Disqualifies Himself  
on Ground of Friendship  
With Defendant.

## Graves Silent On Kansas City Clean-up

Continued From Page One.

produce evidence obtained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and bring about the indictment.

Nor did he comment on public complaints that he refused to act on widespread vote frauds, described by United States District Judge Albert L. Reeves as "a perfect catalogue of state crimes," and has taken no action against protected gambling and vice. He failed to make a vigorous investigation of industrial racketeering, vandalism, bombings, assaults and window smashing. His customary reply to criticism is that he is not an investigator, "has no adequate funds to conduct investigations and has received no complaints."

Frequently, court records show, felonies are reduced to misdemeanors, and certain cases lost in a maze of continuances. As a member, with the Circuit Court, the Jackson County Parole Board, he usually favors paroles. "The parole route has terminated many a case."

### His North Side Alliance.

It has been charged repeatedly that he favors certain members of the Italian North Side wing of the Democratic machine, and permits hoodlums, car strippers and thieves in this area to go free or escape with light penalties.

Although Graves holds a key political post, and always has been a Pendergast stalwart, the writer has learned on reliable authority that the organization did not contemplate running him for re-election last November, but did so at the behest of a delegation of North Side politicians.

Graves, unmarried, appears frequently in public with Mrs. Marie LaSia, widow of Johnny LaSia, underworld politician, who was known as Kansas City's unofficial "chief of police," and who was machine-gunned to death while awaiting appeal from conviction on an income tax evasion charge in the United States District Court.

Mrs. LaSia participated several months ago in an embarrassing episode in an exclusive club when she joined Graves in berating a lawyer with whom he was at odds. Graves makes no secret of his personal association with his North Side allies. Aftable, gregarious and a generous host, Graves possesses none of the stern temperamental commonly associated with a prosecutor.

City as Wide Open as Ever. While Graves awaits developments in Gov. Stark's move to "clean up" Jackson County, and while Attorney-General McKittick marks time, this city remains substantially as "wide open" as it has been for years.

Big gambling is rarely curbed; numerous dives sell illegal liquor, untaxed and "cut," women boldly solicit down town and occupy a squalid residential area a few blocks from the Jackson County Courthouse.

"Clip" joints, where customers are robbed and sometimes assaulted, abound. When a patron caught two men picking his pockets in one of these places recently, and protested, the bartender said: "It's none of my business." Whereupon the two thieves slugged and robbed him, then carried him out of the place.

Winners leaving certain gambling houses are lucky if they get home with their winnings. Ruling taxicabs, not connected with legitimate concerns, and driven by members of a gang, have robbed and beaten numerous victims.

A rural visitor at one of the numerous so-called "night clubs" complained to police recently that he had been bilked of \$400. When he got no action, he threatened to tell his story to the newspapers, but the police urged him not to do so, accompanied him to the resort where he had been robbed and effected a compromise by inducing the proprietor to return \$100.

Honesty Is Futile Policy. Even officers anxious to enforce the law find it difficult to do. One veteran policeman told the writer of numerous cases where he had caught thieves and other criminals red-handed, only to see them get continuance after continuance in court and have the cases finally dismissed "for want of prosecution."

"If a man has no friends we can get a conviction sometimes," the policeman said, "but if we pick up the wrong man, it's hard to convict him, no matter what we can prove."

"We'd like to be good policemen, but what's the use?" Unlike St. Louis, which has a Board of Police Commissioners appointed by the Governor, the Police Department here is under the rule, which means that it is controlled, directly or indirectly, by the dominating political faction.

Gambling in this city, the second largest in Missouri, is restricted, and the south has gone out that no dice, card games or handbooks may operate south of Thirty-first street. But downtown and on the North Side the games are open.

Bookies, of course, operate more free from molestation, even, than in St. Louis. The writer, who has inspected numerous establishments as readily visited by any casual visitor, was told by taxicab drivers of many establishments for those who "are known."

Bingo De Luxe for Housewives. Even in the residential areas, a deluxe version of bingo is operated to work on the pocketbooks of housewives by day and office workers and other wage earners at night. The writer found one of the three largest of these games but a few blocks from Westport. High School. Signs read "no minors permitted," but it was replete with the youthful appearance of some in the crowded hall that birth certificates need not be shown.

The same establishment, visited by the writer four years ago, had a large bar that has since been removed. In humbler places downtown, crude partitions separate bars from gambling games, apparently

as a subterfuge to comply with the State liquor law, which prohibits liquor sales where gambling is conducted. Many of the partitions have gone up since E. J. McMahon, appointed State Supervisor of Liquor Control by Gov. Stark to replace an ousted Pendergast appointee, was ordered by Stark to move on such resorts. The Sunday closing law is being generally observed for the first time.

Lewd performances, euphemistically styled "floor shows," are conducted at many night spots, and even operate by day in some places. At one, the business man may pay 35 cents for a spaghetti dinner and watch six or seven nude women sing and dance. A clumsily printed sign a few doors away gives the number of an agent for "stag" shows.

Four Years Bring Little Change. In general, subject to transitory "soft-palling" at election time and when "the heat" is on from the Governor's office, illicit conditions appear to be what they were when detailed in the Post-Dispatch on Dec. 9, 1934, after a Federal grand jury had asserted, in effect, that Kansas City was dominated by an alliance between crime and politics.

Although Pendergast, whose nod is tantamount to election to almost any city office, refrained from commenting today on the current accusations of Gov. Stark, he discussed general conditions at that time.

"If by calling the city wide-open," Pendergast told the correspondent four years ago, "you mean gambling or little poker games where the poor man obtains his recreation just as the big men in their clubs, it is wide open, and I would not put a stop to it. But if you mean by wide-open that such establishments have police protection, it is not a wide-open town. People in Kansas City don't think we are as bad as you people do. Anyway, they keep right on electing us with their eyes open."

Slot machines, once common in restaurants, saloons and drug stores, have disappeared except in isolated spots. Punch boards with money prizes have replaced them. The machines didn't vanish, however, until the fall of 1937, when Gov. Stark and Attorney-General McKittick listed several hundred places where they were installed, provided Prosecutor Graves with blank warrants and served an ultimatum that slot machines must go.

It is reported reliably that when Graves conferred with Pendergast about this, he was told that no machines would be tolerated near churches or schools. So the machines were "pulled" without arrests being made, and the Governor's crusade became a closed issue, the big gambling games not being affected.

Son of Supreme Court Judge. Graves, re-elected Nov. 8 by a 95-000 majority, has an interesting background. His father served as Judge of the Missouri Supreme Court for 33 years. His brother, Ludwick Graves, president of the Kansas City School Board, served as a defense attorney in one of the vote fraud trials in United States District Court.

Known as "Tom" Graves, his full name is Walter Washington Graves Jr. Now 41 years old, he played football when a student at William Jewell College, at Liberty, and later was graduated from the Kansas City School of Law. At the outbreak of the World War, he enlisted in the Marine Corps, became a Second Lieutenant, and was detailed to instruction duty in this country. A husky man, he has the reputation for physical courage and fanatical loyalty to his friends. An ardent duck hunter, he is fond, too, of trap shooting, and other outdoor pastimes.

He served on the Board of Election Commissioners here under Gov. Sam Baker, was reappointed by Gov. Guy P. Park and became chairman of the board, which subsequently was discredited because of the exposure of 1938 election frauds. Graves, however, resigned prior to that time when on March 23, 1938, Gov. Park appointed him Prosecuting Attorney upon the death of T. A. J. Mastin, a vigorous prosecutor. He was succeeded as chairman of the Election Board by Fred Bellemere, now City Councilor.

When Graves took the office once occupied by such stalwart prosecutors as former Senator James A. Reed and the late James P. Page, both allies of the Pendergast organization, he announced he would not be a persecutor.

"I shall attempt to seek justice and what public trust means and I shall keep it." He was elected for his first term in November, 1934, when the Youth Movement made its brief appearance and was defeated in election which established a record for brutality and intimidation and which resulted in four killings as factional disputes broke out.

Joseph P. Fennelly, president of the Youth Movement, asked the newly elected prosecutor what he was going to do about the election day crimes. Graves replied, in effect, that he understood Fennelly had 200 affidavits for submission to the Governor or a new prosecutor, but that if he would submit his data to an assistant it would be given consideration.

"However," Graves wrote him, "if you are coming here for the purpose of obtaining newspaper publicity for you and your organization, and from your past acts I have reason to believe that you are, you will not receive much consideration or sympathy from this office."

Nothing was done about the open election frauds on that occasion and it is conceded generally that no real investigation was made of the killings. The attack on Graves by the Youth Movement turned out to be but the first of numerous at-

tacks on the conduct of his office.

### The Runaway Grand Juror.

Only last May, when vandalism and industrial racketeering was rampant, a grand juror, impaneled when the term had only a week to run, refused to concur in what he deemed to be a "pussyfooting report" and issued an explanatory statement. This juror, Harry Darling, president of an envelope firm, stated:

"While the grand jury was in session, numerous instances of lawlessness and crime occurred. These matters were brought to the attention of the jury and of the Prosecutor by myself and others on the jury. It is also a matter of common knowledge that scores of crimes have been committed in Jackson County without being followed by prosecution or punishment. Several of us felt that there were matters that should receive careful consideration. The matter of numerous continuances for certain well-known law violators and racketeers and the changing of charges from felonies to misdemeanors were raised."

"The attitude of the Prosecutor was that the grand jury should make no investigation of any of those matters and should do virtually nothing. He insisted, as I construed it, that we merely go through the motions of a grand jury. After listening to the Prosecutor the members of the jury felt that the hands of the jurors virtually were tied by reason of the limited time in which they had to work and by the attitude of the Prosecutor's office."

Darling suggested that the legal fraternity select a special prosecutor to investigate and prosecute "vice, racketeering and criminal conditions in Kansas City," and that the Missouri Bar Association make "a careful investigation of the handling of the Prosecutor's office by the incumbent."

### Idea He Was for Show.

Asked by the writer to amplify his formal statement, Darling related that he is a Republican, and told of being intimidated by gunmen at the 1934 election, but said his statement on the grand jury session was actuated by neither personal nor political bias.

"I got the impression I was put on the jury as window-dressing," Darling said. "At any rate, most of the jurors were apathetic. We only stayed in session 21 hours and spent five hours of that period in specifying county buildings. About all the jurors talked about was what they might expect to eat while visiting the institutions. We were only given a chance to return four or five routine indictments."

"Graves appeared before us twice, briefly. He told us it wouldn't be necessary to consider anything but routine matters, inspect the county buildings, sign a report and adjourn."

"Graves observed that the grand jury system was antiquated. He said it was a waste of time and money."

### MAN DIES AT WHEEL OF AUTO CARRYING THREE ST. LOUISANS

Missouri Justice of Peace Was Taking Arrested Group to Farmington.

W. E. Cedarburg, a Justice of the Peace in St. Francois County, died yesterday of a heart attack as he was driving a group of St. Louisans, one of whom had been arrested for driving when intoxicated, from Bonne Terre to Farmington, the county seat.

The St. Louisans gave their names as Dr. Alfred L. Kavanagh of the Coronado Hotel; Xeno Owen, 4946 Odell avenue; Rolla Dean, 3802A Olive street; Marie Lacy Corrigan, 2677 Olive street; and Jane Buray, 3208 Olive street. They had been arrested in front of Cedarburg's home on United States Highway 61 by a State Highway Patrolman, A. G. White.

White, who said all in the group were intoxicated, took Dr. Kavanagh and Owen in his car and asked Cedarburg to drive the others in their car. Not far from Farmington, Cedarburg suffered a heart attack, and the automobile ran into a telephone pole. No one was injured.

A warrant charging Kavanagh with driving while intoxicated was issued by a Farmington Justice of the Peace.

Nebraska U. Appoints Illinoisan. LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 9.—Arthur E. Westbrook, dean of music at Illinois Wesleyan, Bloomington, Ill., has been appointed director of the new School of Fine Arts at the University of Nebraska. Westbrook will take over his new duties July 1.

### FREE CALL DELIVERY

GARMENTS CLEANED AND PREPRESSED

French CLEANERS INC. 100% UNION

72x99 Inch—Irrregulars \$2.19 Truth Sheets, 74c

63x99 Inch—Irrregulars \$1.09 Truth Sheets, 69c

42x36 Inch—Irrregulars 29c Pillowcases — 19c



## 2000 OF THESE NEW NOVELTY NET PANELS

49¢ EACH  
REG. 69¢ EACH  
2 1/2 YARDS LONG  
READY TO HANG

Come early, for these novelty Net Panels will go in a hurry at these Mill Sale savings. Made of open mesh curtain nets in a varied assortment of colors. Neatly tailored with hemmed side and bottom. Headed at the top, making them ready to hang.

## IRREGULARS 93c OIL OPAQUE WINDOW SHADES

Heavy cloth Shades, mounted on good spring rollers; complete with hangings; 36x72-in.; wanted colors 39c

19c to 29c Curtain Materials

Open mesh penthouse NETS... multi-colored MARQUISSETTES. Grand for making curtains for all over the house. Full pieces and in remnant lengths. 10c

25c to 35c Grade CURTAININGS

Sheer marquisettes in cream color; two-ply Spanish nets in ecru color; 40-inch Printed Hand-Twist Voiles. So desirable for making the popular tailored curtains. Full bolts and in remnant lengths. 19c

## 1200 Turkish Bath Towels



IRREGS. \$1.29  
81x99 TRUTH

## SHEETS LABELED MIDWOOD

Only 6001 Full bleached—seamless—very durable quality. Free from dressing or artificial filling. Hemmed, ready for use. Limit six to a customer. Other sizes priced proportionately low. 79c

63x99 Inch—Irrregulars \$1.09 Truth Sheets, 69c

42x36 Inch—Irrregulars 29c Pillowcases — 19c

72x99 Inch—Irrregulars \$2.19 Truth Sheets, 74c

63x99 Inch—Irrregulars \$1.09 Truth Sheets, 69c

42x36 Inch—Irrregulars 29c Pillowcases — 19c

72x99 Inch—Irrregulars \$2.19 Truth Sheets, 74c

63x99 Inch—Irrregulars \$1.09 Truth Sheets, 69c

42x36 Inch—Irrregulars 29c Pillowcases — 19c

SEE OUR OTHER ANNOUNCEMENT ON THE OPPOSITE PAGE

New Bargains for Tuesday Shoppers in Our 76th

## Mill Remnant Sale

Stix, Baer & Fuller Downstairs Store

6 AND 9 FT. WIDE FELT-BASE FLOORCOVERING

49c, 59c & 69c Grades

Various Size Remnants 29¢

Heavy grade Felt-Base in tile, block and carpet patterns. Many colors to choose from. Be sure and bring your measurements, as none can be reserved.

12-Foot-Wide Cork Linoleum

Remnants 69¢

Just 500 square yards of this 12-ft. width Cork Linoleum—so come early.

\$1.39 & \$1.89

INLAID REMNANTS

6 Ft. Wide 79¢

Room-size pieces in this long-wearing floorcovering. Some patterns have adhesive back; many are embossed. Wide variety of patterns and colors from which to choose.

Remnants \$1.89-\$2.98

INLAID LINOLEUM

6 Ft. Wide \$1.19

Burlap back; tile and block patterns as well as the new marbled designs; blue, ivory, green, red and black. Room size remnants up to 20 square yards.

NEW 39c GRADE COTTON FABRICS

Printed Shantung broadcloth; solid color spun rayon linen-weave; printed blister seersuckers, printed rayon and cotton challis and others; 36-inch; wanted lengths. 19c

19c FAST COLOR PRINT PERCALES

Guaranteed fast color prints in an excellent assortment of colorful, new patterns. 36 inches wide; in wanted lengths. 10c

49c WOVEN DOTTED SWISS

Tied dots; crisp quality in wanted color combinations and plain white. Cut from the bolt, 36 in. wide. 19c

19c-25c COLORFAST COTTON FABRICS

Printed shirtings; printed sheer batiste, printed percales; solid color satens; fine white broadcloth and many others; 36-inch; desirable lengths. 12 1/2c

19c Part Linen Crash Toweling

Extra heavy, bleached, absorbent. Deep colored borders in red, blue, green and yellow; come in 8-yard lengths. 12 1/2c

2ND 59c WHITE SHEET BLANKETS; soft, fleecy cottons; stitched ends; 70x90 inches, each — 59c

70x80 PLAID COTTON BLANKETS

Soft, fleecy cotton Plaid Blankets, finished with stitched ends; washable, Seconds; just 300. Come early! 48c

600 PRINTED LUNCHEON CLOTHS

50x50 Inches 44c

Washable, fast colored Cloth—choice of many different floral printed patterns in multicolor combinations. Hemmed, ready for use.

54x54-inch FILET LACE CLOTHS

Hurry, for there are just 200—wanted cream color—have artistic center pattern with deep center. Mill seconds. 79c

69c Rayon Mixed TABLECLOTHS

32x57-inch; choice of two styles; all white with multicolored woven borders or all over woven colored checks with colored border. 49c

(10 Bleached Muslin 36-inch, yard — 10c  
Tuffed Chenille Bath Mats; better samples, 50c to 90c  
Tuffed Chenille Lid Covers; samples — 39c and 49c  
1/2c to 1 1/2c Napkins, part linen, rayon and cotton, 5c  
36 to 40c Tablecloths; imported; closeouts — 25c  
Bath Towels (11x24); run of mill, limit 1 doz., ea, 10c  
12/2c Part-Linen Kitchen Towels; run of mill — 8c  
5c Knitted Dish Cloths) large size — 3 for 10c

## Special! Reg. \$1.98

NURSES' OXFORDS

\$1.69



First Quality Black Kid

Sizes 4 to 9—AA to E

A SELL-OUT EVERY TIME!

PREFERRED BY NURSES, BEAUTICIANS, SALESPERSONS, WAITRESSES, SEAMSTRESSES—HOUSEWIVES LIKE THEM FOR HOME WEAR

An opportunity for substantial savings to the thousands of comfort loving St. Louis women who wear these shoes—famed for their easy wear. Take full advantage of the savings, by buying several pairs.

NOTE THEIR FEATURES:

Scientifically Proportioned Heel • Flexible Soles • Built-Up Arch • Soft Rubber Heels

Mail and Phone Orders Filled

Please Call Central 9449.

J. P. Conrad, Grocer, 301 S. Famous-Bar Co. 6th and A. Moll Grocer Co., 5659

Berger-Vanderhoof-Barney, 9th Stix, Baer & Fuller, 6th and or from your drug

INSURGENTS GAIN IN EASTERN SPAIN BUT LOSE IN WE

In Catalonia, Franco's Advance Three More Miles

—Take Important Town of Mollerusa.

LOYALISTS MOVE TOWARD PORTUGAL

Smash Enemy Lines

Seize Granja de Tormosa in Attempt

Divide Rebels' Territory

By the Associated Press.

HENDAYE, France, Jan. 8.—Spanish insurgent armies are advancing down the main highway from Catalonia to the town of Mollerusa reported today the capture of the important town of Mollerusa.

This meant an advance of three miles, giving insurgent control of a stretch of highway miles east of Lerida to Mollerusa, 75 miles west of Barcelona.

A similar length of the Barcelona Railroad line, parallel the road, also was reported captured.

An almost continuous line of Government troops, tanks and artillery was reported to be along the French frontier of Catalonia for a counter offensive the northernmost flank of the insurgent front.

Earlier Battle Reports

Earlier communiques from Spanish armies reported victory of the insurgents in the east as Government forces in the west.

Troops under Gen. Jose said the Government smashed through General Franco's lines of southwestern front, moving the Portuguese border and Gajala de Torremocha.

The insurgents reported forces, driving eastward from Barcelona, captured a series of small villages in the Artesa, bringing two columns for drive on the Catalan capital.

Each side reported the claims of the other. The Barcelona communiques, however, acknowledged heavy fighting was in progress east of Balaguer.

The insurgents hailed as a field operation the junction of the border side closing front lines at Bellvis, between rida and Balaguer, meant a insurgent offensive was pointed toward Barcelona and Tarragona.

Each side reported it had heavy losses on the other fighting yesterday.

Insurgents said their air forces laid down a barrage. Barcelona asserted its garrisons, striving to stem southwestern advance, overcame the attack and drove out Government offensive.

The insurgent Generalissimo reported to be sending reinforcements in an attempt to stem the advance.

Advertisements

STOP WORRYING about Constipation

New Battle Creek Food Offers Quick, Easy Relief

First of all, let's talk about the colon of yours, and why it's so important to keep it moving properly. The real reason why it's so important is that it's NOT a "lazy" colon. It's a very active organ, and it's the only one of its kind in the human body. It's the only one that's not supposed to be there, and it's the only one that's not supposed to be there.

The first thing your colon needs is a good, healthy diet. It needs a lot of fiber, and it needs a lot of water. It needs a lot of exercise, and it needs a lot of rest. It needs a lot of love, and it needs a lot of care.

LD-LAX offers your system the best of everything. It's a smooth, creamy, delicious, and it's the only one that's not supposed to be there, and it's the only one that's not supposed to be there.

LD-LAX is pleasant tasting, and it's the only one that's not supposed to be there, and it's the only one that's not supposed to be there.

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# Sale

Store

ND 9 FT. WIDE

ELT-BASE

ORCOVERING

59c & 69c Grades

ious 29c

ize

nants

2-Foot-Wide

rk Linoleum

nants 69c

500 square yards of this

width Cork Linoleum—

come early.

3.39 & \$1.89

INLAID

REMNANTS

6 Ft. 79c

Wide

size pieces in this long-

ing floorcovering. Some

turns have adhesive backs;

others are embossed. Wide

varieties of patterns and colors

from which to choose.

Remnants \$1.89-\$2.98

INLAID

LINOLEUM

6 Ft. \$1.19

Wide

ap back; tile and black

turns as well as the new

leized designs; blue, ivory,

red and black. Room

remnants up to 20 square

feet.

Reg. \$1.98

ES'

ARDS

ty Black Kid

9—AA to E

ERY TIME!

BEAUTICIANS,

SEAMSTRESSES,

FOR HOME WEAR

savings to the thou-

s women who wear

may wear. Take full

advantage of several pairs.

TURES!

Flexible Soles

Soft Rubber Heels

Orders Filled

Central 9499

HONE ORDERS

## INSURGENTS GAIN IN EASTERN SPAIN BUT LOSE IN WEST

In Catalonia, Franco's Men Advance Three More Miles—Take Important Town of Mollerusa.

LOYALISTS MOVE TOWARD PORTUGAL

Smash Enemy Lines and Seize Granja de Torrehermosa in Attempt to Divide Rebels' Territory.

By the Associated Press.

HENDAYE, France, Jan. 9.—Spanish insurgent armies advancing down the main highway of Catalonia from Lerida toward Barcelona reported today the capture of the important town of Mollerusa.

This meant an advance of about three miles, giving insurgents control of a stretch of highway 15 miles east of Lerida toward Barcelona, 75 miles west of Barcelona.

A similar length of the Lerida-Barcelona Railroad line, parallel to the road, also was reported captured.

An almost continuous line of Government troops, tanks and artillery was reported to be moving along the French frontier of Catalonia for a counter offensive on the northernmost flank of the insurgent front.

Earlier Battle Reports.

Earlier communiques from the Spanish armies reported victory for the insurgents in the east and for Government forces in the south-west.

Troops under Gen. Jose Miaja, said the Government dispatch, smashed through Generalissimo Francisco Franco's lines on the southwestern front, moving toward the Portuguese border and taking Granja de Torrehermosa.

The insurgents reported their forces, driving eastward toward Barcelona, captured a series of small villages in the Artesa region, bringing two columns for a new drive on the Catalan capital.

Each communique minimized claims of the other. The Barcelona communique, however, acknowledged heavy fighting was in progress east of Balaguer.

The insurgents hailed as a major field operation the junction of the two columns. Military observers at the border said closing of the front lines at Bellvis, between Lerida and Balaguer, meant the insurgent offensive was pointing toward Barcelona and Tarragona on the coast.

Situation in Southwest.

Meanwhile on the southwestern front Government forces were pushing forward in the Penarroya mining zone with the intention of splitting insurgent Spain in the same way the insurgents divided Government territory by driving through to the Mediterranean.

Each side reported it had inflicted heavy losses on the other during fighting yesterday.

Insurgents said their land and air forces laid down a deadly barrage. Barcelona asserted insurgent garrisons, striving to stem the southwestern advance, were wiped out in the path of the overpowering Government offensive.

The insurgent Generalissimo was reported to be sending reinforcements in an attempt to halt the

ADVERTISING

STOP WORRYING about Constipation

New Battle Creek Product Offers Quick, Easy Relief

First of all, let's talk about that "lax" colon of yours, and why it stopped functioning properly. The real reason is probably that it is NOT a "lax" colon, but an improperly treated one that has been forced out of its natural rhythm by improper diet and lack of exercise.

The first thing your colon needs now is help—not further effort to make it do alone what it can't possibly do alone. It needs rest. And finally, it needs cleansing of accumulated waste products.

LD-LAX offers your system these three necessities. It forms a smooth bulkage that leaves the colon soothed and relaxed and takes away waste matter in its course. It helps to reduce the harmful products that are formed from waste material by encouraging growth of protective organisms to combat the bacteria that form these harmful products. And, through its natural, comfortable action, it rests your colon.

LD-LAX is pleasant tasting and easy to take. After you use it, you will feel and look over so much better. Then with proper food and exercise you should have but little, if any, difficulty of recurring constipation.

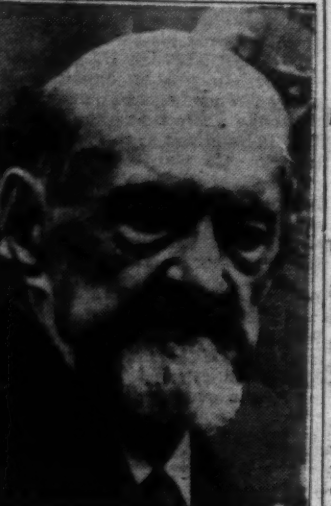
Remember—it has taken you days or weeks to become constipated, so don't expect complete relief with the first dose of LD-LAX. You CAN, however, expect help in a very few days of regular LD-LAX treatment.

The Battle Creek Food Co., at Battle Creek, Michigan, makes a complete line of diet corrective foods to aid you in regaining or keeping good health. Ask your dealer, or write direct to them, Dept. A, for a copy of "How to Eat"—their FREE booklet that helps you to help yourself.

LD-LAX, in the large size bottle (\$1.25) is NOW available from any of the reliable dealers listed below. Start this easy, natural treatment TODAY.

J. F. Conrad, Grocer, 301 S. 7th St. Pennock-Berry Co., 6th and Olive A. Moll Grocer Co., 3609 Delmar. Stryker-Vanderpool-Barnes, 9th & Olive. Sals, Beer & Fuller, 6th and Washington or from your druggist.

## Union Veteran Dead



By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer. LOUIS C. SUNKEL.

## LOUIS C. SUNKEL, CIVIL WAR VETERAN, DIES

Former Belleville Miller Who Twice Headed G. A. R. Post Succumbs at 97.

Funeral services for Louis C. Sunkel, a veteran of the Civil War, who died of infirmities of age yesterday at his home, 7393 Flora avenue, Maplewood, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Smith mortuary, 7456 Manchester avenue, with burial in St. Peter and Paul Cemetery. He was 97 years old.

His death reduced to four the number of surviving members of the Harry P. Harding Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of which he was twice commander. There are three survivors left in the other Union veterans' post here, the Frank P. Blair Post. Both organizations had more than 1000 members at the height of their activity in 1888.

The Archie Miller Camp of Spanish-American War Veterans, of which Mr. Sunkel was an honorary member, will take part in the funeral services. Taps and a rifle volley are to be sounded at the grave.

Mr. Sunkel had been in failing health for a year and in the last several months was unable to leave his home. He made his home with a daughter, Mrs. Ida Lookles.

A native of Herzfeld, Germany, he went to Belleville with his two brothers when he was 18 years old. When the Civil War began he enlisted in the Union army, serving in Missouri.

After the war, Mr. Sunkel went into the milling business in Belleville. In about 1888 he bought a mill at Tipton, Mo., and lived there until his retirement 30 years ago, when he came to St. Louis.

Surviving, besides Mrs. Lookles, are another daughter, Mrs. Ella Schmid, and three sons, Theodore Sunkel of Danville, Ill., and Louis Sunkel Jr. and Fred Sunkel.

Government southwestern drive.

The Barcelona reports said the Government's Badajoz army had conquered about 250 square miles of rough country.

Strong Rebel Attack in Move to Straighten Catalan Line.

By the Associated Press.

ZARAGOZA, Spain, Jan. 9.—Spanish insurgents moved heavy artillery, tanks, planes, infantry and machine guns against Government forces today in a line-straightening drive between Balaguer and Lerida on the highway to Barcelona.

The insurgents said they captured the town of Fuliola, 10 miles east and south of Balaguer, with bayonet charges backed by machine guns.

Southward, the insurgents said they passed Vimodri on the way to Montblanch on the Tarragona main road. The insurgents said they hoped to reach Tarragona soon. They listed capture of 21 villages and 1100 prisoners.

32 Killed, 47 Hurt in Rebel Air Raid on Valencia.

By the Associated Press.

MADRID, Jan. 9.—Thirty-two persons were killed and 47 injured in a raid by five insurgent bombers on Valencia yesterday.

Twenty-five bodies were found soon after the noon attack on the Government-held seaport and seven other bodies were found later in the ruins of 21 houses. The planes dropped about 50 75-pound bombs.

NEW YORK CITY AND ELEVATED BONDHOLDERS SWAP CHECKS

\$9,010,656 in Taxes Cancels All but About \$46,000 of Final Payment on Purchase of Line.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Two checks for more than \$9,000,000 each were exchanged today.

City Comptroller Joseph D. McGoldrick gave Manhattan Railway Co. bondholders \$9,050,301, the final payment of the \$12,500,000 purchase price for the Sixth Avenue Elevated line. Immediately, the bondholders turned over \$9,010,656 for taxes.

Increase in Civilian Pilots.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The number of civilian airplane pilots holding Federal certificates increased by more than 8000 in 1938, the Civil Aeronautics Authority reported today. The Authority said 22,983 pilots held active certificates on Jan. 1, compared with 17,681 a year earlier. The number of planes recorded with the Authority increased from 10,836 to 11,199. The 22,983 pilots included 675 women.

## FOREIGN POLICY GROUP WARNS OF NAZI BID

Munich Pact, It Says, Has Increased Chance of Clash With U. S. in Latin-America.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Foreign Policy Association said today the Munich agreement had greatly increased the possibility of clash between Germany and the United States in Latin America.

"The most striking fact emerging from the Munich aftermath is that Nazi Germany, which had previously concentrated its attack on France, Russia and Czechoslovakia—regarded as obstacles to its eastward drive—has now shifted it

to Britain and the United States which block its expansion outside Europe," the association said in a report on the diplomatic background of Europe.

The report was prepared for the association, a private research organization, by Mrs. Vera Michele Dean.

"Not necessarily by military force," Mrs. Dean said, "but by that combination of propaganda, threats and economic penetration which enabled it to obtain Austria and Sudetenland without firing a shot, Nazi Germany in its bid for world power threatens to clash with the United States in Latin America and the British Empire in Africa."

"If that happens, the Munich accord, far from having inaugurated an era of appeasement, will merely have set the stage for a major conflict between two imperialist systems which, under the slogan of democracy versus Fascism (replacing the 1914 slogan of Democracy versus autocracy), would repeat the pattern of the World War."

In such a struggle, the report added, "The United States, in spite of its desire for neutrality and isolation, apparently intends to play a decisive part by consolidating the countries of the Western Hemisphere against Nazi penetration."

## 68 INDICTED ON \$5,000,000 ALCOHOL TAX PLOT CHARGE

Treasury Agents Charge Ring Operated 28 Shills in Upstate New York Counties.

By the Associated Press.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 9.—Indictments charging 68 defendants with complicity in the operations of a Central New York alcohol ring alleged by Government agents to have defrauded the Treasury Department of \$5,000,000 in taxes were returned today by a Federal grand jury.

The indictments, found at Auburn during October, charge the ring with operating 28 stills in several upstate counties. United States Attorney Ralph L. Emmons said, Emmons quoted Treasury agents, who have been investigating the ring's activities for more than a year, as saying that the illicit alcohol was sold in Utica, Watertown, Albany, Newburgh, Plattsburgh, Olean and Oswego, as well

as in Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New York and Canada.

Salvatore Falcone and his brother, Joseph, both of Utica, were named by Emmons as among the "leaders" of the ring.

Hospital Patient Killed in Plunge. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 9.—Mrs.

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**DOG SUPPLY HEADQUARTERS**  
**ST. LOUIS SEED CO.**  
411 N. BROADWAY, Near Locust  
Central 4100

**SPECIAL THIS WEEK**  
Purd Dog Food (Swift & Co.) or  
Virgil's Dog Food, 14 CANS — **\$1.00**  
(Good Through Saturday)

## SALE! timed for graduation! guaranteed wrist watches

specially purchased group of styles for everyone at action-compelling prices!



GIRL'S \$15.98, 17-jewel rectangular yellow gold-plated Wrist Watch complete with **\$9.98** link band —

WOMAN'S \$25.00, 2-diamond, 17-jewel, yellow gold-plated Wrist Watch. Two **\$15.98** smart styles —

MAN'S \$17.98, 17-jewel gold-plated, small square Wrist Watch with strap attachment, **\$11.98** sale price —

WOMAN'S \$25.00, 17-jewel solid gold Watch with square or cushion case, black **\$14.98** cord band —

MAN'S \$15.98, 17-jewel yellow gold-plated Wrist Watch, curve back and strap attachment — **\$10.98**

WOMAN'S \$17.98, 17-jewel square, yellow gold-plated Wrist Watch with black cord band — **\$11.98**

BOY'S \$9.98, 7-jewel yellow gold-plated Wrist Watch with smart black leather strap attachment — **\$7.98**

Buy on the Budget Plan (Watches—Street Floor.)

## STIX BAER & FULLER makers' sample lamps

the GRAND-LEADER since 1892

same sale last year was a noon sell-out!

tables . . . boudoirs Alnico floor lamps

**1/2 off** **1/4 off** AND MORE

Were \$4.98 to \$39.50 Now \$2.49 to \$19.50

Were \$12.98 to \$18.98 Now \$9.69 and \$11.99

The "show-pieces" that three noted makers have used to display their lines this year . . . yours at fractions of their regular prices! The Tables and Boudoirs are truly decorators' pieces . . . in brass, crystal and tile! Silk and novelty shades! And the Floor Lamps from the Alnico galleries are the kind you'd never dream of finding anywhere near \$10. Floor Lamp Shades are all-silk! (Fifth Floor and Thrift Ave.)

don't wish for that really good rug . . . ACT!

**\$49.50 \$59.50 \$69.50**

**wool wiltons**

room-size rugs! **\$35**

Some you've admired on our floor at higher prices . . . most of them we've picked up from jobbers here and there at sacrifice prices! Oriental and Chinese patterns, figured Broadlooms!

pay only \$3.50 down—\$4 monthly—small carrying charge

31 \$49.50 9x12 wiltons — \$35	7 \$69.50 9x12 wiltons — \$35
6 \$49.95 9x12 arillooms, \$35	4 \$54.50 8.3x10.6 wiltons, \$35
7 \$59.50 9x12 wiltons — \$35	2 \$62.50 8.3x10.6 wiltons, \$35

EXTRA! 10—\$57.50 heaviest grade 9x12 axminsters — \$35

just 25 regular \$37.50 axminsters **\$25**

Rich Oriental designs . . . the new leaf, floral, texture and hooked patterns. Hurry for your choice at this low price!

\$2.50 down, \$4 monthly, small carrying charge (Sixth Floor.)

## COSTER CALLED SELF 'MUELLER' IN ARMS DEAL

F. B. I. Reports Attempt to Negotiate Sale of 2,000,000 Rifles Fell Through in July, 1937.

U. S. TOOK THEM  
OFF THE MARKET

Unidentified Customer  
Quoted as Saying Co-operation of High Class Firm Was Requisite.

By the Associated Press.

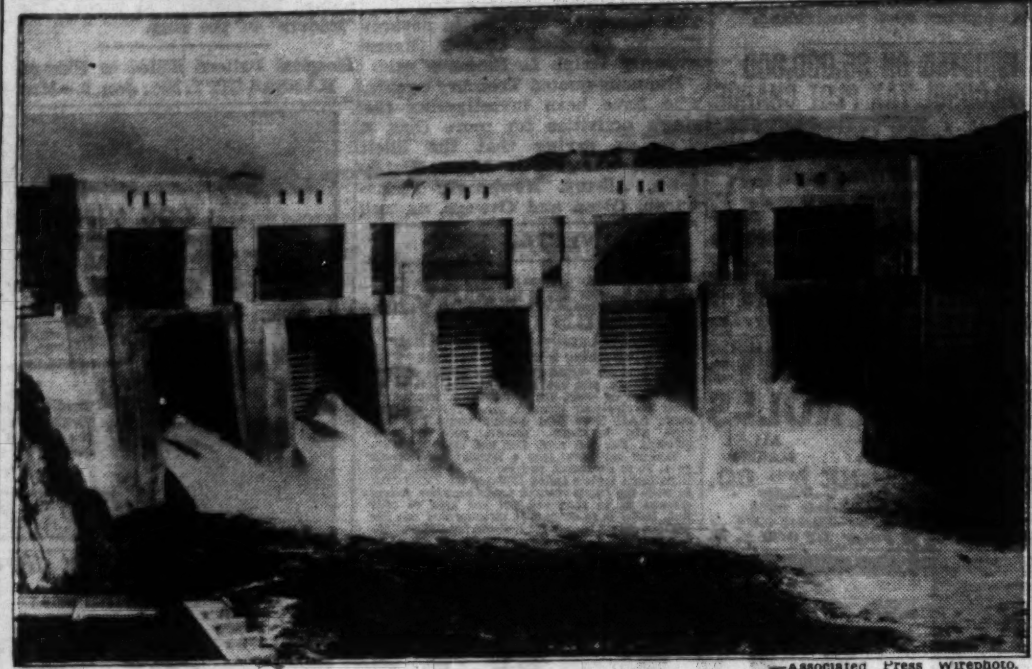
NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—F. Donald Coster, the ex-convict who became president of McKesson & Robbins, Inc., used the alias of "Mueller" in trying to negotiate for the sale of 2,000,000 rifles to a warring nation, it was disclosed today in a preliminary report of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

The report was submitted to Irving R. Kaufman, Assistant United States Attorney in charge of the McKesson & Robbins investigation. The rifles were Lee-Enfields, owned by the United States Government, and the plan was to sell them, together with some two billion cartridges from the Government's surplus stores, to China or another foreign power.

The attempt to negotiate a deal, however, fell through in July, 1937, the report said, when the Government put the rifles and ammunition in reserve. Ben Simon, arrested by Federal authorities last month on a charge of violating the Securities Exchange Act in connection with the McKesson & Robbins situation, was named in the report as having been approached by an unidentified individual who allegedly told him the co-operation of a high class firm was essential to the successful conclusion of any sale.

Simon, the report said, communicated with Coster who met representatives of potential buyers, using the name of "Mueller." Coster committed suicide Dec. 18 at his Fairfield (Conn.) home after preliminary investigations into the shortage of \$18,000,000 in the cor-

## Colorado River Water for Southern California



VIEW of water cascading from the Parker Dam in California marking the first flow of Colorado River water into the 392-mile aqueduct which carries it to Southern California.

poration's crude drug inventories disclosed his identity as Philip Muller, figure in a notorious swindle in 1933 and as a "William Johnson" who had worked as a spy-hunter during the World War.

Auditor Back on Stand. Albert B. Ritts, accountant for Price, Waterhouse & Co., in charge of the McKesson & Robbins auditing at Bridgeport, returned to the witness stand today at the Securities and Exchange Commission hearing into the accounting procedure.

Price, Waterhouse was paid \$1,000,000 over a 10-year period for examining the accounts of the giant drug corporation. Ritts, questioned by Irving J. Gaepfer, counsel for the SEC, said he could not recall whether Coster was present when he and four or five junior accountants went to work in a room near Coster's office early each year.

"I believe it would be fair to say that he was there most of the time," he said, explaining that he could see Coster now and then when the door to his office was opened.

Discovery of a concealed telephone in the office of Coster, was disclosed today by an investigator.

For days investigators had attempted to trace a Bridgeport telephone number that the Coster and his masquerading brothers frequently called. It was listed under the name of F. Horace Girard.

"When we were in Coster's Fairfield office I decided to call the Bridgeport number," one investigator

related. "It was an unlisted number, and none of his known acquaintances in Bridgeport would claim it."

"I called it, and from somewhere in Coster's office there came a jingle. Another agent searched the office thoroughly and finally found the telephone concealed ingeniously in a corner. He picked up the telephone, and we found ourselves talking to each other, although Bridgeport was another exchange seven miles away."

Max Furman, assistant to Attorney-General John J. Bennett, said, "F. Horace Girard remains a mysterious man of the case. Some people have said they met him while he was managing Coster's early drug venture, Girard & Co., in Mount Vernon, N. Y., but their descriptions all vary."

"He signed the McKesson & Robbins audit agreement with Waterhouse & Co. His name pops up everywhere now and then."

Sometimes Coster kept notes on scraps of paper on appointments. On his desk was found the penciled notation: "Must see Caffrey at 10 tonight."

Asked about it, James J. Caffrey, regional head of the Securities and Exchange Commission, said, "Yes, he had agreed to see me the night before he died. He decided, however, to talk with his lawyers at his home."

"If he had seen me, I can guarantee he wouldn't have been in a position to commit suicide the next day."

## U. S. SENATORS SEEK INQUIRY INTO TRADE PACT WITH CUBA

Bi-partisan Group of 10 Wants to Find Out if Law Was Violated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A bi-partisan group of 10 Senators asked today for a Senate investigation of the reciprocal trade agreement between the United States and Cuba.

The resolution was signed by Senators O'Mahoney (Dem.), Wyoming; Adams (Dem.), Colorado; Overton (Dem.), Louisiana; Vandenberg (Rep.), Michigan; Borah (Rep.), Idaho; Thomas (Dem.), Utah; Schwartz (Dem.), Montana; Murray (Dem.), Montana; Clark (Dem.), Idaho, and Ellender (Dem.), Louisiana.

The resolution contends that Cuban officials announced in Havana on Nov. 28 that a new agreement had been concluded with this Government for reduction of American tariff duties, while the State Department in this country announced on Dec. 1 that hearings would be held Jan. 3 on the matter.

Quoting a section of the Trade Agreement Act requiring advance notice and hearing for interested parties in this country, the Senators seek an inquiry by the Finance Committee to determine "whether a new agreement was made preceding the announcement to American producers."

## EXHIBIT OF NEGRO ARTISTS' WORK AT PUBLIC LIBRARY

75 Oil Paintings, Sketches and Water Colors to Remain on Display Until Next Monday.

Seventy-five oil paintings, sketches, and water colors by Negro artists are on exhibition in the art room of the Public Library where they will remain until next Monday.

The exhibition is sponsored by the Urban League. Prize winning pictures will be announced at a dinner commemorating the twentieth anniversary of the league to be held Thursday at 6:30 p. m., at the Bishop Tuttle Memorial, 1210 Locust street.

Results of a literary contest in which about 40 poems, plays and essays have been entered also will be announced at the banquet.

## THEFT OF MORE THAN \$1000 REPORTED BY STORE OWNER

Money Taken From Steel Filing Cabinet, Head of Furniture Firm Says.

The theft of between \$1000 and \$1500 from a steel filing cabinet was reported yesterday by Sam Goldberg, proprietor of a furniture store at 1401 Franklin avenue.

The robber or robbers apparently entered the store through a second-floor window after climbing on a wall at the rear of the building. The filing cabinet was moved from the office to a rear room, where it was forced open with tools from the store's repair shop.

Goldberg said the loss was partially covered by insurance.

## JAPAN REPORTS 4550 GUERRILLAS KILLED

Says 309 Skirmishes Have Been Fought North of Shanghai in Four Months.

By the Associated Press.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 9.—Japanese announced today that troops based at Soochow, north of Shanghai, had engaged in 309 skirmishes with Chinese guerrillas in four months of mopping-up activities.

The report said 4550 Chinese had been killed in the operations and a considerable amount of supplies captured.

Sporadic fighting was reported continuing in the Hangchow Bay area, 100 miles southwest of Shanghai, where Chinese Saturday started an offensive against Hangchow. Chinese reported that their forces had recaptured Wencheng, on the east bank of the Yellow River, in an attack which also forced other Japanese units to withdraw from the river shore in Shanxi Province.

Before the town was taken, they said, Japanese artillery at Chung-shih mistakenly shelled Wencheng, causing heavy casualties among their own troops.

In three days fighting at Lishih, in western Shanxi, Chinese said they had captured 11 Japanese pillboxes, inflicted 1800 casualties and disabled eight cannon.

Japanese planes bombed Ichang and Taoyuan, in northern Yunan Province, and scattered propaganda handbills over Changsha and Nanchang.

Japanese Bomb Shells, South of Canton; 12 Women Killed.

HONGKONG, Jan. 9.—Japanese planes bombed Shekai, south of Canton, and destroyed an electric light plant today. Twelve women were killed.

Welchow Island, 35 miles south of Pakhoi in the Gulf of Tongking, was reported occupied by Japanese marines after three cruisers and an aircraft carrier concentrated near the island.

Chinese sources said Tsangshing, northeast of Canton, was recaptured by Chinese after heavy fighting.

## OFFICIAL COUNT IN AAA VOTES

Wallace Announces Results of Cotton, Rice and Tobacco Referenda.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Secretary Wallace announced yesterday official results of four referenda held last month in which cotton growers approved and producers of rice and burley and dark type tobacco rejected Federal marketing quotas on this year's crops.

The cotton vote was 953,803 for quotas and 185,760 against, representing a favorable majority of 84.1 per cent. The rice vote was 3806, or 48.2 per cent, for and 4084 against. The burley tobacco vote was 120,126, or 59.4 per cent, for and 82,216 against. The dark type tobacco vote was 26,419, or 60.4 per cent, for and 17,317 against. In each case, a two-thirds vote was required to put the quotas into operation.

## 50TH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wehking to Have Dinner and Reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wehking will observe their fiftieth wedding anniversary tomorrow night with a dinner and reception at the Saum Hotel, 1919 South Grand boulevard, where they reside. They were married in Norborne, Mo.

Mr. Wehking, 71 years old, has been president of the Weybeck Lumber Co. since 1920. Before that he was a contractor, building, among many structures, Tony Faust's Restaurant and the old Concordia Seminary on South Jefferson avenue. Mrs. Wehking is 70.

**COLD RELIEF**  
HINT TO MOTHER  
Every mother wants to know how to relieve her child's cold discomfort. Rub with Penetro. Extra-medicated vapors tend to relieve congestion of respiratory mucous membranes. Penetro eases the chest muscle tightness.

**PENETRO**

## PASTOR BROTHER OF NIEMOELLER IS TAKING UP FIGHT

The Rev. Wilhelm, in Pulpit From Which the Rev. Martin Was Thrown Into Prison, Assails Nazis.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, Jan. 9.—Nazi authorities chose today to ignore a charge from the Confessional Synod pulpit by the Rev. Wilhelm Niemoeller, brother of the incarcerated Rev. Martin Niemoeller, to the effect that 193 pastors and elders of the church had been prevented in one way or another from "attending to their duties."

Wilhelm Niemoeller spoke yesterday from his brother's pulpit in the Jesus Christus Church, in the Borough of Dahlem.

The Rev. Martin Niemoeller, former World War submarine commander and outspoken critic of many Nazi activities, has been in concentration camp since March. He was turned over to secret police, then, immediately after his technical release from a seven-month sentence to a fortress.

His brother, enumerating recent actions which he said had been taken against members of the Confessional Synod, cited 130 removals from office, 40 prohibitions on speaking and 11 prohibitions on leaving Berlin. He named his pastor brother as one of four ministers held in concentration camps and said eight others were in jail "for investigation."

Speaking of the September

Czechoslovak crisis, Wilhelm Niemoeller said that "apart from the Confessional Synod, in view of the threatening danger of war, admonished the people to do penance and to confess their faith, its leadership was charged with committing treason. A people must perish forever if those who preach the Word of God are prevented from telling the truth."

Wilhelm Niemoeller is pastor at Bielefeld, Westphalia. With other Confessional preachers he has taken turns substituting for his brother at Dahlem since the brother first was arrested July 1, 1937. In that period, the Jesus Christus Church has had relative freedom. Authorities evidently do not want to cause further discontent in the congregation, which includes such men as Finance Minister Count Lutz Schwerin-Krosigk and former Foreign Minister Julius Curtius. The German Ambassador to Washington, Hans Dieckhoff, also had his children confirmed in the Lutheran faith there.

## U. S. EMBASSY FIRE IN MOSCOW

Fast Work by Soviet Department Saves Building.

MOSCOW, Jan. 9.—Fast work by the Moscow Fire Department today saved the United States Embassy from destruction by a fire of undetermined origin. The blaze was discovered on the ground floor behind the closed doors of a temporarily unoccupied room. Quickly extinguished, its damage was limited to several hundred dollars.

IF YOU HAD A NECK AS LONG AS THIS FELLOW AND HAD ALL THE WAY DOWN TONSILINE SHOULD QUICKLY RELIEVE IT

**SORE THROAT DUE TO COLDS**

**TONSILINE**

## FORMER MOLINE PLOW PLANT BURNS AT POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.

15 of 18 Buildings Destroyed; Dynamite Blasts Bring Blaze Under Control.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 9.—Three charges of dynamite set off by firemen brought under control today a fire that had destroyed 15 of 18 buildings at the former Moline Plow Co. plant here.

Fire Chief Chris W. Noll said the dynamite was used to raise walls of the destroyed buildings and prevent the fire from spreading to nearby factory structures.

Movie Actor Weds Actress in Cafe. BEVERLY HILLS, Cal., Jan. 9.—Wayne Morris, 24-year-old screen actor, and Leonora Schinas, 18, New York tobacco heiress, were married in a cafe here Saturday mid-

night. Mrs. Leon Schinas attended the bride, her daughter. Municipal Judge Joseph Marchetti performed the ceremony. The newlyweds plan to sail for New York on a honeymoon trip.

**MOTH HOLES BURNS TEARS**

REMOVED PERFECTLY IN CLOTHING

**A. L. SULLIVAN**  
505 N. 7th St., St. Louis

a lot of convenience in a small package!



The Westinghouse "Automed" ELECTRIC ROASTER

Complete for \$24.45

(Charge it on your electric bill and pay for it at only \$2.22 a month, including small added carrying charge.)

So EASY to prepare fine meals—that's what thousands of women like about their Electric Roasters! And here's the Westinghouse AUTOMEAL roaster bringing YOU an opportunity to enjoy the advantages of electric cooking... the certainty of uniformly perfect results with exactly controlled, clean electric heat. It's automatic—just set the dial! Temperature range from 100 to 500 degrees. Enjoy the preservation of fine flavors and healthful food values... the simplicity of cooking an entire meal for the whole family at one time! Roasts full-sized fowl or meats—no "drying out". Bakes pies, cakes, bread—uniform results always. So compact, so handy, just place it on a small table and "plug it in" to any appliance outlet! Capacity, 18 quarts. Finished in black enamel with chrome trim. Complete with baking rack and choice of Glasbake or "Mirro" aluminum set of dishes, as illustrated.

Enjoy cooking economy—electricity is cheap in St. Louis!

SEE THIS REMARKABLE CONVENIENCE AT ANY UNION ELECTRIC STORE

**Paging the Lady**

**ROASTER DEMONSTRATION**

Vegetable Cooking the Roaster Way. A Complete Roaster Meal. Tasty desserts made in the electric roaster.

**TUESDAY, JAN. 10—2 PM**  
UNION ELECTRIC BLDG.  
12th and LOCUST BLVD.

**UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY**

12th and LOCUST...Main 3222

Hours: 8 to 5, including Saturday

Grand at Arsenal 6500 Delmar 231 W. Lockwood 6304 Easton 2719 Cherokee 5500 Delmar 7179 Manchester 249 Lemay Ferry Rd. 305 Marquette Station Rd. 7 Collinsville Ave., East St. Louis 122 E. Broadway, Alton, Ill.

Dealers Can Also Show You Modern Electric Roasters

**"THE LAND WE LIVE IN"**

**Our RADIO PROGRAM**

Is Again on the Air

**SUNDAYS 6:30 pm - KMOX**

*Listen In!*

**Semi-Annual NECK 1/2**

Values of \$1 to \$19.95

Only twice a year are such sample lines from outstanding vesture, bibs, jackets, smockings, tailored and dressy Irish lace, lacy neckwear, and val type laces. A real treat! sketched are quoted at sale price.

**NECKWEAR**

**READY-TO-HANG**

Two Pieces With Tiebacks, Finished and Ready to Hang!

A 1939 miracle! Cellulose your house, and only 59¢ an amazing new Cellulose cleans its beautiful suede-like cleaned with a soft, dry 66-inch, 90-inch, all 46 in.

**Geometric**

Red and black on white background.

**Tobacco**

Cranberry or green background.

**Herbal Creams**

Should be used twice daily. Marigold® Cleansing Cream, for normal or oily skin, 2-oz. \$2.50; 4-oz. \$4.50. Rose Mallow Cleansing Cream, for sensitive or dry skin, 2-oz. \$2.50; 4-oz. jar at \$4.50.

\*As supplied to their Royal Highnesses of England.

**HERB FARM SHOP—First Floor**

**KLINE'S**

606-608 WASHINGTON AVE.  
Through to Sixth Street

**CONTRAST**

Is the thing in these

**SPRING Suits**

Colorful Jackets Tuned to Monotone Skirts

**\$11**

KLINE'S—  
Suit Salon—Third Floor  
Junior Shop—Second Floor

st. Mrs. Leon Schinasi attend-  
the bride, her daughters. Men-  
pal Judge Joseph Marchetti per-  
soned the ceremony. The new-  
plan to sail for New York  
honeymoon trip.

**MOTH  
HOLES  
BURNS  
TEARS**

WOVEN PERFECTLY IN CLOTHING  
**A. L. SULLIVAN**  
505 N. 7th St., St. Louis

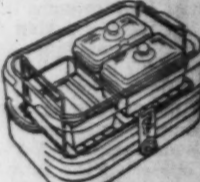
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package!



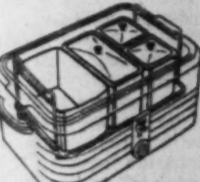
se "Automeal"  
**ROASTER**

5 (Charge it on your elec-  
tric bill and pay for it at  
only \$2.22 a month, in-  
cluding small added car-  
rying charge.)

complete with your  
choice of:



**GLASSBAKE DISHES**  
Glassbak set consists of  
large meat dish and two  
covered vegetable dishes.  
Covers may also be used for  
cooking. New, shallow  
meat dish gives better  
browning.



**ALUMINUM DISHES**  
"Mirro" Aluminum set in-  
cludes large meat dish and  
3 covered vegetable dishes.  
... gives extra meal ca-  
pacity. Welded lifting rack  
raises or lowers all dishes  
at once.

BLE CONVENIENCE  
ELECTRIC STORE

**ROASTER  
DEMONSTRATION**  
Cooking the Roaster  
A Complete Roaster Meal.  
Desserts made in the elec-  
trifier.

DAY, JAN. 10-2 PM  
IN ELECTRIC BLDG.  
and LOCUST BLVD.

**ELECTRIC  
COMPANY**

231 W. Lockwood 6304 Easton  
Manchester 249 Lemay Ferry R.R.  
Collinsville Ave., East St. Louis  
Alton, Ill.

Modern Electric Roasters

AND  
WEIN-  
PROGRAM  
on the Air  
8pm - KMOX  
Jail



Semi-Annual Sample Sale!  
**NECKWEAR**

**1/2 Price**

Values of \$1 to \$19.50—Now **50c to \$9.75**

Only twice a year are such values available! Here are the  
sample lines from outstanding neckwear makers. Included  
are vests, bibs, jackets, small collar sets, v-necklines, yokes,  
gumpes, tailored and dressy styles! Crisp piques, piques with  
Irish lace, lacy neckwear, embroidered organdie or batiste and  
val type laces. A real treat! Mostly one of a kind. Models  
sketched are quoted at sale prices. Buy now and save greatly!

NECKWEAR—First Floor



- Living Room
- Dining Room
- Bedroom
- Kitchen
- Bathroom

PERVEL

**Celluprintz**

The New Modern

READY-TO-HANG DRAPERIES

Two Pieces With  
Tiebacks, Finished  
and Ready to Hang!

**59c** Pr.

A 1939 miracle! Celluprintz draperies for every window in  
your house, and only 59c pair! Made of gay printed Pervel,  
an amazing new Cellulose material (just invented) that re-  
tains its beautiful suede-like draping qualities and that can be  
cleaned with a soft, dry cloth. Three lengths . . . 54-inch,  
66-inch, 90-inch, all 46 inches wide to the pair. Sunfast, too!



Geometric Red and black on white background.  
Tobacco Leaf Cranberry on tan ground. Green on green background.  
Fiesta China Red and green on beige ground; red and yellow on blue ground.  
Tapestry Tan and green, or tan, green and blue.

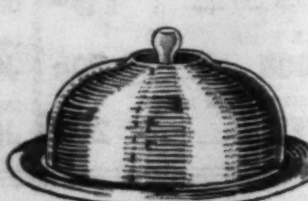
NOTIONS—First Floor



**Herbal Creams**

Should be used twice daily. Mari-  
gold® Cleansing Cream, for normal or oily skin, 2-oz. \$2.50; 4-oz. \$4.50. Rose Mallow Cleansing Cream, for sensitive or dry skin, 2-oz. \$2.50; 4-oz. jar at \$4.50.

\* As supplied to their Royal High-  
nesses of England.  
**HERB FARM  
SHOP—**  
First Floor



Russell Wright  
**Sandwich HUMIDOR**

**\$1.98**

Sandwiches and canapes made hours ahead of your party stay fresh in this new spun aluminum Humidor! Use for storing cake or cookies, too! Easy to clean!

**HOSTESS SHOP—**  
Sixth Floor

Special Sale!  
**RAYON  
UNDIES**

Reg. 39c and 49c Values

**29c**

These are the trim, smooth-fitting pan-  
ties that fit without a wrinkle beneath  
your clothes, that require no ironing!  
Novelty striped or plain fabric! Rayon  
panties! Banded panties! Flared panties!  
Shorts! Hollywood briefs! All full cut!

Panties, Bloomers, Banded  
Knee Panties, Sizes 6 to 10 **29c**

Briefs, Sizes 4 to 7;  
Specially Priced, **29c**

**KNIT UNDERWEAR—**  
Third Floor



Special Purchase!  
**Stud Blouses**

Reg. \$2.98 and \$3.98 Values

**\$1.87**

That beloved classic—the stud shirtwaist  
—is offered at an important sale price!  
Choose yours in white, powder blue, aqua,  
rose, Kelly green, black, brown, beige or  
pink. Pure silk or rayon crepe. Long and  
short sleeved models. Sizes 32 to 40.

**FIRST FLOOR BLOUSE SHOP  
AND AISLE TABLES**



Just 100 Sets! 119-Piece  
**China Dinner Sets**  
**\$19.95**

Complete service for 12. Dainty floral bouquet in pastel  
green and brown shadings, with rose bouquets, on rich  
ivory color background. Be here early tomorrow morning.

Set Includes—12 each: dinner plates; salad plates; bread  
and butter plates; soup plates; fruit dishes; teacups and  
saucers; after-dinner coffee cups and saucers. One each:  
open baker; 14-in. meat platter; 12-in. meat platter; sugar  
bowl; cream pitcher; casserole; 1/2 s gravy boat and one nappy.

**CHINA—Sixth Floor**

**VANDERVOORT'S**

SCRUGGS-VANDERVOORT-BARNEY

Nimb and Olive

...New Low Price on This  
**SPOTLIGHT BED  
LAMP**

**\$1.09**



The lowest price we have ever featured on this popular, new-type  
Bed Lamp! It focuses all the light in the most efficient manner  
directly on your book or reading matter—no light to disturb any  
other occupant of the room. Simply clamp on the head of the bed.  
Rubber clamp guards prevent marring of furniture. Bronze or  
ivory finish. Buy now while this low price is featured.

MAIL YOUR ORDER—OR PHONE CE. 7450.  
Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney, St. Louis, Missouri.  
Please send me \_\_\_\_\_ Spotlight Bed Lamps at \$1.09 each.  
Bronze Finish ☐ Ivory Finish ☐  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Charge ☐ Cash Enc. ☐ C. O. D.

LAMPS—Sixth Floor

**JANUARY SALE!**  
**\$1.98 to \$2.98 Curtains**

Quality Curtains in the Most  
Popular Sizes and Styles

Special

**\$1.59**  
PAIR

Ball-Fringe  
Curtains

Manufacturer's ball fringe on  
plain marquisette. Ecru,  
white, cream or ecru and  
brown. Extra wide—  
140 in. to the pair. 102  
inches to the pair. 2 1/2 yds.  
pair **\$1.59**

Pin-Dotted  
Priscillas

Lovely sheer curtains in  
white, cream or ecru.  
Full headed ruffles;  
strap tie-backs; back  
hems. 102 inches to the  
pair. 2 1/2 yds.  
pair **\$1.59**

Cushion-Dotted  
Marquisette

Fluffy cushion dots on  
cream, white, or ecru  
marquisette! Width 102  
in. to the pair. 102  
inches to the pair. 2 1/2 yds.  
pair **\$1.59**

Ruffled, Plain  
Marquisette

Priscilla type curtains—  
with French headed ruf-  
fles. White, eggshell or  
ecru. Tie-backs. 102  
inches to the pair.  
pair **\$1.59**

Colorful New  
Cottage Sets

Bright, colorful, novelty  
figures and woven  
plaids. For kitchens and  
breakfast rooms.  
Generous **\$1.59**  
size.

**CURTAINS—**  
Fourth Floor

## MARTIN CALLED BEFORE BOARD OF AUTO WORKERS

Union Head to Be Questioned on Recent Orders Suspending Officers of Plymouth Local.

### NEGOTIATIONS UNDER INQUIRY

He Resents "Insinuation" He Is Trying to Establish Company Union in Ford Plants.

By the Associated Press.  
DETROIT, Jan. 9.—President Homer Martin of the United Automobile Workers appeared today on the defensive today as one of his adversaries called a meeting of the union's international executive board for this week.

The latest outburst was, in part, a result of last year's row over charges and counter-charges of Communism.

George F. Addes, secretary-treasurer, said he had polled the 24 board members and received 18 affirmative and no negative votes on reconvening the board.

"The board," Addes said, "will deal with the Ford negotiations, which President Martin has kept a complete secret, and such other matters as may be brought before it."

The other matters, an informant said, will include the questioning of Martin on his suspension of the officers of Plymouth Local 51 Saturday night.

Full Authorized.  
Addes said that the board, at its last meeting, authorized him to poll the members and convene the group at any time at the request of one or more members.

He did not say whether he requested the meeting, but said "I have done so upon proper request."

The secretary-treasurer was one of five international officers suspended last year and subsequently reinstated when the congress of Industrial Organizations intervened.

The five were leaders of the anti-Martin faction.

One of the main objectives of the U. A. W. for some time has been to organize employees of the Ford Motor Co., the only major automobile producer that has not signed a contract.

Last October, after Martin disclosed he had conferred with Henry Ford and his personnel director, Harry H. Bennett, Bennett said the company's labor policy "hasn't changed one bit."

Ford has said frequently his firm never would recognize any union as the sole bargaining agent of its employees.

Just as Addes said the board wanted to interrogate Martin about the "Ford negotiations," the union president said a UAW officer had "insinuated that I have been endeavoring to establish a company union in Ford plants."

"Stool Pigeon Tactics."  
Martin said this was "a glaring example of the irresponsibility and the anti-union character of some of those officers who would speak for the international union."

Leo Lamotte, the suspended Plymouth local head, charged that mob rule prevailed at a mass meeting which called upon Martin to take charge of the local and the action was "a case of stool pigeon tactics on Martin's part."

He said he would appeal to the board.

The Plymouth local places its membership at 12,000.

Martin, in addressing that mass meeting, mentioned the Ford membership campaign.

"Don't be surprised if the Ford workers have the benefits of collective bargaining very soon."

He told them some things about the Ford situation. Don't be surprised if, when we come to the convention this year (at Toledo in August), there is a large representation of Ford workers."

There are signs of a bitter fight in the union, which the CIO says has more than 350,000 members, and a person close to the situation summed it up this way: "Martin probably will suspend the executive board and the board probably will suspend Martin."

**MAN KILLED BY GLASS IN FALL**  
Ewald Frericks Plunges Down Stairs and Through Windows.  
Ewald Frericks, a brewery worker, was killed early yesterday when he fell through a plate glass window at the bottom of a stairway at his home, 1908A Arsenal street. He was taken to City Hospital where he was pronounced dead of loss of blood from a deep cut on the side of the neck.

Frericks, 38 years old, apparently lost his balance as he reached the top of a flight of 17 steps and fell down them. His estranged wife and two children live at 3241A Knapp street.

**6 C C TO GET NEW UNIFORMS**  
Spruce Green Suits to Take Place of Olive Drab.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A new uniform of spruce green will be provided beginning Oct. 1 for CCC enrollees in the First, Second and Third corps areas. All these are in the East.

Those in other corps areas will be supplied later as existing stocks of the present olive drab uniform are exhausted.



DR. LLOYD P. SMITH  
With the scientific device developed at Cornell University.

## U. S. ENVOY TO CHINA IN PARIS ON WAY HOME

Nelson T. Johnson on Last Lap of 12,000-Mile Trip to Report to Roosevelt.

By the Associated Press.  
PARIS, Jan. 9.—Nelson T. Johnson, United States Ambassador to China, came today to the last lap of his 12,000-mile land, sea and air trip to report to President Roosevelt on China's prospects in the Far-Eastern conflict.

At the Paris Embassy, Johnson told the story of his 2100-mile automobile trip through inner China from Chungking, the Chinese temporary capital, to Burma.

"I felt more like an explorer than a diplomat," said the veteran of 32 years' service in China.

Johnson and an aid, driving a light automobile, were the first civilians to enter Burma on the new road through the rugged foothills of the Malaya Mountains in Sinking Province to provide China with a new back door for war supplies.

Those first 2100 miles were the toughest, Johnson said, and by comparison, the next 7000 from Rangoon to France by airplane seemed like a ride on a magic carpet.

Johnson called China's new road "magnificent." It was finished just before he left Chungking Dec. 12. Thousands of coolies were mobilized for months in labor battalions to do it.

"I saw a lot and learned a lot," Johnson said. "The new road leaves the old Tibetan trade route at Talfu, in Yunnan Province, and skirts the vast Burmese plateau until it literally drops you into Mandalay."

But he was silent on China's chances against Japan.

"I am going home after four years without a vacation," Johnson said. "I feel pretty good, too."

He will go from Paris to London and sail Jan. 11 for New York from Southampton aboard the Ile de France. He said he expected to remain in the United States "for about two months after talking around Washington a bit."

Mrs. Johnson and their two children, who left Peiping in August, 1937, after the outbreak of hostilities between China and Japan, have been staying at Cody, Wyo.

**INQUIRY INTO OWNERSHIP OF RADIO STATIONS BEGUN**

Federal Communications Commission Sends Questionnaires to 2300 Firms and to Individuals.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Federal Communications Commission said yesterday it had started "searching inquiry" to determine "ultimate ownership and control" of the radio stations in the United States.

Four questionnaires have been sent to about 2300 broadcasting licensees, holding companies and other corporations holding direct and indirect interests in stations, as well as stockholders and officers of the holding companies.

"The questionnaires," the commission said, "call for answers under oath to numerous questions bearing upon relations between direct and indirect owners of any two or more broadcast stations, and the relations of owners of all stations and their officers to other interests such as communications companies, newspapers and amusement enterprises."

"Replies to the questionnaires will also throw light upon the extent and character of absentee ownership, and the use of voting proxies in effecting or maintaining the direct or indirect control of licensees."

**5 KILLED IN POLITICAL FIGHT**  
Colombian Conservatives and Liberals Clash at Gacheta.

By the Associated Press.  
BOGOTA, Colombia, Jan. 9.—Five persons were killed and more than 20 injured in nearby Gacheta yesterday when a Conservative party rally ended in a fight with Liberal party adherents.

## BREATH TESTS FIND ALCOHOL IN 58 OF 100 NIGHT DRIVERS

Motorists Blow Up Toy Balloons for Chemical Analysis in Nassau (N. Y.).

By the Associated Press.  
MINNEOLA, N. Y., Jan. 9.—Breath tests made here over the week-end showed that 58 of 100 late night and early morning motorists here had been drinking. None was drunk, but 35 had taken enough alcohol to be a potential menace behind the wheel, according to officials.

The tests were made by State police co-operating with Nassau County authorities. All but one, a woman, of 101 motorists agreed to give the police samples of their breath by blowing up toy balloons.

Using a method perfected by Dr. Rollo N. Harger of the Indiana University medical school, technicians passed the air in each balloon through a solution of potassium permanganate and sulphuric acid. Color changes, from pink to yellow, registered the presence and approximate quantity of alcohol.

**3 KILLED WHEN TRAIN HITS TRUCK AT ILLINOIS CROSSING**

Astoria Man, 4-Year-Old Daughter and Brother Lose Lives at Chatham.

By the Associated Press.  
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 9.—Three persons, including a 4-year-old girl, were killed yesterday when the truck in which they were riding was struck by an Alton passenger train at Chatham.

The dead: Wayne Thompson, 26, of Astoria; his daughter, Patricia Ann, and his brother, Stanley Thompson, 16, of Bushville. They were enroute to visit relatives at Chatham.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 9.—Five Milwaukee residents were killed yesterday when their automobile was hit by a North Shore electric train at a grade crossing.

The dead: Mr. and Mrs. Herbert A. Fiedler, Mr. and Mrs. William Blank, and Richard Blank, 7, their grandson.

**4000 JOB INSURANCE CLAIMS FILED IN MISSOURI DAILY**

Payments to Unemployed Workers Scheduled to Begin Late This Month.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 9.—Job insurance applications were filed in Missouri at the rate of about 4000 a day during the new unemployment compensation program's first week.

The first day of receiving applications, which was last Tuesday, yielded 4353 claims and appointments then on file showed little prospect of any tapering off in the opening rush for several days at least.

St. Louis led the 30 district offices in the number of applications received Jan. 3 with 2058, followed by Kansas City with 758. Cape Girardeau reported 62, Columbia 73, Hannibal 75, Jefferson City 67, Joplin 111, Marshall 19, Maryville 21, Mexico 41, Moberly 34, Nevada 12, Poplar Bluff 29, St. Joseph 145, Sedalia 38, Springfield 229, and Trenton 70. Payments to jobless workers will begin late this month.

**Now Many Wear FALSE TEETH**

With More Comfort  
FASTEETH, a pleasant alkaline (non-acid) powder, holds false teeth more firmly. To eat and talk in more comfort, just sprinkle a little FASTEETH on your plates. No gummy, pasty taste. It loosens checks "plate odor" (denture breath). Get FASTEETH at any drug store.

**Best Cough Remedy Is Easily Mixed at Home**

It's So Easy! Makes a Big Saving. No Cooking.  
To get the quickest imaginable relief from coughs due to colds, mix your own remedy at home. Once tried, you'll never be without it in your home, and it's so simple and easy.

First, make a syrup by stirring 2 cups granulated sugar and one cup of water a few moments, until dissolved. A child could do it. No cooking needed. Then get 2½ ounces of Pinex from any drugist. This is a compound containing Norway Pine and palatable guaiacol, in concentrated form, well-known for its prompt action on throat and bronchial membranes.

Put the Pinex into a pint bottle, and add your syrup. Thus you make a full pint of really splendid medicine and you get about four times as much for your money. It never spoils, and children love its pleasant taste.

And for quick, blessed relief, it is amazing. You can feel it take hold in minutes. It loosens the phlegm, soothes the irritated membranes, and eases the soreness. Thus it makes breathing easy, and lets you get restful sleep. Just try it, and if not pleased, your money will be refunded.

## NEW ATOM-SMASHING RADIO GUN ANNOUNCED

Cornell Scientists Develop Device That Will Disintegrate Heavy Elements.

By the Associated Press.  
ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 9.—A radio gun, a new type of atom smasher, was announced today by Cornell University.

The gun is a glass tube, eight feet long, six inches in diameter. Its interior is a vacuum in which short-wave radio power drives light or heavy atoms so that they attain speeds of thousands of miles a second.

This makes it an atomic cannon, firing projectiles at other atoms for the purpose of disintegrating their nuclei, the inner core of atoms which contain over 99 per cent of the mass of all matter.

By studying the resulting atomic explosions scientists hope to learn the nature of the enormous forces holding the nuclear constituents of atoms together.

Previous atom-smashing apparatus has been limited to shooting light-weight particles. The heaviest has been deuterium, with twice the weight of a hydrogen atom, the lightest of all substances. Mercury, lead and many other heavy atoms can be used in the new gun.

The apparatus was developed by Dr. Lloyd P. Smith, professor of physics, and his assistant, Dr. Paul L. Hartman of Reno, Nev.

The atoms to be speeded up are placed in the form of gas or vapor in the loading end. By means of electrical forces, electrons are made to ionize them, that is, charge them positively.

The breech of the gun is a small metal tube, a few inches long. It is "negatively" charged. Consequently, it attracts the positive particles, and they rush into it.

The gun barrel consists of seven more of these metal tubes, fixed end to end. To them are connected the radio apparatus, so that 10,000,000 times a second each tube reverses its "positive" and its "negative" ends. This is done stepwise, or in succession. The result is to keep the positive atoms continuously drawn forward by the negative end of the tube ahead. The final acceleration is tremendous.

A unique value is the ability of this gun to select from the vapors in the breech atoms of any desired weight, to shoot them and only them to the target.

The radio gun is safe from danger of electric shock to its operators and is cheaper to build than many of the atom-smashers of other types. The present gun cost \$7000 and is in successful operation. Higher energies can be had by making it longer.

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## INSANE CONVICTS RAID ARMORY; ONE SEIZED, TWO FLEE

Omaha National Guard Officer Wounded by Ohio Fugitive, Caught Stealing U. S. Firearms.

By the Associated Press.  
OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 9.—Two criminally insane escaped Ohio convicts remained at large today following the capture of their companion by two Nebraska National Guard officers in an armory here Saturday night when the fugitives tried to seize pistols and ammunition.

Willard Brucks, 34 years old, convicted Hamilton (O.) murderer, is in jail here. His companions, Frank Haines of Chicago and William Blatz, are being sought throughout the Midwest. The three, with two others, escaped from the Lima (O.) State Hospital for the Criminally Insane New Year's day.

Brucks and Haines were surprised in the armory by Maj. B. B. Miltonberger and Capt. and Mrs. Earl Kelso, who were on an inspection tour.

Miltonberger knocked Brucks unconscious. Kelso suffered a cut wrist tendon and two slashed thigh arteries in a fight with Haines. Mrs. Kelso, who went to her husband's aid, was picked up by Haines and thrown to the floor before he fled from the building and joined Blatz, who was waiting outside.

Brucks told police that he and his companions went to the armory for automatic pistols and ammunition preparatory to staging a series of holdups.

Leaving Blatz outside as a lookout, Brucks and Haines entered through a skylight. In the fight with the officers Haines struck Capt. Kelso with a blackjack and slashed him on the legs and arm.

Brucks, who attacked Maj. Miltonberger with a crowbar, was knocked unconscious by the officer. "I don't remember," he said, "I hit him with the crowbar or my fists," Maj. Miltonberger told police.

Brucks said he, Haines and Blatz went to Chicago after the Lima breakout where they wrecked the automobile they had commandeered. From Chicago they rode freight trains to Council Bluffs, Ia., just across the Missouri River from Omaha.

Marion Pierce, Indianapolis Negro, who escaped with them, was left in Fort Wayne, Ind., Brucks said. Frank Nuckles of Cleveland, the fifth man, was recaptured last week in Cleveland.

**ROBBERS GET OWN NICKEL BACK**

All the Money in Cash Register Was Single Coin.

By the Associated Press.  
SOUTH BEND, Ind., Jan. 9.—A man walked into Reuben Boyer's store, paid 5 cents for a candy bar, then demanded all the money in the cash register.

Boyer gave it to him—it was the 5 cents.

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The breech of the gun is a small metal tube, a few inches long. It is "negatively" charged. Consequently, it attracts the positive particles, and they rush into it.

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## 135,000,000 Information Forms Mailed by U. S. Agencies in Year

Statistical Group Says Many Questions Asked of Business Men Are Duplicates—Board to Pass on Them Proposed.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Central Statistical Board reported today that Federal agencies required business men and other citizens to fill out 135,000,000 forms and questionnaires in 1937.

A lot of them, it said, asked for the same information and would not have been necessary if Uncle Sam had let one hand know what the other was doing.

Discussing its findings, the board advised President Roosevelt: That the reports cover a variety of subjects from taxes to unemployment.

That while, in general, the agencies need the information they request, there is "a substantial amount of unnecessary duplication in existing requirements."

That some of the "more conspicuous" instances of duplication arise from income and social security tax returns, which in many states are required also by the state Government.

That the chief need in order to attain simplification is in statistical co-ordinating agency with authority to trim duplicate requests and make information known to one agency available to all the others.

President Requested Survey.  
President Roosevelt asked the board last May to make the study. He expressed concern over "the large number of statistical reports which Federal agencies are requiring from business and industry."

Stuart A. Rice, Central Statistical Board chairman, made the study with the aid of E. Dana Durand of the Tariff Commission; Edmund E. Day, Cornell University; E. A. Goldenweiser, Federal Reserve Board; Morris A. Copeland, Statistical Board, and Frederick F. Stephan, the American Statistical Association.

They recommended legislative action to give the proposed co-ordinating agency authority to approve or disapprove all questionnaires and report forms put out by Federal bureaus. The first job would be to eliminate existing duplications, it was pointed out, the next to prevent new ones.

Other Proposed Changes.  
A private citizen would not be required legally to fill out a form duplicating information he had already given, unless the central agency had approved; address lists would be consolidated and records kept uniformly; tax returns would be merged and in some cases eliminated and information agencies would be telescoped where possible.

In discussing points at which duplication exists the report said that "in a number of lines of business a concern's total payroll in a given period may be reported in as many as 12 different Federal forms; information on total revenue from sales may be required in as many as half a dozen forms."

Considerable duplication was found in connection with the annual financial statements filed with regulatory and tax bodies.

"The Federal income tax laws call for such statements," the report said. "Registrant and listed corporations must file them with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Regulatory commissions such as the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Federal Power Commission require financial statements from corporations under their jurisdiction."

"A highly integrated corporation doing business in more than one field may come under two or more jurisdictions. When state and non-governmental requirements for financial statements are added to Federal requirements, the situation becomes highly complicated. It should be possible in some measure to reduce the amount of duplication of information in such financial returns."

**BARRACKS HOSPITAL FACILITIES FOR VETERANS ARE CRITICISED**

Many Former Service Men Forced to Wait Too Long for Treatment, Radio Speaker Says.

Facilities at the Veterans' Administration Hospital at Jefferson Barracks for World War veterans were termed inadequate by James J. McMahon, executive secretary of the Veterans' Welfare Association, in a United Charities radio talk yesterday.

"The lack of adequate hospital facilities for aiding veterans has brought hardship and suffering to patients made to wait for unduly long periods before receiving care," McMahon said. "It has sent many of these men into the ranks of the unemployed. In addition, it has resulted in increased malignancy in many cases."

He estimated many of 115 Missouri ex-service men recommended for immediate hospitalization by Government physicians may have to wait weeks or months before receiving care.

**HEED BALDNESS**

If you have DANDRUFF ITCHY SCALP THIN HAIR DRY BRITTLE OR OILY HAIR go to a THOMAS' office for a FREE Scalp Examination

HAIR Thinning at the temples, frontal point or crown is Nature's means of telling you that baldness is surely approaching. Yet thinning hair is but an outward sign of some serious underlying scalp disorder, causing dandruff, itching scalp or falling hair.

Thomas' treatment has been helping to correct these local scalp ills for more than 20 years for thousands of persons. It should help you, too, to prevent baldness and to have a good head of hair. It helps check hair fall, dandruff, and helps stimulate normal hair growth. Call today for a free scalp examination or write for an interesting free booklet on the care of your hair and scalp. (Booklet is mailed in a plain envelope.)

**THE THOMAS' OFFICE**

411 N. Seventh St., 801-802 Ambassador Bldg. Separate Departments for Men and Women—Phone CF. 5643

MONDAY—10 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. SATURDAY to 7 P. M.

## EX-ST. LOUISAN KILLS HIMSELF IN NEW YORK

John E. Holler Takes Overdose of Drug—Shot Self Here Last May.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—John E. Holler, a salesman, formerly of St. Louis, died in Bellevue Hospital yesterday from what physicians said was an overdose of a sleeping drug.

He was found unconscious in his room at the Knickerbocker Hotel, 120 West Forty-fifth street. A note was found by police, who said Holler had committed suicide.

Holler, who formerly resided at 5300 Waterman avenue, shot and seriously wounded himself last May 3 in his room at Mission Baptist Hospital, the bullet striking him in the chest and fracturing a rib.

His wife, Mrs. Abbie L. Holler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Perry Lewis, 5300 Waterman avenue, obtained a divorce last May, alleging general indignities. Custody of an 8-year-old daughter, Sally, was awarded to Mrs. Holler.

**ADVERTISEMENT**

**Beware Coughs from common colds That Hang On**

No matter how many medicines you have tried for your common cough, chest cold, or bronchial irritation, you may get relief now with Creomulsion. Serious trouble may be brewing and you cannot afford to take a chance with any remedy less potent than Creomulsion, which goes right to the seat of the trouble and aids nature to soothe and heal the inflamed mucous membranes and to loosen and expel germ-laden phlegm.

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Even if other remedies have failed, don't be discouraged, try Creomulsion. Your druggist is authorized to refund your money if you are not thoroughly satisfied with the benefit obtained. Creomulsion is one word, ask for it plainly, see that the name on the bottle is Creomulsion, and you'll get the genuine product and the relief you want.

LY WIGGLY

OUT

You can't get the kind of  
the Enger Food Foundation's  
creamed butter that we sell  
we tried to get the Country  
Creamed butter.

ROGER'S  
PEACHES

SOLD ONLY AT  
KROGER-PIGGLY  
WIGGLY

Club  
Halves 2 No. 2 1/2 27c  
Cans

ndale  
Halves 2 No. 2 1/2 25c  
Cans

SALTED  
PEANUTS — Lb. 10c

COUNTRY CLUB—MARASCHINO  
CHERRIES 5-Oz. 10c  
Bottle

LOMBARDY  
MUSTARD 8 1/2-Oz. 10c  
Jar

AVONDALE—KIDNEY  
BEANS 4 No. 2 25c  
Cans

ARMOUR'S CORNED BEEF  
HASH — 2 16-Oz. 25c  
Cans

ARMOUR'S CORNED  
BEEF — 2 12-Oz. 35c  
Cans

ETTES OF FAMOUS  
2 Large 15c  
Loaves

First Love, KMOX—3:15 P. M.  
Editor's Daughter, KMOX—3:30 P. M.

CKENS Lb. 21c

KRAUT from  
the big barrel — Lb. 5c

DRY SALT  
JOWLS — lb. 9c

SMOKED  
JOWLS — lb. 12 1/2 c

Size Texas 10 for 25c  
Seedless

to — 2 Doz. 25c  
Cobblers

1 Grade 10 Lbs. 19c  
Cobblers

Fresh Green 3 Lbs. 10c  
Medium Size

on — Lb. 5c

Lettuce 20 Size 2 Hds. 13c  
Iceberg

Sweet Potatoes 3 Lbs. 14c

Onions U. S. No. 1 3 Lbs. 10c  
Yellow

GUARANTEED BRANDS

# TRUST SERVICE

*Tested by Experience*  
*Approved by Business Leaders*

ONE of the most important decisions you will ever have to make is that of selecting the executor and trustee to conserve and administer the estate you have spent a lifetime accumulating. The Mississippi Valley Trust Company offers trust service which has been tested by 48 years of experience in administering the estates of thousands of representative St. Louisans.

*Approved as the Choice of Every Member of our Board of Directors*

Every one of the 23 business leaders who make up our Board of Directors has named Mississippi Valley Trust Company in his will. These men have an intimate knowledge of the operation of our Trust Department, and the fact that all of them have named us — even though they have widely varying estate problems and represent widely diversified business interests — is a recommendation of the highest order.

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## DIVIDED PARTY REACTION TO PLEA BY ROOSEVELT

Conservatives in Congress  
Think President Did Not  
Advance Solidarity by  
'Liberal' Appeal.

NEW DEAL BACKERS  
PRAISE HIS SPEECH

Consider It as Laying  
Groundwork for 1940, to  
Which He Made Recur-  
ring References.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Dem-  
ocratic Congressmen are divided to-  
day in their reaction to President  
Roosevelt's Jackson day appeal for  
party unity behind liberal princi-  
ples.

Most of the conservative mem-  
bers, declining to be quoted by  
name, made it clear they believed  
the President had not advanced  
Democratic solidarity by his decla-  
ration.

"If there are nominal Democrats  
who as a matter of principle are  
convinced that our party should be  
a conservative party—a Democratic  
two-thirds—it is on the whole better  
that the issue be drawn within the  
party, that the fight be fought out,  
and that if the two-thirds are  
defeated they join the two-thirds."

Roosevelt added in the next  
breath that "the prospects of such  
a fight are far more remote than  
members of the opposition would  
have you believe." Nevertheless,  
some old-line Democrats contended  
the party label was broad enough  
to cover persons who did not see  
eye to eye with the President on all  
issues.

Frained by New Dealers.  
Administration followers praised  
the President's invitation for "nomi-  
nal Democrats" to join the Repub-  
licans and his invitation to all vot-  
ers who "preach the liberal gospel"  
to band together for common serv-  
ice, irrespective of party.

Senator Bailey (Dem.), North  
Carolina, sharp critic of many New  
Deal policies, commented tersely  
that "it was just another of those  
speeches."

Democrats more friendly to the  
New Deal praised the speech en-  
thusiastically. Senator Murray of  
Montana said it demonstrated the  
unity existing in the party. Sen-  
ator Sheppard of Texas described it  
as "wonderful" and "one of the  
best" the President ever delivered.

Harry L. Hopkins, Secretary of  
Commerce, called it "grand."  
The President's speech, delivered  
Saturday night at a \$100-a-plate  
Democratic fund-raising dinner  
here, was his first public political  
discussion since the November  
election.

He recognized the Republican  
Congressional gains, declaring that  
party had returned to a position  
where it "can no longer excuse it-  
self for not having a program on  
the ground that it has too few  
votes."

His plea for a union of liberals

## Aerial Romeo Takes Soviet Wife Back to London Home

Romantic-Minded Crowds Follow Pair About  
City—Husband Made Forbidden Flight to  
Russia in Dilapidated Plane.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Bryan Gro-  
ver, the daring young man of the  
flying machine, brought home yester-  
day to a romantic-minded Eng-  
land the beautiful wife for whom  
he made an audacious, unauthorized  
flight into Soviet Russia.

It made no difference to England  
that the Lochinvar-engineer was in  
the unromantic position of being  
broke. England insisted on a fair  
story ending to the dashing ro-  
mance, and England got it.

The home folks had read all about  
Grover's madcap flight in a dilapi-  
dated, second-hand sport plane  
from Stockholm to Russia to claim  
the Russian-born wife he had not  
seen for five years.

The also had read how Grover  
flew right into a Soviet prison,  
where he spent six weeks before  
Soviet authorities became touched  
by the romance of his escapade and  
let him off lightly for the one-man  
"invasion." Officials fined him \$300  
and confiscated his plane.

Crowds followed Grover and his  
wife, the former Elena Petrovna,  
everywhere they went—first to a  
London hotel and then to their new  
apartment in the city and later to  
his parents' home outside London.  
Grover obligingly kissed his wife  
for the photographers but kept in-  
sisting, "I can not very well speak  
of our love. It is too strong an  
emotion to express."

The Briton said he was in the  
air six and a half hours on the  
flight, which ended in a pasture 100  
miles from Moscow, on Nov. 18.  
Grover, a one-time oil engineer  
in Russia, said the adventure cost  
him \$1500—and was worth every  
cent of it.

Bryan and Elena were married  
in Russia in 1933 when he was  
working for the Soviet oil industry.  
He left the country shortly there-  
after and when repeated efforts to  
re-enter were rebuffed he decided  
upon the aerial junket to find his  
wife.

Elena, who speaks only Russian,  
wore a dark coat with an Astrakhan  
collar and a fur hat.  
Bryan was hatless and still wore  
his slippers and leather jacket.  
Tomorrow he plans to go around  
and see whether he can get back  
his old job as engineer.

followed along the lines of his  
speeches during the 1938 campaign,  
in which he unsuccessfully sought  
to defeat three Democratic Sena-  
tors for re-nomination. One of the  
three, Senator George of Georgia,  
was in the audience Saturday night  
but did not applaud. Neither did  
he make any comment afterward.

Some of those who opposed  
Roosevelt's entrance into the Demo-  
cratic primaries last summer viewed  
his speech as indicating a contin-  
uing desire to oust Democrats who  
have opposed his program.

New Dealers considered it as lay-  
ing the groundwork for the 1940  
Presidential campaign—a subject  
to which Roosevelt made recurring  
references.

THREE ARRESTED IN RAIDS  
ON SALOONS ON SUNDAY

Men in Charge of Places Booked  
for Violation of State and City  
Liquor Laws.

Three saloons were raided yester-  
day by police who booked men in  
charge for violation of State and  
city liquor laws.

At the Studio Club, 3524 Olive  
street, police arrested a man who  
said he was Howard Berghofer,  
manager, after finding a Federal  
liquor license but no State or city  
licenses. They seized samples of  
liquor in the place as evidence.

The Typo Tavern, 1130 Franklin  
avenue, was raided at 4 p. m. by  
police who reported they found  
four men drinking beer. A man  
who gave his name as Morris  
Kranzberg was arrested.

A man who said he was John  
Sotanski, operating at 1601 North  
Nineteenth street, was arrested by  
police who reported finding 12 men  
drinking beer in the place.

Boy, 17, Injured in Fight.  
Joseph Shepherd, 17 years old,  
1612 North Ninth street, suffered a  
brain concussion when knocked to  
the sidewalk in a fight at Eleventh  
and North Market streets Saturday  
night. He was taken to City Hos-  
pital.

U. S. DEATH RATE DECLINES

Reports from 88 Major Cities Show  
6 Per Cent Decrease in 1938.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The  
Census Bureau said today the na-  
tional death rate declined about 6  
per cent last year.

Reports from 88 major cities  
showed the decline was due to fewer  
fatal cases of influenza, pneu-  
monia and heart prostration. The  
trend also was apparent in infant  
statistics. The 88 cities reported  
an average of 45 infant deaths per  
1000 births, which was 5.8 per cent  
lower than the same cities reported  
in 1937.

BIG INFLOW OF FUNDS TO U. S.

More Than \$374,000,000 Arrived  
During September War Scare.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The  
Treasury reported today the in-  
flow of funds to this country dur-  
ing the September European war  
scare amounted to more than \$374-  
000,000.

Figures on the net capital move-  
ment of funds to and from the  
United States in the first nine  
months of 1938 showed that this  
country received \$7,613,000 from  
Germany and lost \$1,496,000 to  
Italy. During this period the United  
States lost \$10,500,000 net to  
the United Kingdom and gained  
\$27,000,000 from France. A total  
of \$103,127,000 in funds returned to  
Switzerland from the United States  
during the nine months ended Sep-  
tember, 1938.

ROBBERS BEAT, KICK VICTIM

Filling Station Manager Robbed of  
\$170 at Alton.

Elmer Stephens, manager of a  
filling station 1301 East Broad-  
way, Alton, was held up and robbed  
early yesterday by two men, who  
obtained \$170 from a cash drawer and  
fled.

Stephens told police the two men,  
one of whom carried a pistol, en-  
tered the station, asked him to  
turn over money from a cash  
drawer. When he bent over to open  
a floor safe at their instruction, he  
was struck in the face with the  
pistol and kicked in the back.

## U. S. FLEET ARRIVING AT PANAMA CANAL

Base Force Ready to Begin  
Transit From Pacific  
Ocean to Atlantic.

By the Associated Press.

BALBOA, C. Z., Jan. 9.—The  
base force of the United States  
fleet, which sailed from San Diego,  
Cal., the night of Dec. 27, arrived  
here this morning on the way to  
war games in the Atlantic.

The base force is made up of 30  
vessels—a floating supply train for  
the fleet—commanded by Rear Ad-  
miral William C. Watts.

Naval authorities as well as Pa-  
nama Canal officials withheld news  
of the arrival from Panama news-  
papers until the ships anchored off  
the Pacific entrance to the canal.

The base force is scheduled to  
start transit of the canal today.  
Three ships are to be locked  
through, with the rest passing  
through tomorrow and Wednesday  
and possibly Thursday.

The base force is the forerunner  
of more than 100 naval vessels due  
to arrive here by Friday. During  
transit of fighting elements of the  
United States fleet, the canal will  
be closed to commercial traffic.

Immediately following transit of  
the fleet from the Pacific to the  
Atlantic, engineering forces will  
start an important overhauling of  
Gatun Locks.

Two Italian warships on a world  
tour are scheduled to reach Panama  
next Sunday when the United States  
fleet will be anchored off Colon,  
Panama. A reception is planned by  
the Italian Minister to Panama.

The highest officials of the repub-  
lic have been invited to the cere-  
monies.

The United States Navy disclosed  
in Washington, Dec. 17, that 140  
fighting ships and 60 planes would  
be assembled for the war maneuvers  
early in 1939. The games, the first  
in the Atlantic in five years, are ex-  
pected to impress Europe and South  
America with United States sea-  
power.

Storms Force 18 Navy Planes to  
Return to San Diego Base.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Jan. 8.—  
Stormy turbulent weather forced 18  
planes back to their North Island  
base today less than two hours after  
they took off for Cuba, to partici-  
pate with the fleet in the 1939  
war games in the Caribbean Sea.

Flying in formation, the snips en-  
countered gusts of wind over the  
mountains east of here and re-  
turned to their base to await more  
favorable conditions.

CABIN DWELLER BURNED  
TO DEATH AT LONG LAKE

Neighbors Find Body of Man, 70,  
Across Street, Which Had  
Been Knocked Over.

Grant Husted, 70 years old, a  
retired chauffeur, was burned to  
death early yesterday when his  
cabin at Long Lake, Ill., was de-  
stroyed by fire.

Neighbors, who found Husted's  
body across a small stove, which  
had been knocked over, expressed  
the opinion Husted had fallen  
against the stove, starting the con-  
flagration.

He was formerly employed by  
the Granite City Supply Corpora-  
tion. Surviving is a daughter,  
Miss Viola Husted, an employee of  
the Southwestern Bell Telephone  
Co. in East St. Louis.

REQUEST FOR MEDICAL CENTER

\$500,000 Asked for U. S. Hospital at  
Springfield, Mo.

SPECIAL TO THE POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Jan. 9.—  
An appropriation of \$500,000 for the  
United States Medical Center here  
has been recommended by Presi-  
dent Roosevelt, according to a mes-  
sage received by Dr. M. R. King,  
warden and chief medical officer  
of the institution.

This is \$100,000 more than the  
appropriation last year. The ap-  
propriation will cover all expenses  
of the hospital for the next fiscal  
year. The increase was requested  
because of the increase in person-  
nel that will result from comple-  
tion of the \$1,000,000 addition to the  
medical center. The building will  
be used in an effort to rehabilitate  
"borderline" patients and will be  
ready late in the summer.

Figures on the net capital move-  
ment of funds to and from the  
United States in the first nine  
months of 1938 showed that this  
country received \$7,613,000 from  
Germany and lost \$1,496,000 to  
Italy. During this period the United  
States lost \$10,500,000 net to  
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obtained \$170 from a cash drawer and  
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Stephens told police the two men,  
one of whom carried a pistol, en-  
tered the station, asked him to  
turn over money from a cash  
drawer. When he bent over to open  
a floor safe at their instruction, he  
was struck in the face with the  
pistol and kicked in the back.

## TO ORGANIZE CHRISTIAN BOYCOTT OF GERMANY

New York Committee Formed  
to Get Pledges Not to Buy  
Nazi Goods.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—A move to  
organize Christians in the United  
States in a boycott against Ger-  
many was under way today. Dr.  
William Jay Schieffelin, chairman  
of the Citizens' Union, said the boy-  
cott would be directed by a group  
known as the Volunteer Christian  
Committee to Boycott Nazi Ger-  
many.

He said the committee would  
urge Christians to sign a pledge  
not to buy German goods, travel in  
German ships or set foot on Ger-  
man territory.

Several prominent churchmen  
and educators are members of the  
committee, he said, including Dr.  
Henry Noble MacCracken, presi-  
dent of Vassar.

Others are the Rt. Rev. G. Ash-  
ton Oldham, Protestant Episcopal  
Bishop of Albany; Oliver LaFarge,  
author and president of the Asso-  
ciation for the Advancement of the  
American Indian; Prof. Reinhold  
Niebuhr of Union Theological Sem-  
inary; Dr. Nelson P. Mard, acting  
president of the College of the City  
of New York; George Gordon Bat-  
tle, attorney; Guy Emory Shipley,  
editor of The Churchman; Chauncey  
Stillman, publisher of Free  
America; Edward Smith Parsons,  
president emeritus of Marietta Col-  
lege, and Christopher T. Emmet,  
author.

St. Louis A. F. of L. Committee Re-  
ports on Boycott of Nazi Goods.

The A. F. of L. committee ap-  
pointed last month to conduct a lo-  
cal boycott of German products  
made its first report yesterday at a  
meeting of the Central Trades &  
Labor Union.

Martin A. Dillmon, chairman of  
the committee, said a preliminary  
survey indicated that purchasers  
should inspect the following ar-  
ticles for Nazi trade-marks: gloves,  
pottery, stationery, art supplies,  
cutlery, chinaware, hardware, mus-  
ical instruments and surgical in-  
struments. Dillmon said a complete  
list of Nazi goods would be made  
public later.

The committee, appointed at the  
suggestion of William Green, presi-  
dent of the A. F. of L., in retalia-  
tion against the religious intoler-  
ance and racial persecution prac-  
ticed by the German Government,  
recommended the distribution of  
10,000 automobile windshield stickers  
bearing the message, "I Do  
Not Buy Nazi-Made Goods."

Officers of the Central Trades &  
Labor Union, nominated last month  
without opposition, were installed  
at yesterday's meeting. They are:  
Joseph P. Clark, president; Mrs.  
Mary E. Ryder, vice-president; Wil-  
liam M. Brandt, executive secre-  
tary; John Rossfield, financial sec-  
retary, and C. F. Morgan, sergeant-  
at-arms. The only contest, in which  
seven candidates sought five places  
on the Laws Committee, was set-  
tled by election as follows: William  
J. Gibbons, Charles Loewe, Homer  
Baird, Clara Stegman and Louis  
Martini.

"FRESH EGGS"  
Are Much Cheaper  
Due to Mild Weather  
Note Our Price in Ad

"FREE PARKING"  
PLENTY OF FREE PARKING  
AND LOADING SPACE

CHEESE  
Creamed Cottage 2 lbs. 25  
Wisconsin Limburger 1 lb. 15  
Comb Honey 2 cans 25  
Strained Honey 5 Pound 50

FRESH VEGETABLES  
Hard Ripe Tomatoes 1 lb. 15  
Russet Burbanks 10 lbs. 19  
Stringless Beans 2 lbs. 15  
Yellow Onions 2 lbs. 5

STRICTLY FRESH EGGS  
Down Eggs Doz. 20  
CLOVERBLOOM BUTTER Lb. 27  
1/2-GAL. SWEET MILK Grade A Bottle 17

FRESH MEATS  
Boneless Corned Beef, lb. 23  
Boneless Beef Stew lb. 19  
Beef Tongues Fresh or Pickled lb. 12 1/2  
Fresh Spare Ribs lb. 12 1/2  
Fresh Calf Hearts lb. 10  
Fresh Hocks or Pig Tails lb. 10  
Fresh Leaf Lard 12 lbs. \$1

SMOKED MEAT  
Brick Chili Sausage 2 1/2 lbs. 35  
Sm. Bacon Strips, 2 lbs. 25  
Rope Polish or Melts, lb. 20  
Sliced Boiled Ham lb. 35  
Sm. Tennessee Ham lb. 25  
Sliced Canadian Bacon, lb. 45  
Smoke Jowl-Salt Pork, lb. 10

SLICED BACON (A REAL BIG VALUE) — Lb. 20  
FRESH CHERRY PIES (Large EACH) 24  
Springs, Lb. 27; Stewing Hens, Lb. 21

Standard Tomato 5 No. 2 Cans 25  
Pure Egg Noodles 1 Pound 10  
Armour Tamales 2 1/2 lbs. 23  
Sauer Kraut 4 No. 2 25  
Scotch Gran. Soap 35 Oz. 25  
Preserves 5 Flavor 2 1/4-Oz. Jars 23

Fresh Jumbo Shrimp, lb. 15 Cooked lb. 25  
BULK QUEEN OLIVES — Pt. 20; Qt. 35  
Fresh Standard OYSTERS — Quart 35

ST. LOUIS LARGEST & BUSIEST INDEPENDENT FOOD STORE  
LYNN'S  
DOWNTOWN ON 6TH & DELMAR

SAVE TREASURE STAMPS  
GET THEM AT LYNN'S

## BARBER, 81, BEGINS 73D YEAR AT TRADE

Santo Danie, Who Came From  
Italy in 1880, Talks About  
His Career.

By the Associated Press.

Santo Danie, who has been scrap-  
ing chins and trimming hair for 25  
years in a little barber shop at  
3507 Kosuth avenue, started this  
week on his seventy-third year at  
the trade he learned from his father  
as a boy in Naples, Italy.

Now 81 years old, Danie hopes to  
be barbering on his 100th birthday,  
he told a Post-Dispatch reporter.  
The work is much easier than it  
was, because a first-rate barber is  
no longer expected to practice  
tooth-pulling, bleeding and foot  
manipulation—which were included  
in the training he received from  
his father, which began, he said,  
when he was but 9 years old.

It was no distaste for these side-  
lines that prompted Danie to leave  
the barber shop of Naples and seek  
his fortune in the new world, but  
the reports he heard in Italy that  
America harbored a fast-growing,  
monied and unusually hireute popu-  
lation. He came to this country in  
1880.

Danie, a small, gray man, settled  
in St. Louis because New York was  
so large it frightened him and he  
had heard there was a considera-  
ble Italian population here. He  
says now that he had rough going  
for about three years, "until I  
learned the language." He still  
speaks with a pronounced accent.

"Italian barbers are a hundred  
times better than others," he boast-  
ed. "In Italy it is three years to  
train, over here three months."

He says his razor is so good he  
often hones it on a stove pipe. He  
wasn't satisfied by giving the in-  
strument a few swipes up and down  
the pipe, then scraping off some of  
his own grizzled beard, without ben-  
efit of lather.

Danie's place is in some degree  
an expression of his own person-  
ality. From his mother, who he  
says was a well-known singer, he  
says he loves for music and from his  
father his tonorial skill. To com-  
bine the two he placed in his shop  
an old phonograph, which he had  
going when the reporter called.

To prove his spryness he occasi-  
onally jumped up and executed a  
few dance steps, calling out, "I am  
strong and quick, strong and  
quick." In his collection are a lot  
of Caruso records, but he is some-  
what addicted to swing, too. He  
likes the rhythms, particularly  
while he is shaving somebody.

Danie worked in shops on Wal-  
nut and Market streets before he  
established the one on Kosuth  
avenue. He used to be active in  
behalf of the Republicans, he says,  
but he gave that up. Not that he is  
pessimistic, however. He believes  
the party is something like dan-  
druff—you'll think it's out, and  
then, sure enough, it will show up  
again.

St. Louis U. High School Play.  
St. Louis University High School  
students will present their annual  
play, "Whistling in the Dark," to-  
night and tomorrow night at St.  
Louis University Auditorium, 3642  
Lindell boulevard.

"FRESH EGGS"  
Are Much Cheaper  
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## Veteran Barber

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an old phonograph, which he had  
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## ACK BENNY CALLED IN SMUGGLING CASE

To Be Questioned About Jewelry He Bought for Wife, Mary Livingston.

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Jan. 8. — Jack Benny, radio comedian, flew toward New York today to appear before the Federal grand jury investigating jewelry smuggling. On board an airliner at Glendale, Cal., last night, he declined to discuss the case.

"I'm going back to find what it's all about," was all he would say. The New York Daily News said he would be questioned on the purchase of \$1200 in jewelry for his wife, Mary Livingston. Benny is the latest of Hollywood and New York notables called before the grand jury in its investigation centering on the arrest of Albert N. Chaperau. Letters found in Chaperau's possession indicated he had acted as agent in the sale of smuggled finery to many well-known persons. Chaperau, said by Federal agents to be an ex-convict, is accused of using diplomatic immunity to smuggle jewelry and clothing into the United States from Europe. He contends he is a Nicaraguan consular attaché.



TROY MINE, ROUTE 40

**WET WASH**  
Everything from 10¢ to 40¢  
Washing Machine  
10¢ Ea.  
"Washing"  
BUDGET

**LAUNDRY**  
Wash Laundry  
JEFFERSON 3650



conduct of the Illinois  
these:  
ds of business and indi-  
te and dependable trans-  
pleasant service, to make  
agents;  
es which will stimulate  
pe, which will be fair and  
will cover the necessary

road a good place to work  
e wages, giving employees  
iding them with tools to  
r financial obligations in  
maintain our credit and  
or further improvements;  
confidence and good will  
neighbors.

of policy as we enter  
is made on behalf of all  
part in the affairs of the  
tem.

*J. H. Beyer*  
President

# FAMOUS-BARR CO.'S BASEMENT ECONOMY STORE

OPERATED BY MAY DEPT. STORES CO.

WE GIVE AND REDEEM EAGLE STAMPS

DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS TUESDAY

## SAVE 1/2

On the Original Prices of This

## FLOOR SAMPLE FURNITURE

Surplus stocks featured at drastic reductions just before inventory time! Offered Beginning Tuesday! Below are just a few of the many items offered:



## STUDIO COUCHES LESS 1/2

In a variety for every preference & purse! Look at these

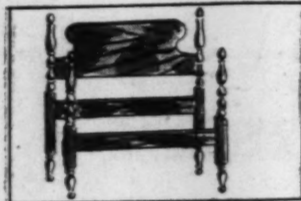
\$55.95 Friezzette Covered Couches	\$27.98
\$48.95 Brown Tapestry Covered Couch	\$24.48
\$39.95 Couch with Bedding Box	\$19.98
\$29.95 Brown Tapestry Covered Couch	\$14.98
\$49.95 Innerspring Base Couches	\$24.98
\$39.95 Brown Tapestry Covered Couch	\$19.98
\$22.95 Comfortable Innerspring Couch	\$11.48
\$56.95 Couch with Bedding Box	\$28.48



**Students' Desks**

\$12.95 Grade! Save 1/2 at — **\$6.48**

Just 12 of these! Modern style with large drawer and convenient shelves. Sturdily built of gumwood in walnut finish.



**Save! Wood Beds**

\$6.95 to \$17.95 Grades! Less 1/2

Walnut or maple finished Beds of gumwood as well as metal Beds in walnut finish. Full and twin sizes... variety of styles.

\$ 5.95 36-in. Chests of Drawers, 5-shelf	\$2.98
\$13.95 Solid Panel, Green Cribs, special	\$5.98
\$21.95 Fiber Settees, 3 spring cushions	\$10.98
\$ 9.95 Fiber Rockers	\$4.98

**10% CASH** on purchases of \$20 or more! Balance Monthly includes small carrying charge.  
Basement Economy Balceny

## SAVE! LUGGAGE!

For Men and Women! Beginning Tuesday at 9!



**Men's Cowhide Gladstone Bags**

24 or 28 In. — **\$5.33**

Black or brown... split cowhide leather.

Women's Fabricoid Cases

18 or 24 In. Size — **\$1.95**

21 or 24 In. Size — **\$2.29**

Choice of black or brown. Special! With two locks.

Women's Striped Canvas Cases

18-inch — **\$4.59**

21-inch — **\$4.79**

24-inch — **\$5.49**

Wardrobes — **\$8.99**

Women's 2-Pc. Co-Ed Sets, \$9.95

Include 18-in. overnite case and matching woven striped canvas wardrobe case.

Zip-Up Bags — **\$2.95 to \$3.79**

Split cowhide leather Bags in black or brown... 18 or 20 inch size.

Basement Economy Store

HERE IT IS! THE RESULT OF A SENSATIONAL PURCHASE!

# Sale!

Beginning Tuesday, Promptly at 9 A. M.

## THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

# Gaylard's

407 NORTH 6TH STREET

## DRESSES AND COATS

Smart, New, Desirable Apparel for Women and Misses Obtained at Extraordinary Price Concessions Because Gaylard's Have Gone Out of Business and Offered in the Basement Economy Store's "Fashion Way"

## AT EXCEPTIONAL SAVINGS

Augmented With Drastically Underpriced Items From Our Own Stocks to Complete Size Ranges! Quantities Are Necessarily Limited! Be Early for Best Selection!

Sizes and Models for Misses and Women in Each Group... but Not in Every Style!

**183—\$1.99, \$2.99 & \$3.99 DRESSES \$1.00**

Daytime frocks; majority in sizes for misses, some for women.

**202—\$2.99, \$3.99 & \$5.00 DRESSES \$1.59**

Styles for daytime and evening wear! Majority in sizes for misses.

**730—\$3.99, \$5.00 & \$6.99 DRESSES \$2.59**

Daytime and evening frocks in a wide selection of sizes for misses and women.

**267—\$6.99, \$7.99 & \$10.99 FROCKS \$3.00**

Daytime, evening styles and costume suits... majority in sizes for misses.

**193—\$10.95 Untrimmed SPORTS COATS \$5.65**

Practical, good-looking styles in sizes for misses and women.

**63—\$12.95, \$16.95 & \$19.95 COATS \$8.65**

Fur-trimmed dress and untrimmed sports styles! For misses and women.

**135—\$16.95, \$19.95 & \$29.95 COATS \$11.65**

Fur-trimmed dress and untrimmed sports styles! For misses and women.

**115—\$25, \$29.95, \$39.95 Furred Coats \$16.65**

Beautifully fur-trimmed dress Coats in sizes for misses and women.

**26—\$3.99 PERSIAN FABRIC BOLEROS \$1.99**

Special group of popular boleros in sizes for misses only.

ALL VALUATIONS BASED ON ORIGINAL GAYLARD'S PRICES

"Fashion Way"—Basement Economy Store



**JUST 75**  
Offered... Exclusively Here!  
Beginning Tuesday at 9 A. M.

## 1939-\$89.50 LIST

# GRUNOWS

8-Tube, Superheterodyne Sets!... Imagine!

**\$39.95**  
and your old set

One of the Most Extraordinary Offerings of Its Kind in Our History! Choose! Save!

Here's a treat indeed—new, powerful, selective sets with a rich tone to add pleasure to your indoor hours! A touch of the button and there's your favorite station! All foreign and domestic stations clearly marked on dial for easy reception! Housed in handsome cabinets that will provide beauty to your home! Hurry to be among the 75 fortunate St. Louisans who'll make selection!

**\$3 CASH** Plus Sales Tax... Balance \$4 monthly includes nominal carrying charge!  
Basement Economy Balceny

## Reflector LAMPS

Distinctively Designed Bases! Sturdily Built!

\$6.95 Value! Special

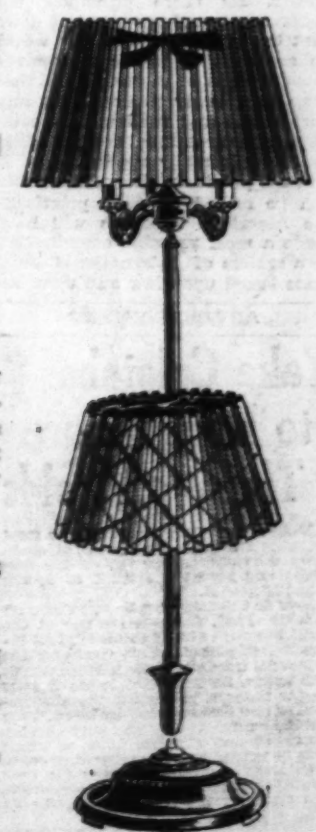
**\$5.74**

Ivory and gold tones or bronze plate finishes. Indirect lighting adjustable for 100, 200 or 300 watt illumination. With paper parchment shades.

**49c Lamp Shades**  
Special at — **42c**

Cellophane wrapped Shades of pleated paper parchment. For junior, table and bridge lamps.

**79c Pictures — Fr. 67c**  
Floral subjects... under glass in gold and ivory tone frames.  
Basement Economy Balceny



## Secretary Hull's Statement Suggesting That World Adopt Principles Stated at Lima

He Points to Program as Way to End  
Prevailing International Lawlessness  
and Anarchy.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9. — The text of Secretary of State Hull's statement on his return from the Pan American Conference at Lima, Peru, follows:

It would not be possible in a short statement to make adequate comment upon the work of the Eighth International Conference of American States. I believe that I can report to you, however, that significant and enduring developments in the relationships of the American Republics took place at Lima. The delegates attending the conference were virtually as one in the view that the conference was an outstanding success and that it set an example for the conduct of international relations by friendly discussion rather than by force and violence.

### Aware of Economic Chaos.

All of the delegates at Lima with whom I had contact were vividly aware of the economic chaos existing in considerable part of the world. They realized that this chaos would eventually involve their own countries unless preventive measures were taken.

Accordingly, the American republics reaffirmed their judgment that a liberal trade policy without excessive restrictions and permitting trade to move along lines of economic advantage and equality was the soundest policy for all, and they renewed their support of this policy. This action was taken in the knowledge that trade arrangements of other kinds in the long run weaken the position of primary producers, retard world markets, lessen economic benefit, and may under some circumstances be used as an instrument of political influence or domination.

It was recognized, too, that this liberal policy was the only one proper to a peaceful trading world, rather than one of competing and force using alliances. By carrying forward this policy with determination the American Republics were seeking not only to suit their economic advantage but also to safeguard their equality and independence.

In so doing, they made it clear that they are ready to co-operate with all nations of the world which care to participate in that program.

**Great Progress Made.**  
The declaration of principles of the solidarity of America, in part constituting a large expansion of the Buenos Aires consultative pact, and the implementation of the procedure of consultation, represent great progress beyond the agreements adopted at former inter-American conferences.

The American republics have made it clear to the world that they stand united to maintain and defend the peace of this hemisphere, their territorial integrity, their principles of international relations, their own institutions and national policies. The declaration of the conference favored the solidarity of America in the protection of its peace and institutions against threats of force or of acts of any nature that might threaten that peace or those institutions.

The agreement upon the declaration was reached in true American fashion by the democratic processes of discussion and conference. As a corollary to the principles on which the declaration of solidarity is based, and as an evidence of their determination not to tolerate subversive activities of aliens in the American hemisphere, the conference adopted a resolution and a declaration on these subjects.

**Lawlessness and Anarchy.**  
Outstanding at the conference was a realization by the delegations that international lawlessness and international anarchy exist in many areas on the earth, and that the situation can be cured and the rights of nations and their peoples can be protected only by acceptance of a system of law and order based ultimately on international justice and good faith.

The conference therefore adopted a resolution setting forth principles which offer a program susceptible of universal application, designed to safeguard the rights of all peoples and all nations — weak and strong. By these principles the conference sought to make it clear that the nations of the new world do not seek to isolate themselves from the rest of the world, but that they do strongly advocate and support sound and fundamental principles of international relations that can be universally applied.

If the public opinion of the world can be rallied to these principles, the American republics will have made a most valuable contribution to a system of international relations based upon law and upon reason.

### ADVERTISEMENT

## Take Calotabs to Help Nature Throw off Colds

Millions have found in Calotabs a most valuable aid in the treatment of colds. They take one or two tablets the first night and repeat the third or fourth night if needed.

How do Calotabs help Nature throw off a cold? First, Calotabs are one of the most thorough and dependable of all intestinal stimulants. They eliminate the intestinal tract of any virus-laden mucus and toxins. Second, Calotabs are diuretic to the kidneys, thus eliminating the cold poisons from the blood. Thus Calotabs serve the double purpose of a purgative and diuretic, both of which may be needed in the treatment of colds. Calotabs are quite economical; only twenty-five cents for the family package, ten cents for the trial package. — (adv.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.

The text of Secretary of State Hull's statement on his return from the Pan American Conference at Lima, Peru, follows:

Co-operation Strengthened.  
The United States, in accordance with our traditional policy, did not desire or intend to seek political or military alliances at the Lima conference. It did hope that the American republics would continue to strengthen their co-operation in support of an inter-American and world program that will bring peace, economic welfare and a recognition of human rights. That hope was fully realized.

This broad program was further strengthened and advanced by the study given to and plans made for a broad interchange in educational, professional and scientific fields. The basis for genuine understanding among the peoples of the American republics has been extended and reinforced.

The Government of Peru, which acted as host to the conference, is to be congratulated upon the accomplishments of the conference. The officials of the Peruvian Government who were charged with the arrangements for the conference displayed statesmanship, efficiency and tact. The hospitality and courtesy shown to all of the delegations and to the many other foreign visitors who were present in Lima during the conference deserve the approbation and thanks of all of us.

**Praise for His Colleagues.**  
At this time I also wish to pay tribute to the splendid co-operation and loyal work of the members of our own delegation. Those who followed the proceedings of the conference will agree, I believe, that our delegates gave every evidence that in the fundamentals of inter-American relations there is unity of purpose on the part of the people of the United States regardless of political or other affiliations of a domestic character. That fact greatly increased the effectiveness of the work of our delegation.

I return from the conference with the conviction that its results will be of real and permanent value and that as time goes on the far-reaching effects of the principles there enunciated will become more apparent and significant. Those principles offer a charter for international conduct, based upon equality, justice and freedom — the indispensable foundation of peaceful and friendly relations among the nations of the world.

## PHYSICIAN WHOSE WIFE WAS TRIED FOR MURDER DIES AT 71

Dr. Edwin Carman Insisted Mate Was Innocent; Second Jury Acquitted Her.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9. — Dr. Edwin Carman, whose wife, Florence, was the defendant in a sensational murder nearly 25 years ago, died yesterday at Merrick, Long Island. He was 71 years old.

Mrs. Carman was tried twice for shooting Mrs. Louise Bailey in Dr. Carman's office at Freeport in 1914. The first trial ended in a jury disagreement; the second in acquittal. Mrs. Bailey, a stranger to Dr. Carman, called at his office on the evening of June 30, 1914, and was about to leave when a pane of glass in the window was smashed, a hand grasping a pistol was thrust through and a shot was fired. Mrs. Bailey was mortally wounded.

Mrs. Carman was suspected of the shooting when it developed that she had bought a recording device a short time before and installed it in her husband's office, presumably because she was jealous of some of his women patients.

Dr. Carman insisted his wife was innocent. She and a daughter survive.

## MILD OUTBREAK OF SMALL POX PROMPTS VACCINATION PLEA

Persons Who Have Not Been Immunized in Last Five Years Are Urged to Do So.

All persons not vaccinated against smallpox within the last five to seven years are being urged by city and county health authorities to be vaccinated as a result of a mild outbreak of the disease recently, with nine cases in the city and one in the county.

The situation, so far, has not become as serious as a year ago, when there were about 75 cases in this district. There have been no fatalities from the disease in the city in several years.

Dr. J. Earl Smith, head of the communicable disease section of the City Health Division, said to a Post-Dispatch reporter today that one of the victims, now in Isolation Hospital, was a dentist, who caught the disease from another person in his office building. All of the dentist's patients have been re-immunized, Dr. Smith said.

## FRATERNITY HOUSE QUARANTINE

Zeta Beta Tau Member at Washington U. Gets Scarlet Fever.  
Seven Washington University students, members of Zeta Beta Tau fraternity, were quarantined for a week in their fraternity house at 6189 Westminister place, when Samuel Haspel, a junior in the university business school, became ill with scarlet fever Saturday night. Haspel was taken from the fraternity house to Isolation Hospital. His home is at Memphis, Tenn.

Store Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

# FAMOUS-BARR CO.

OPERATED BY MAY DEPT. STORES CO.

DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS TUESDAY

## UNRESTRICTED CHOICE OF \$110 TO \$159.95 WINTER COATS



SUPERBLY FURRED IN

Silver Fox  
Blended Mink  
Persian Lamb

STARTING TUESDAY AT

# \$88

You've hoped for just such a savings chance as this—a fortunate special purchase and radical reductions from stock make it possible for you now. Glorious fitted and box Coats with entire sleeves, lavish collars and panels of the three furs outstanding this season —and next! YOUR Coat is here, at \$88!

Misses', Women's  
and Half Sizes,  
but Choose Early!  
No Special Orders!

Famous-Barr Co.'s Coat Shop  
—Fourth Floor

## CLEARANCE! MEN'S WINTERWEIGHT UNION SUITS

\$2.00 MAYKNIT UNION SUITS

Of 90% cotton and 10% wool Union Suits in short-sleeve or long-sleeve, ankle-length styles . . . long wearing, snug fitting. 36 to 46. **\$1.19**

\$6.50 MAYKNIT UNION SUITS

Half silk . . . half wool . . . a lightweight, soft but warm material that's one of St. Louis' foremost \$6.50 Unions Winter after Winter. 36 to 46. **\$3.25**

Second Floor

Last Day! JANUARY SALE

## "SAVINGS RUN RAMPANT" SLIPS, LINGERIE

SAMPLE \$1.98 TO \$14.98  
LINGERIE AND \$2.98 TO  
\$7.98 SAMPLE SLIPS AT **1/3 OFF**

Spectacularly lovely Gowns, Pajamas, Panties and Slips at Impressive savings! Both tailored and lace trimmed styles. Buy and save tremendously!

\$1.59 PHILIPPINE GOWNS

All sewn by hand and neatly scalloped. Made of fine nainsook. White and peach. **94c**

"MISS CO-ED" AND OTHER SLIPS

Shadow panel silk crepes, Bemberg rayon satin, also Suzy-Q Slips. Tearose and white. **\$1.74**

EA.

It's "FAMOUS" for Slips and Lingerie—Fifth Floor



3600 PRS. IRREGULAR  
\$1.00 TO \$1.15 SHEER  
HOSE! TUESDAY

**66c**

From a manufacturer who makes only sheer hose and is particular about the hose he classes as top quality! The irregularities will in no way impair the wear or appearance of these hose! Two-thread crepe chiffons in seasonable shades. Sizes 8 1/2 to 10.

It's "FAMOUS" for Hosiery—Main Floor

JEAN ABBEY

Speaks Tuesday at 11  
Over KMOX

Her program is dedicated to babies, showing how Famous-Barr Co. can help to add to their health and happiness.



50c ORANGE  
SUNSHINE  
CAKE

**39c**

Large, fluffy Sunshine Cake made with purest ingredients. Covered with orange icing!

Large 30c Cream Cake 25c  
30c Mince Pie — 27c  
Bake Shop—Basement Economy Store



"NO-DROP"  
SYRUP  
DISPENSER

WITH 1 LB.  
OF HONEY **\$1**

This handy Dispenser has attractive Chrome-plated No-Drip top, a colorful bone handle, and a glass container filled with one pound of pure Clover Honey. Container is refillable, and may be used for any liquid, or as a sugar dispenser.

Pantry Shelf—Basement Economy Store

A DOZEN  
Daily in the

PART TWO

## 12 PASSENGERS RESCUED FROM SHIP IN STORM

11 Taken Off by Life  
After Freighter  
Aground in Philip  
Reach Manila.

ONE SENT ASHORE  
IN BREECHES

Crews of Wrecked  
and of Rescue  
Praised — Officers  
on Stricken Boat.

By the Associated Press.

MANILA, Jan. 9.—A party of 12 passengers, 11 of whom were women, were rescued from a grounded freighter Hoegh-crest arrived in Manila aboard a sister ship, the Silvercrest.

When the 3360-ton Hoegh-crest ran hard aground on the southeast tip of Luzon Island last night, it felt like a slight quake, said Mr. and Mrs. O'Leary of Reno, Nev., and A. Graham of Sacramento, among the first of the passengers to land.

All passengers were safely rescued from the vessel grounded. The ship came calmly from their call, said Mrs. O'Leary, and learned the ship had gone ashore, said there was no panic among the passengers, although they had unpleasant hours when the ship was smashed over the side, and the boat deck and washed ashore.

Members of Both Crews Praised.  
Officers and members of the vessel's crew were highly commended for their bravery in transferring the passengers from the grounded ship to the Silvercrest in towering seas without mishap.

The passengers were praised for their calmness in the face of the disaster in which they worked. G. H. Newport, a twelfth grader, was rescued by a buoy when increasing seas made further lifeboat hazardous. Officers of the vessel Steamship Agency, Manila, representatives for the Hoegh-crest, said he would arrive by train tonight.

Crewmen of the Hoegh-crest, apparently despairing of rescue by boat because of the seas, finally succeeded in a line ashore and had landed when the Silvercrest's boats again came tossing in the waves.

Captain Stays on Ship.  
The captain and officers of the Silvercrest remained aboard ship, which was receiving the passengers from the grounded vessel. It was said the vessel's condition probably would not permit the vessel to leave until the weather moderated, effort may then be made to tow the ship. One tug was standing by and another is on the way from Manila.

No reason for the ship's being given up officially, believed severe storms to be steaming off its course as the mouth of San Bernardino. The Silvercrest was from San Francisco.



TO-DAY

Let the Nor'way Freeze dealer "check" your car. you can be sure of complete and safe protection.

Nor'way  
Reliable Service  
ANTI-FREEZE

A PRODUCT OF THE COMMERCIAL SOLVENTS CO.

PART TWO

## 12 PASSENGERS RESCUED FROM SHIP IN STORM

11 Taken Off by Lifeboats  
After Freighter Goes  
Aground in Philippines  
Reach Manila.

## ONE SENT ASHORE IN BREECHES BUOY

Crews of Wrecked Vessel  
and of Rescue Craft  
Praised — Officers Stay  
on Stricken Boat.

By the Associated Press.

MANILA, Jan. 9.—Apparently none the worse for their experiences, 11 passengers of the grounded freighter Hoegh Silvercrest arrived in Manila today aboard a sister ship, the Silverview. When the 3360-ton Hoegh Silvercrest ran hard aground on the southeast tip of Luzon Island Friday night, it felt like a slight earthquake, said Mr. E. M. O'Leary of Reno, Nev., and Miss A. Graham of Sacramento, Cal., among the first of the passengers to land.

All passengers were asleep when the vessel grounded. Everyone came calmly from their cabins, said Miss Graham, and learned that the ship had gone ashore. She said there was no panic among the passengers, although they had a few unpleasant hours when huge waves smashed over the ship, caved in the boat deck and washed away the hospital there.

Members of Both Crews Praised. Officers and members of the crew were highly commended. The boat crews of the Silverview, who transferred the passengers from the grounded ship to the Silverview in towering seas without mishap, were praised for the expert manner in which they worked.

G. H. Newport, a twelfth passenger, was rescued by breeches buoy when increasing high seas made further lifeboat rescues too hazardous. Officers of the Roosevelt Steamship Agency, Manila representatives for the Hoegh Silvercrest, said he would arrive here by train tonight.

Crewmen of the Hoegh Silvercrest, apparently despairing of rescue by boat because of the high seas, finally succeeded in getting a line ashore and had landed Newport when the Silverview's lifeboats again came tossing across the waves.

Captain Stays on Ship. The captain and officers of the Silvercrest remained aboard the ship, which was receiving a severe battering on the exposed point.

It was said the vessel's exact condition probably would not be known until the weather moderated. An effort may then be made to refloat the ship. One tug was standing by and another is on the way to the scene from Manila.

No reason for the ship's grounding was given officially, but it is believed severe storms threw the steamer off its course as she neared the mouth of San Bernardino strait. The Silvercrest was Manila-bound from San Francisco.

## W. VIRGINIA OWES ITSELF BACK TAXES AND CAN'T PAY BILL

Apparently 5000 Acres of State-Owned Coal Land Will Have to Be Auctioned.

By the Associated Press.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 9.—The State of West Virginia owes itself four years' delinquent taxes on between 5000 and 6000 acres of undeveloped coal land.

Apparently there is no money to pay the bill. The property must go back to the Sheriff, officials said today, to be auctioned off with other delinquent properties unless some department can find the money to redeem the property from the Commissioner of Forfeited Lands.

The property was deeded to the State last Dec. 31 by the Raleigh Coal Co., a non-resident corporation.

## FIVE HELD IN INQUIRY INTO ACCIDENT FAKING

Mother, Daughter Said to Admit Part in Claims on Which \$475 Was Collected.

Three Negro women and two Negro men, one a physician, are being held by police in an investigation of an accident-faking ring. Policemen said two of the women, a mother and daughter, had admitted faking accidents or making fraudulent claims in which \$475 was collected from three business concerns and the city.

Detective-Lieutenant Ira L. Cooper said one of the women, Margaret Young, 3125 Lucas avenue, admitted three fake claims in 1937. She was quoted as saying one of the men assisted her in a fake accident at Kroger Grocery Co. store at 3132 Easton avenue, on Dec. 12, 1937, by dropping lard on the floor where she could slip on it.

Cooper said she received \$125. Cooper said the admitted faking injuries after she had been hit by a Page street car in January, 1937, for which she collected \$125 from the Public Service Co., and faking a fall at an ice cream store in the 3200 block of Franklin avenue, for which she was paid \$125. Her mother, Geraldine Tatum, also of the Lucas avenue address, was quoted by Cooper as admitting fraudulent claims in connection with a fall in front of 2447 Franklin avenue, last Sept. 10. She collected \$100 from the city, Cooper said.

Leona Rucker, another daughter of Geraldine Tatum, is being held for investigation in connection with her claim against the city for a fall in front of 317 North Jefferson avenue. She was quoted as saying she was advised by one of the men to go to the physician for treatment and to file the claim.

Cooper said Marguerite Young and her mother asserted they turned over part of the money received from the claims to the same man. The man admitted borrowing money from one of the women, but denied taking part in the accidents, Cooper said. The physician said he had treated one of the women following an accident, but declared he had no part in preparing claims.

## SPANISH REBELS SAY BRITISH PRO-CONSUL TRIED TO FLEE

Official Reported to Have Been Arrested When Preparing to Leave on English Ship.

By the Associated Press.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, Jan. 9.—The Spanish insurgent newspaper Diario Vasco said yesterday that Ernest Golding, British pro-consul at San Sebastian, who is suspected of complicity in a spy plot, was arrested when trying to escape on a British boat from Guipuzcoa port.

Golding and his wife were reportedly held for investigation by insurgents Jan. 2 following the discovery of an incriminating document in a British mail bag recently at Irun, Spain, near the French frontier.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Foreign officials said today that Ernest Golding returned voluntarily to insurgent territory from France upon learning of the discovery of alleged espionage documents in a British mail bag several days ago at Irun.

## MATADOR JEERED AND CHEERED

Angered, He Hisses and Wins Bull's Ear for Exceptional Skill.

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 9.—Spanish Matador Laserna received one of the noisiest jeerings in the history of the 150-year-old Plaza de Acho yesterday when he appeared to lack courage and art in dispatching the second bull of the afternoon.

One bleacher hurled an ice cream cone which struck Laserna on the head. Laserna was so mortified that he wept. Then, becoming angry, he rallied to such effect in fighting the fourth bull that he was cheered and awarded one of the bull's ears — a tribute to exceptional skill. A policeman nabbed the ice cream cone thrower.

## MAN WALKING ON ROAD KILLED, WOMAN HURT

Driver of Auto That Hit Pair in Crystal City Freed on Bond for Inquest.

Ed Childers of Crystal City, a WPA worker, was killed and Mrs. Julia Vinyard, also of Crystal City, was seriously injured when struck by an automobile when walking on Rock road, in Crystal City, Saturday night. He was 63 years old.

The driver of the car, Charles Burgett, Negro, Crystal City, told Coroner Frank S. Frazier of Jefferson County that the two were walking down the middle of the road and that he did not see them. He was released on bond pending an inquest, which was delayed pending Mrs. Vinyard's recovery. There were no other witnesses to the accident.

Mrs. Vinyard suffered a compound fracture of the right leg and was taken to St. Luke's Hospital. She is 50 years old.

## Three Charges Filed Against Driver After Auto Rams Another.

W. Francis Niedringhaus, an insurance broker, 10 Westmoreland place, was booked for Police Court on charges of driving while intoxicated, careless driving and operating an automobile without a city license after his car ran into the

back of another machine at Forth and Skinker boulevards at 9 o'clock yesterday morning.

The other car was driven by Dr. Raleigh K. Andrews, 7633 Maryland avenue, Clayton. Niedringhaus, 43 years old, was treated at City Hospital for lacerations of the forehead and abrasions of the knee. His hearing was set for Friday.

Herman Martens, manager of a produce company at 1601 South Ninth street, found a woman's hat on the running board of his truck when he parked it in front of his place of business early yesterday. Unaware that he had struck anyone, he notified police, and investigation disclosed that at Eighth and Hickory streets, along the route Martens had followed, a blind man and a woman had been slightly injured by a truck.

They were William Dunn and Miss Carrie Hissman, both of 5195 Hickory, who were treated at City Hospital and taken home.

## Patrolman Injured.

Patrolman Martin J. Forde of the Laclede Avenue District suffered a broken leg last night when he walked into the side of a taxicab at Jefferson avenue and Market place. The cab was driven by William Palm, Negro, 2907 Dickson street, who told police he did not see the officer. He was placed under bond. Forde was taken to De Paul Hospital.

Edward Green, a coal miner, 4501 Ammel street, Belleville, suffered a skull fracture when struck by an automobile early yesterday on North Belt Highway, near West Main street, Belleville. He was taken to St. Elizabeth's Hospital there. Herbert Newgent Sr., 1710 Belmont avenue, East St. Louis, told police

Green was walking down the middle of the highway and stepped suddenly into the path of Newgent's car.

Car Goes in Ditch, Two Hurt. Miss Ann Tweedy of 4226A Virginia avenue, and Paul Chambers, 7811 Minnesota avenue, were injured when an automobile in which they were riding ran into a ditch on Cliff Cave road near Telegraph road, St. Louis County, early yesterday.

Miss Tweedy suffered a brain concussion and fractured ribs. Chambers face lacerations. Both were taken to City Hospital and Chambers was later taken home. The driver of the car, Raymond Ryan, 7401 Minnesota, told police he failed to see a curve in the road.

## DIES TRYING TO SAVE HER SON

Woman Trapped in Fire From Which He Had Already Escaped.

By the Associated Press.

WARREN, Ark., Jan. 9.—Mrs. W. H. Atkinson, 64 years old, died today attempting to save a son whom she believed to be trapped on an upper floor of her burning home. The son, Dean Atkinson, 26, had already escaped by leaping from a window after suffering painful but not serious burns. As the mother reached the upper floor the structure collapsed.

## TRAINING PAYS

Skilled workers are in demand. Practical Day and Evening instruction offered in 13 trades. Learn by doing in a school not operated for profit. Enroll now. THE DAVID HARKEN JR. School of Mechanical Trades, St. Louis, Mo.

Man Killed, Six Students Hurt. WAUKESHA, Ill., Jan. 9.—One man was killed and six Northwestern University students were injured yesterday when two automobiles collided at an intersection 10 miles northwest of here. Robert Hildebrandt, 26 years old, of Chicago, driver of the one car, was killed. Francis Purtell, 21, Milwaukee, a football player at Northwestern, was one of the injured.

## POLIDENT CHANGES FALSE TEETH CLEAN- ING FROM A PROBLEM TO A PLEASURE



Plates can get a stained "dead" look when cleaned by inefficient methods. Polident brightens them—makes gums look more alive and natural. Polident prevents sore gums due to unclean dentures. Plates feel cooler and more comfortable—your mouth fresher and sweeter. Offensive breath is so common among denture wearers that dentists call it "denture breath". Polident prevents denture breath.

## Do your stained plates shout— "FALSE TEETH"?

Keep them sweet and purified—clean as new—with POLIDENT

Why let tell-tale stains or "denture breath" tell the whole world your teeth are false? Learn what a real pleasure they can be when kept clean and purified like new... sweeter, cooler, more comfortable and hygienic—with Polident.

Prevent Denture Breath. Even worst old stains, deposits, tarnish and odors are dissolved away right before your eyes! No brushing, acid or danger. Millions use Polident daily and call it a blessing for comfort and convenience. Leading dentists everywhere recommend it for all who wear a plate or removable bridge.

Try Polident today and see what a difference it makes. At all drugstores—3 oz. can 30¢—7 oz. can 60¢. And your money back if not delighted.



## SKIING IS EXCITING!—"But don't let nerve tension spoil your fun..."

# LET UP—LIGHT UP A CAMEL

advises HANS THORNER

Skiing expert and director of the Mount Washington (N. H.) Swiss Ski School



MODERN SKIING is a telling test of skill, stamina, and nerve-power. Judgment must be keen, balance perfect, for a single slip may mean quick disaster. Nerves simply must not waver. Skiers, particularly, know how well it pays to protect their nerves—to rest them frequently—by letting up—lighting up a Camel.



BETWEEN ORGANIZING CLASSES, checking up on equipment, giving exhibitions, and arranging a host of other activities, there's plenty of nerve strain in Hans Thorner's day too! Above you see him taking his own advice about the way to avoid getting tense, jittery. He's letting up to light up a Camel. "It's a grand way to break nerve tension," says Thorner. "I find Camels quite soothing to the nerves."

HUNDREDS OF SKIERS have made their debut to this fascinating winter sport under Hans Thorner's expert guidance. One skiing principle he stresses is: "Don't let your nerves get tense, keyed-up." His advice to pupils: "Pause regularly—LET UP—LIGHT UP A CAMEL"



"AN ACCOUNTANT'S WORK calls for absolute accuracy," says Mr. C. W. McArthur, "and that means long, hard concentration with plenty of nerve strain. My rule to avoid tension is to ease off now and then—to let up—light up a Camel. I find Camels are soothing."



DOROTHY LEWIS, featured at the Iridium Room, Hotel St. Regis, New York City, skates brilliantly on a room-size sheet of ice. She says: "Whirlwind spins, turns, twists are nerve straining. I soothe away nerve tension every chance I get—I let up—light up a Camel."



WHEN BUSY, STRENUOUS days put your nerves on the spot, take a tip from the wire fox terrier pictured here. Despite his almost humanly complex nerve system, he quickly halts after any activity, to relax—to ease his nerves. So often, we humans ignore this instinctive urge to break nerve tension. We may even take pride in our will to drive on relentlessly, forgetting that tiring nerves may soon be jittery nerves! Yet the welfare of your nerves is really vital to your success, to your happiness. Make it your pleasant rule to pause regularly—to LET UP—LIGHT UP A CAMEL. Start today—add an extra measure of comfort to your smoking with Camel's finer, costlier tobaccos.



COSTLIER TOBACCOS  
Smoke 6 packs of Camels and find out why they are the LARGEST-SELLING CIGARETTE IN AMERICA

## Smokers find Camel's Costlier Tobaccos are Soothing to the Nerves



JEAN ABBEY  
Speaks Tuesday at 11  
Over KMOX

Her program is dedicated to babies, showing how Famous-Barr Co. can help to add to their health and happiness.



50c ORANGE  
SUNSHINE  
CAKE

39c

Large, fluffy Sunshine Cake made with purest ingredients. Covered with orange icing!

Large 30c Cream Cake 25c  
30c Mince Pie — 27c  
Bake Shop—Basement Economy Store



"NO-DRIP"  
SYRUP  
DISPENSER

WITH 1 LB.  
OF HONEY \$1

This handy Dispenser has attractive Chrome-plated No-Drip top, a colorful bone handle, and a glass container filled with one pound of pure Clover Honey. Container is refillable, and may be used for any liquid, or as a sugar dispenser.

Pantry Shelf—Basement Economy Store



TO-DAY!

Let the Nor'way Anti-Freeze dealer "wint-check" your car. Then you can be sure of complete and safe radiator protection.

NOR'WAY  
Reliable Service  
ANTI-FREEZE  
A PRODUCT OF  
THE COMMERCIAL SOLVENTS CORPORATION





## FARMERS REQUEST U. S. TO GIVE BACK PLEDGED COTTON

In Return for Plan to Cost \$80,000,000, They Offer Additional Voluntary Cut in Acreage.

### PRESENT PROGRAM'S CONTINUANCE URGED

Growers' Spokesman Says Aid Should Be Financed "in Same Way as Army, Navy and Relief."

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Farmers from cotton states asked Congress today to expand the crop reduction features of the present Farm Act by a plan that would cost at least \$80,000,000 above present farm benefits.

Meeting with more than 20 Senators and Representatives, spokesmen for the cotton growers asked that 11,000,000 bales on which the Government already has made loans be returned to growers in lieu of new crop production.

For several days the growers have been discussing the world cotton surplus with representatives of the Agriculture Department.

Want Allocations Continued.

Ransom Aldrich, president of the Mississippi Farm Bureau Federation, acted as spokesman for the cotton growers at today's meeting.

He said the growers wanted to continue allocations made under the present program and add to them a "voluntary" reduction plan by which growers could cut acreage from 20 to 75 per cent in addition to the announced program.

In exchange, he proposed that they receive bales now piling up under the Government loan plan.

Aldrich estimated that this would take at least 2,000,000 bales out of the surplus now piled up under Government loan.

Several Senators, noting that cotton was now worth \$40 a bale and the program would cost the Government upwards of \$80,000,000, asked how it would be financed.

Aldrich replied that was "a problem for Congress," but that growers thought the cotton problem should be financed in the same way as funds for the navy, army, relief and other Government activities.

Critics Not United on Plan.

Administration supporters in Congress, it was learned, may follow the old principle of "divide and rule" in trying to keep the crop control system from being revamped.

Republican gains in the farm belt last November have encouraged critics of the farm program to renew their demands for basic changes in policy.

Some legislators said today, however, that a major obstacle to a successful attack on the present program lay in the failure of its opponents to rally around one substitute on which all could agree. It will be to the administration's advantage, they pointed out, for this condition to continue.

The critics' nearest approach to a common ground was in the so-called domestic allotment plan. Last year this plan lost in the Senate 46 to 40.

'NO MORAL OBLIGATION TO OBEY UNREASONABLE LAW'

Archbishop McNicholas of Cincinnati Says So in Sermon in Washington.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Most Rev. John T. McNicholas, Archbishop of Cincinnati, said yesterday there was no moral obligation to observe an unreasonable law.

He preached at a service at Catholic University invoking divine guidance for the new Congress and all civil officials.

"An ordinance that is manifestly absurd cannot be the essential subject matter of a law," he said. "Many of our so-called laws violate this canon of reasonableness according to the judgment of informed and right thinking men."

He added that it was tragic that adoration of the State was growing everywhere.

"The culmination," he said, "is in the atheistic totalitarian state."

ADULT EDUCATION TEACHERS IN W P A SEEK UNION CHARTER

20 of 175 Instructors in City and County Sign Application at Meeting.

Steps to form a union of the 175 teachers employed by the WPA for adult education in St. Louis and St. Louis County were taken yesterday at a meeting of about 20 of the teachers at Carpenters' Hall, 1411 North Grand boulevard.

Those present signed an application for a charter from the American Federation of Teachers, an A. F. of L. affiliate.

Paul W. Preiser, district vice-president of the teachers' union, who presided at the meeting, said the WPA teachers wanted to organize to work for retention of the projects on which they are employed.

A resolution asking Congress for further appropriations was adopted.

## Roosevelt Attack on Dictatorships Viewed as Giving Democracies New Life in Drive to Stop Hitler

British and French Already Considering Idea of Abandoning Appeasement and Using Economic and Political Sanctions.

By DEWITT MACKENZIE, Associated Press Foreign Affairs Writer.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—We were in MID-Atlantic, returning home from visiting an ill and worried Europe, when the wireless brought us a flash from President Roosevelt's congressional message chastising the dictatorships and (in the minds of many observers) indicating how they might be brought to terms by the democracies without war.

Jewish refugees who crowded out ship, fleeing from the wrath of anti-Semitism to America, read the news with a wonder which had been growing steadily since they first stepped aboard and discovered that nobody was going to hurt them. Where they came from it wasn't helpful to speak of the rulers in any but terms of respect and approval.

Shortly we got another flash from London saying that people there were "electrified" by the presidential message. Some were inclined to interpret it as giving hope that, if it came to a showdown, America might side with the democracies against the totalitarian states. That is what the English-French combination anxiously wants to believe, and they grasp eagerly at anything tending to substantiate that idea.

Failure of Munich Admitted.

It wasn't until arrival in New York that the text of Roosevelt's communication was available. It then seemed apparent, by putting two and two together, that the President had set down a conclusion which the European democracies have just reached reluctantly but which their harassed Government had been too busy to place before their publics.

"A war which threatened to envelop the world in flames has been averted," declared the President, "but it has become increasingly clear that peace is not assured."

Many in the old world now feel that Munich and the other attempts to attain tranquility apparently have been largely in vain, and that "peace has not been assured."

That's a pretty tough admission for European statesmen to have to make, with the dismemberment of Czechoslovakia only three months past and the now somewhat weather-stained banner of "appeasement" still fluttering from the battlements of democracy.

Roosevelt has done for them what they undoubtedly wanted to do themselves, but did not dare, fearing they would be accused of having backed the wrong horse these many tragic months.

Hardening of Democracies' Attitude.

The message comes at a turning point in the attitude of the European democracies toward Germany and Italy—mainly Germany.

The President has, designedly or otherwise, given France and England a badly-needed new lead which could enable them without too great embarrassment to push into the background British Premier Chamberlain's policy of appeasement toward the dictators and adopt the more two-fronted policy which they now apparently believe is called for. And he would seem to have implemented it when he said: "War is not the only means of commanding a decent respect for the opinions of mankind."

Rightly or wrongly, a good many observers on both sides of the Atlantic assumed that Roosevelt was talking about the application of economic sanctions. Whether he was or not, I know that English and French statesmen a little prior to my sailing for America were trying to get very quiet, having just arrived at the conclusion that there is more than one way to skin a cat.

Hitler the Key Figure.

Here is the way things stood at that time:

Virtually the entire issue revolves about the dominating figure of Adolf Hitler. If you want to know the fate of the old world you have first to determine the future of this man who, since his triumph in the Czech-Slovak crisis, stands astride Europe like a colossus.

Within very recent days some of the leaders of European democracy have decided that Hitler must be opposed more forcefully. This decision has been hastened probably by what they feel to be the reversal of their public to the revulsion of the Munich settlement, and subsequent activities of the Rome-Berlin axis.

The first reaction to Munich was one of rejoicing that war had been averted. Since then, however, there has been a marked change of feeling which I understand from sources that I do not question, includes even Premier Chamberlain, an astonishing change of front from the ultra-conservative "gentlemen with an umbrella" who for long and bitter months stuck firmly to his policy of appeasement toward the dictators and who meets Mussolini in Rome this week.

Some statesmen of the democracies now say that, having tried everything they know in the way of moral suasion, they are prepared to admit Hitler will not respond to any further appeals and that he has now one inch from the program he laid down long ago.

So the answer to that, they say, must be in a stiffening of attitude.

Two Kinds of Sanctions.

Barring war, a method for bringing this about is named as political or economic actions, or both.

The greatest danger which the Nazi Government faces at this moment is that of the admittedly strained economic situation in Germany. Observers say that should anything happen to make the public so fed up with the German situation that they would be pinched, the consequences obviously would present fresh difficulties for the government.

That, of course, is where the idea of applying economic sanctions to Germany comes in. Most experts believe that the German economy and America should by any chance decide to combine economically against Germany, they could create a wholly nasty position for the Fatherland.

Anyway, many leaders of the European democracies are turning with the idea of applying economic pressure, among other things. It must be admitted, however, that thus far little of a concrete nature has developed to indicate that such action was actually being prepared.

Meaning that many are making progress along the road which he has chosen to follow. An economic expert told me the other day in Europe that the Reich is much stronger economically than it was six months ago, due to the annexation of Austria and part of Czechoslovakia and the German economy is becoming stronger.

Effort for Ukraine in Spring.

Hitler is expected to try for control of the Russian Ukraine—one of the world's richest territories—in the spring. It is generally agreed that neither France nor England will interfere if he proceeds discreetly and doesn't force them to intervene. France has a defensive military alliance with Russia, but is not committed to aid Russia unless Hitler makes a direct and unprovoked attack against the Soviet Union. It is believed he will proceed by indirect action as he did in the case of Czechoslovakia—inspire the Ukrainians to do the job.

Control of the Ukraine would still further rearm Germany's economic strength. Each succeeding month bids fair to make Hitler stronger.

Thus it becomes obvious that the new-born idea of the democracies to stop Hitler is far from free of complications. However, my information is that the English-French combination intends to proceed with deliberation to seek a definite solution. While this is going on they will continue to rush their rearmament program.

If the fate decree that the final showdown shall be war, it is likely to be long deferred. Experts agree generally that there is no greater chance of a general upheaval in the immediate future. Hitler should be able to solve his Ukrainian puzzle without precipitating a general conflict.

DEATH OF MAN IN HOTEL AT TRENTON, MO., UNDER INQUIRY

Body of Charles Weesner, Who Lived Near Humphreys, Found in Washroom.

By the Associated Press.

TRENTON, Mo., Jan. 8.—The death of Charles Weesner, 50 years old, whose body was found in a hotel washroom here, is under police investigation. Relatives said he had more than \$50 when he left his home near Humphreys, Mo., last Saturday, but officers found only a penny in his clothes.

Mrs. Lillie Asenfelder, a waitress at the Peyton Hotel, where Weesner was found dead, said he came in for a cup of coffee about 3 a. m. Monday. At 9 o'clock Frank M. Clark, the hotel porter, saw him in the washroom, but thought he was asleep. Others who saw him thought the same. It was not until 4 p. m. that hotel employees discovered he was dead.

Dr. J. F. Fair, coroner, said Weesner had been dead several hours. Weesner's stomach and heart were sent to a hospital in Kansas City for analysis. His body was released for burial after a coroner's jury had viewed it. No verdict has been returned.

NEGRO 'POLICY KING' IN GARY SHOT TO DEATH IN AUTO

Fired on When He Sits in Auto; Killed in Two Days.

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—Walter J. Kelly, tavern and hotel owner of Gary, Ind., was shot and killed last night in the third gang-style killing in this area in two days.

Kelly, a 49-year-old Negro, said by Police Sergeant Michael McFadden to be a "policy and lottery king" of Northern Indiana Negro districts, was hit by a shotgun charge from a passing automobile as he sat in his car on a Chicago street. An unidentified companion fled.

Police sought to learn if the killing had any connection with those of Robert Lewis, 23, and John Balma, 26, Lewis's body, with four bullet wounds, was found Saturday night beside his expensive automobile near Hinesdale, Ill. Sheriff Elmer H. Hines of Page County blamed "racketeering in slot machines."

Balma was found dead, shot eight times, in his automobile Saturday on a main street of Joliet, Ill. He had been questioned three weeks ago, Police Chief Nicholas Fornango of Joliet said, about slot machine robberies.

## ARMS EMBARGO ISSUE PRESSED ON CONGRESS

Rival Mass Meetings to Be Held in Washington Tonight on Spanish Question.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Congress is being bombarded with statements and resolutions opposing and approving the embargo on arms shipments to Spain.

Organizations representing opposite points of view on the question will hold rival mass meetings here tonight. They are the National Conference to Lift the Embargo against Republican Spain and the Keep the Spanish Embargo Committee.

Each has an imposing list of prominent persons siding with it. Among those listed as sponsors of the National Conference to Lift the Embargo are Mrs. Louis D. Brandeis, wife of the Supreme Court Justice, and Edwin S. Smith, a member of the National Labor Relations Board.

Upton Sinclair's Message.

Upton Sinclair, the author, said in a message to the national conference that imposition of the embargo was "the blackest shame and also the stupidest blunder in American history."

The conference also reported messages of support from President William Allen Nelson of Smith College, and Methodist Bishop Edward L. Parsons of San Francisco.

Irwin Laughlin, former Ambassador to Spain, will address the Keep the Spanish Embargo Committee. Another speaker is to be the Mgr. Fulton J. Sheen of Catholic University.

In a statement yesterday, Edward J. Heffron, secretary of the committee, asserted most of the pressure on President Roosevelt and Congress to lift the embargo was coming from "Communist sources."

He said the Keep the Spanish Embargo Committee was neither pro-Franco nor pro-loyalist, but was standing for "a firm neutrality."

The committee is sponsored by the National Council of Catholic Bishops.

Fernando de los Rios, the Spanish Ambassador, took public notice of reports that the church is opposed in loyalist territory. He invited American Catholics to visit Spain, asserting they could see for themselves that mass was being said regularly and churches were being reopened.

Religious tolerance and freedom of worship, he said, were fundamental principles of the Spanish Republic.

The American Congress for Peace and Democracy, now meeting in Congress, asked Congress to lift the embargo.

The issue is expected to be raised in Congress itself. The embargo was ordered by a special resolution of Congress in 1937 which was hurried through to halt arms shipments to the Spanish Republic.

No indication, however, of the administration of its view, though President Roosevelt made it clear in his annual message that he believed he should have far greater discretionary powers in regard to embargoes than are granted in the present Neutrality Act.

Other Recommendations.

The Congress for Peace and Democracy also recommended that Congress support the principles outlined by President Roosevelt in his annual message last Wednesday, and make numerous proposals for legislative action.

A message from Tom Mooney, pardoned Saturday by Gov. Culbert Olson of California, was read at the meeting.

The organization expressed its opposition to all proposed changes in the Neutrality Act, asked for the extension of the wages and hours and Social Security Acts, urged enactment of a Federal anti-lynching law, and said it favored public ownership of utilities, railroads and the munitions industry.

It also proposed a change in the Works Progress Administration set-up and ear-marking of its funds.

The organization said delegates to the convention represented 1004 national, district and state organizations with a total membership of 7,489,837. It said this was an 85 per cent increase over the 1937 meeting representation.

Two three-member delegations were reported to have quit the convention because of disagreements over resolutions. One group said it represented the Maryland Department of the American Legion and had left because the meeting refused to consider a statement condemning Communism as well as Fascism and Nazism.

The other delegation said it represented the Citizens Civic League of New York City. It left because the meeting rejected a resolution calling for preferential treatment of war veterans in filling Government jobs.

Dr. Harry F. Ward of New York was re-elected national chairman.

MAGICIAN LEARNS NEW TRICK; YOUNGSTER STEALS HIS RABBIT

Blackstone Pulls Animal Out of Hat All Right, But Boy Hides It in Bed.

By the Associated Press.

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—Blackstone the Magician learned a new trick yesterday. Displaying his art at Children's Hospital, he pulled off an act in which a rabbit, after being pulled from a hat and wrapped in newspaper, disappeared completely—so completely that Blackstone himself could not find it.

A little later Bobby McConnell, 8 years old, of Brookline, pulled the rabbit from under the covers of his bed. The children named it Henry. Nurses said, however, they could not keep it.

## \$2,528,000 MISSOURI UTILITY RATE SAVING

State Commission Makes Biennial Report—Increase in Security Issues.

By the Jefferson City Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 8.—Rate reductions estimated at \$2,528,000 a year for electricity, telephone and water users in Missouri were put into effect by the Missouri Public Service Commission during the two-year period ending last Nov. 30, either by ordering reductions or approving downward rate revisions filed by the utility companies, according to the commission's biennial report, filed today with Gov. Stark.

The reductions in utility rates, the commission said, included \$2,469,862 for electric users, \$52,370 for telephone users and \$60,861 for water users. The estimates are based on application of the revised rates ordered by the commission to the existing volume of business of the companies affected by them.

Among the large rate reductions were the following: \$900,000 a year by the Union Electric Co. of Missouri, effective Sept. 1, 1937; \$1,005,000 a year, Kansas City Power & Light Co.; \$92,000 a year, St. Joseph Light, Heat & Power Co.; \$179,000 a year, Springfield Gas & Electric Co. and \$128,000 a year, Missouri Power & Light Co., which operates in about 100 Missouri towns and communities.

Appraisals Under Way.

The commission has under way a number of appraisals of public utility companies for security and valuation purposes, including the St. Louis County Gas Co. and all of the Missouri property of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.

The commission reported that it had continued "its efforts to bring straight natural gas to the city of St. Louis," a proceeding, instituted in 1935 to determine the feasibility of substituting straight natural gas for the mixed gas now sold by the Laclede Gas Light Co. to virtually all of its gas customers in St. Louis.

The commission pointed out that its engineers had directed a study of natural gas distribution in other cities and that hearings were resumed in the gas investigation recently. Another hearing has been set for Jan. 26, which the commission has indicated may be the final hearing.

The commission recalled that it had directed its engineering department to make a study of grade crossings in the State, in co-operation with the Federal Bureau of Public Roads. It reported that grade crossing accidents had been increasing for several years and that the higher speed of automobiles and an increase in automobile traffic.

115 Killed in Two Years.

During the two-year period ending last Nov. 30, the commission reported, 115 persons were killed and 256 injured in grade crossing accidents. Of this number, 98 were killed by trains striking vehicles, 13 by vehicles striking trains, two by vehicles striking cars not in trains, and two by trains striking vehicles at private crossings.

During the period, the commission reported, 303 persons were killed and 1300 injured in all accidents on steam railroads. Those killed were 26 employees, 197 trespassers and 130 non-trespassers including the deaths in grade crossing accidents. No passenger was killed on a steam railroad.

Accidents on electric lines resulted in 50 deaths and the injury of 354 persons. The report listed 70 deaths and 1000 injuries on the Missouri system. Of these, 44 non-trespassers were killed and 1425 injured; one employee killed and six injured, and one trespasser killed.

Utility Issues Approved.

The commission approved \$182,018,349 of public utility security issues in the two-year period, of which \$141,540,830 was in bonds, \$14,055,000 in preferred stock, \$7,867,000 in common stock and \$18,561,519 in notes. The commission reported the total securities issued during the period was \$182,018,349, an increase of 64 per cent over issues approved during the corresponding two-year period ending Nov. 30, 1936.

During the two-year period the commission collected \$422,431 in general fees, chiefly for utility appraisals and audits in valuation cases, and \$1,011,955 in motor truck and bus fees. The motor carrier fee total does not include about \$104,000 in fees due from about 75 carriers which contested the regulatory powers of the commission.

The commission recently won the case, in United States District Court in Kansas City, but the fees have not been turned over to the commission so far.

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BLAME YOUR LIVER IF—

If your liver doesn't secrete 20 to 30 ounces of bile every day into your intestines—constipation with its headaches, mental dullness and that "half-alive" feeling often result. So you see how important it is to keep bile flowing freely! And what finer aid could one desire than Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, used so successfully for years by Dr. F. M. Edwards for treating his patients for constipation and sluggish liver bile.

Olive Tablets are unsurpassed in effectiveness because they stimulate liver bile to help digest fatty foods, they tone up muscular intestinal action at the same time help elimination. Being purely vegetable, Olive Tablets are harmless. Test their supreme goodness TONIGHT! 15¢, 50¢, 90¢. All druggists.

## FIDELITY RECEIVERSHIP PLEA IS CHALLENGED

Lawyer Asserts Value of Petitioners' Contracts Does Not Warrant Litigation.

By the Associated Press.

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 8.—Counsel for the Fidelity Investment Association, fighting receivership proceedings, declared today the value of the receivership petitioners' contracts did not warrant the filing of this highly major litigation.

Attorney Austin V. Wood told Federal Judge William E. Baker the proceedings were started by 16 of the company's 100,000 contract holders and estimated the value of their contracts at about \$8000.

Wood described the company's sales of investment loan certificates as "the systematic saving of money through monthly deposits" and asserted West Virginia laws governing the Wheeling concern were "much more stringent than those for the banks."

Pointing out the West Virginia State Auditor served also as Insurance and Securities Commissioner, he contended receivership action would require a charge of collusion between the Insurance Commissioner and the company or a charge that the commissioner failed to act properly.

Urges Dismissal of Petition.

Wood asked for dismissal of the petition, asserting it was composed of "generalities and conclusions" and that the petitioners had not asked Fidelity to satisfy their claims.

Seymour M. Hellborn of New York, former member of the Pennsylvania Securities Commission and counsel for the petitioners, told the court in urging the receivership:

"We're not here to sling mud. We came into court to see whether those who were so close to the business could have their eyes opened and prevent a chaotic condition."

The receivership petition, filed by a group of Pennsylvania contract holders who contended their contracts totaled \$96,320, was based on charges of fraudulent practices against the association by the Federal Securities Commission. The company denied the charges but agreed to the entry of a Federal Court injunction to prohibit the practices.

Wood, first attorney to speak at the receivership hearing, said four of the contracts held by the petitioners had no cash-surrender value. Seven of the contracts, he said, had cash-surrender value of between \$200 and \$300; three had a cash-surrender value of less than \$100, and two had a cash-surrender value of more than \$1000.

Of the two with a value of more than \$1000, he said, only one had sufficient value to place it within the jurisdiction of the Federal Court. He added that "even the sum total of all the contracts is not sufficient to warrant this expense."

Intervenor Also Mentioned.

He also declared that one of the intervenors in the suit, Florence Fordyce of Covington, Ky., held a contract which had no surrender value and that she had not paid

## PUBLIC MEETINGS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

"Shakespeare—All Things to All Men" will be the subject of a lecture by John P. McCann at a meeting of the extension section of the St. Louis Tercentenary Shakespeare Society tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock at the Cabanne Branch Library auditorium, Cabanne avenue and Union boulevard.

C. L. Harrod, president of the Laclede Power & Light Co., will speak on the "Islands of Bermuda" to-night at 8 o'clock at the Downtown Y. M. C. A., 1528 Locust street.

Former Circuit Judge Fred J. Hoffmeister will speak on "Juvenile Delinquency" before the regular meeting of the Lutheran Deacons Association tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock at Bethlehem Hall, Twenty-first and Salisbury streets.

"The Merit System of Examination in Unemployment Compensation in Missouri" will be the subject of a lecture by Prof. William W. Burke of the department of sociology at Washington University, at a meeting of the Cathedral Luncheon Club Wednesday at the Bishop Tuttle Memorial, 1210 Locust street.

G. B. Norris, special agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, will speak on "Work and Functions of the F. B. I." at a luncheon meeting of the Scottish Rite Club of St. Louis Wednesday noon at the York Hotel.

Co-ordination of railway and motor transportation will be discussed at a dinner meeting of the Western Railway Club next Monday evening at 8 o'clock at the Chase Hotel.

A joint meeting on "Growth of Anti-Semitism in America" will be held Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock by organizations represented in the St. Louis Jewish Youth Inter-Temple Board at Temple Israel, 5003 Washington.

The Solon High School Band of 72 members, under direction of Arnold A. Zopf, will entertain parents and friends with a program Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the school auditorium, 918 Union boulevard.

Heating and air conditioning will be discussed by Samuel R. Lewis of Chicago before a meeting of the St. Louis Chapter of the American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers tomorrow at 6:30 o'clock at the Kings-Way Hotel.

Members of the Missouri Friends of Royal Oak, a United Christian Front movement, will hold a mass meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Christian Brothers College, 6501 Clayton road, Clayton.

on the contract since last August. Edward Lamb, attorney for Alice F. Hutchinson of Toledo, O., who intervened as a defendant, told Judge Baker similar suits would be filed in other states and urged speedy action on the Hutchinson petition. His client asked for dismissal of the receivership petition but sought an injunction to restrain the company from further operation until an audit had been made.

Judge Baker replied that he had not determined whether her petition came within the jurisdiction of his court.

## INCREASE IN WORKERS PAST 40 IN INDUSTRY

National Association of Manufacturers Reports on Its Survey.

By the Associated Press.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 8.—A report of the National Association of Manufacturers shows the worker past 40 years old is finding a larger place in industry than he formerly did.

The report, submitted to the United States Labor Department, was released from national headquarters of the American Legion, which worked with the Manufacturers Association in the study.

The association says it found the proportion of older workers last year was 19.9 per cent higher than in 1937. It compiled its figures from 2485 questionnaires from industrial units employing 2,334,338 workers in many states.

Value of Older Workers.

"It is evident from all the information submitted that industry evaluates its older workers very highly," the report says. "It is apparent that workers 40 and over constitute a vital and dynamic part of industry; their skill and experience being of inestimable importance."

Hiring statistics of 750 companies show, the association says, that 84 per cent of the employees those companies hired in 1937 were 40 or older.

Since the New York convention in 1937, the American Legion has carried on a campaign for employment of older workers. The "Ages" will issue a pamphlet soon instructing employment executives in methods to be used in this campaign.

Summary of Findings.

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Value of Older Workers. "It is evident from all the information submitted that industry values its older workers very highly," the report says. "It is apparent that workers 40 and over constitute a vital and dynamic part of industry, their skill and strong qualities being of inestimable importance."

Hiring statistics of 750 companies show, the association says, that 8.4 per cent of the employees those companies hired in 1937 were 40 or older.

Since the New York convention in 1937, the American Legion has carried on a campaign for employment of older workers. The legion will issue a pamphlet soon instructing employment executives in methods to be used in this campaign.

Summary of Findings.

- (1). Less than 1 per cent of companies reporting say they give preference to younger workers.
- (2). No companies discharge workers when they reach 40.
- (3). Eighty-nine and one-tenth per cent of companies have no upward hiring age limit; 7.5 per cent have such limits; 3.4 per cent do not answer on this question.
- (4). Thirty-eight and three-tenths per cent of companies give preference in hiring to workers under 40, mainly because of training and apprenticeship requirements and physical demands of certain tasks.
- (5). The survey shows no lessened proportion of employment for workers between 40 and 50, but does indicate a slight decrease in industrial employment after 50.
- (6). A substantial part of employees hired in 1938 are 40 and over.
- (7). A larger proportion of employees was 40 or older in 1938 than in 1937.
- (8). Employers in general report older workers less susceptible to illness and accident, more efficient and cooperative, but not so capable of psychological adjustment in comparison to younger men.
- (9). Ten per cent of companies have retirement plans and 63 per cent group insurance.

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CEREAL

Chamberlain Starts to Rome Tomorrow  
LONDON, Jan. 9.—Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain will leave for Rome tomorrow for what may be his final effort to push through his policy of appeasement.

## ITALY PROTESTS TO FRANCE ON TUNIS INCIDENT

Note Based on Tearing  
Down of Shopkeeper's  
Flag by Crowd During  
Premier Daladier's Visit.

### CHAMBERLAIN GOES VISITING TOMORROW

Mussolini Has Called the  
Fascist Grand Council  
Meeting for Feb. 4 to  
Consider Results.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—The Foreign Ministry announced today that Italy had protested to France against an alleged anti-Fascist demonstration during Premier Daladier's tour of Tunisia.

The protest heightened French-Italian tension on the eve of British Prime Minister Chamberlain's call in Paris and Rome in pursuit of his policy of "appeasement."

Made to the French resident general at Tunis, the protest charged that while Daladier was visiting Tunisia, Jan. 3, demonstrators tore down and burned an Italian flag. A Foreign Ministry official said preliminary information indicated that an Italian flag hanging over a Tunisian tailor shop was taken down by a crowd, but that the incident seemed so unimportant the tailor himself had not complained to police.

Mussolini Calls Fascist Grand Council to Meet Feb. 4.

ROME, Jan. 9.—Premier Mussolini called yesterday a meeting of the Fascist Grand Council, the highest Italian executive body, for Feb. 4.

Fascist leaders by that time will be able to judge the attitude of British Prime Minister Chamberlain, scheduled to arrive in Rome in two days, toward Italian territorial claims against France and toward the insurgent campaign in Spain, augmented by Italian fighting.

They also will be able to assess how far Count Galeazzo Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister, in talks with Hungarian, Yugoslav and Polish statesmen, has been able to assert Italian influence in the Danube basin to offset Nazi trade efforts in Southeastern Europe.

Many observers think that Italy was attempting to strengthen its position in Central and Eastern Europe in order to impress Chamberlain with its need to achieve some outstanding success as compensation for fulfilling a role as a partner of the Rome-Berlin axis at the four-Power conference in Munich, Sept. 29.

Reward in Mediterranean.

Italy, some observers said, might be willing that this reward be located in the Mediterranean area and would like to grasp it soon.

In this connection, it is felt, the Fascists might hope to have conclusive and abiding results to report from Spain. Italian Legionnaires are praised daily in the Fascist press as leading the offensive against Catalonia and Barcelona that insurgent Gen. Franco began Dec. 23.

Economic measures may figure on the Grand Council's program, following the visit here of Walther Funk, German Economics Minister.

Punk said that "important economic negotiations" were in progress between Germany and Italy, which he declared were faced with international economic developments making necessary "a new union of our forces."

"Power of Land and Work." He stressed Italian-German achievements in 1938 and added that "we confront the power of gold, credit and capital with the power of land and of work." Finance Minister Felice Guarnieri entertained Funk at dinner last night.

## Major Al Williams Declares Air Raid on U. S. From Europe Is No Longer Impossibility

At Least Three Nations Have Planes That  
Might Be Squeezed Across Atlantic  
With Load of Explosives.

Former Navy test pilot and speed flyer, Major Al Williams is an acknowledged authority on military aviation. He has observed, at first hand, the rise of air power in Europe. Last summer he inspected and flew some of the best foreign aeroplanes. His "Air War" series, published during the September crisis, attracted international attention. St. Louisans remember him as the winner of the Pulitzer Trophy race here in 1923.

FIRST ARTICLE OF A SERIES  
By MAJOR AL WILLIAMS

AERIAL attack on the United States by bombing squadrons operating from across the Atlantic Ocean is not beyond the realm of immediate mechanical possibility. At least three European Powers already have ships that might be squeezed across the Atlantic with bombing loads.

England has a bomber, the Vickers Wellesley, which could make the trip with a good-sized bomb load on board. It recently flew 7162 miles non-stop, for the world's distance record.

There is no question in my mind that the latest Italian Savoia Marchetti and the German Heinkel 111 would bear the overload of gasoline for the flight.

It is not strange that such distance flights are possible for warplanes and not for commercial transports. Under stress of emergency conditions and without considerable hazard, a bomber may be launched into the air with what is called a "permissible overload."

In considering the possibility of aerial attack, many make the mistake of dwelling the distance involved in taking the round trip. However, it is not illogical to conceive an international situation of such tension that a foreign Power would "spend" a squadron to bomb New York. There are precedents in which men and planes have been pledged in such proposed missions.

Pressure of Air Bombing.

No air force could take New York, Chicago, Washington, or any territory, in the sense we think of an army taking a territory or a navy taking a seaport. But an embassy could exert the "pressure" of such a one-time bombing to illustrate its power and force a concession.

As for the defense against such an attack, experts still contend that no anti-aircraft gun today can do business above 10,000 feet. I say this in full knowledge that better than 20,000-foot accuracy is claimed for them. But I have seen figures on the performance of the world's best guns in Spain, and I know from first-hand experience that the shells that above 10,000 feet they have only nuisance value.

With the American skies open to bombers, what chance would an aircraft carrier have of accurately locating itself so that its short range fighters could be in the air when and where the enemy arrived? It is too late to dispatch single-seater fighters when you see, or your scientific devices detect, enemy bombers.

You must know that they are approaching and give your fighters a chance to reach altitude.

A squadron of bombers discovered overhead by carrier would be a challenge that could not be met. Boiling along at 300 miles an hour at 20,000 feet, the bombers would be miles away before the single-seaters could climb to their altitude. Catching them would be physically impossible, for it is a disgraceful fact that many a heavy, huge bombing airplane can show its heels to the sleekest and fastest of standard pursuit ships.

Sea No Longer Protection.

The oceans which surround the Americas are no longer an insulation against war.

Closely packed European nations might be expected to be content with short-range bombers and fighting aircraft, to keep their immediate neighbors toiling the mark. But this is not the case. Leading nations, particularly the air Powers, are extending themselves in long range work.

Without digging into the Spanish situation or trying to anticipate its political future, I would like to mention that an air Power leasing or owning air base facilities in Spain or Portugal would have a base line on the United States, by way of the Azores.

The distance from Germany or Italy to the take-off point would be the distance across the Atlantic to the United States. A retaliatory bombing would call for flights to the original nation. And there is still another reason why our aircraft needs to be the longest range of all.

Germany and Italy are courting South America with flights over the South Atlantic, which, in Germany's case, practically are scheduled operations. Nazi flights

to the United States the past year have been, with the exception of the Condor commercial transport plane, with a low-wing, four-motored monoplane shot into the air by a catapult. This enables the ship to get off with a tremendous overload. It has no commercial significance, but the military advantage is apparent.

The chief difference between the American-English surveys (by Pan American and Imperial Airways) and those of Germany and Italy is the difference between strictly commercial aviation and military aviation.

Threat of Retaliation.

Threat of retaliation is, to date, the only real defense against air attack. The bomber stands a good chance to weather anti-aircraft gunfire in accomplishing its mission, and it has a fair chance in a running battle with pursuit ships. Thus a bombing mission's greatest hazard is in inviting a similar visit from the enemy.

As European air Powers steadily pull away from America in the performance of warplanes, American defense becomes increasingly important. Our long-range bombers are hopelessly slower than foreign ships.

Over-water operation is the navy's jurisdiction, and the navy's bombers are flying boats which, because of their heavy hulls, have little capacity for bomb loads. Their operation is concentrated in the Pacific, anyhow.

The Army Air Corps has purchased around 450 twin-engine bombers the last five years, and 55 four-engine bombers, the so-called "Flying Fortress." While most aerial experts believe that cost, bomb load and range give two twin-engine bombers the edge over one four-motored giant, the record of the Fortresses has been creditable. Under the present set-up, however, they are virtually air landlocked.

## CHAMBERLAIN OFF TO APPEASE ITALY

Critics Predict He Will Fail  
in Effort to Persuade  
Mussolini to Maintain  
Status Quo.

By JOSEPH DRISCOLL  
A Staff Correspondent of the  
New York Herald Tribune.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain, tireless salesman of his own special brand of peace labeled Appeasement with a capital "A," takes to the road again tomorrow when he and his junior partner, Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, strike out for Rome to try to sell Premier Benito Mussolini on the merits of maintaining the status quo and whatever peace there is at the moment.

In advance of the departure, Mr. Chamberlain's critics are already ringing up a "no sale" sign on his mission. Admittedly, Mussolini is a tough customer to approach and to persuade to sign on the dotted line. However, Mr. Chamberlain has got himself into such a position that he simply must come back from Rome with a sale of some sort; otherwise, his traveling days are over as a Prime Minister.

The British people have a deep dislike against the King's Ministers razzing at large. In his day as Prime Minister, the late Ramsay MacDonald was criticised as a publicity-craved nomad because of his self-appointed diplomatic missions to the United States and on the continent. Stanley Baldwin, when Prime Minister, went over to France now and then, but only to take the cure for rheumatism, and when he did get as far as the United States he made the unpardonable mistake of negotiating an agreement to pay the war debt—an agreement which causes embarrassment every six months to the Chamberlain Government, which has to find money to prepare for the next war.

Chamberlain Does Own Chores.

One of the reasons why Mr. Chamberlain dispensed with Anthony Eden as Foreign Minister—while he was in the process of negotiating the Eden-Hitler pact in that direction—was that he disapproved of Eden's inclination to frequent the capitals of Europe and particularly such exotic places as Moscow and Geneva.

Now time is working its own revenge on the stay-at-home Chamberlain. Prime Minister Baldwin used to make Foreign Minister Eden attend to political chores on the continent, but the Edenless Chamberlain, who is virtually his own Foreign Secretary, must attend to every important job himself, taking along Lord Halifax as a spare tire. It was Baldwin who spoke of the British frontier being on the Rhine, but it was Chamberlain who flew over the Rhine to interview Hitler at Berchtesgaden, Godesberg and Munich.

Next came the Chamberlain-Hallifax good-will excursion to Paris. Ditto this week for Rome.

No one can say that Chamberlain, who will be 70 years old in March, is afraid to travel. He would accompany the King and Queen to the United States in June if he thought it would do any good, but he has been advised not to. Besides, he has been preoccupied with the idea of holding a Big Four conference in London where he can repay the hospitality of Chancellor Adolf Hitler, Premier Benito Mussolini and Premier Edouard Daladier before the end of the year.

Whether the Big Four statesmen ever again will gather around one table, as they did at Munich, depends upon the outcome of the Rome conversations. The "peace with honor" "for our time" which Chamberlain thought he snatched out of the troubled air in Bavaria, is receding before the designs of Mussolini upon Djibouti and Tunisia and of Hitler upon the Ukraine, and of their combined design, or so it is suspected, upon the fat British Empire.

France Rejects Intervention.

Originally, Chamberlain had some idea of going to Rome to act as mediator or "honest broker" between the quarreling Latin sisters, Italy and France. Having negotiated an accord with Mussolini last Easter, Chamberlain aspired to help the French bury the hatchet with not in, Il Duce. The French, strange people, hesitate to kiss and make up with Mussolini as long as the latter's controlled propaganda is convincing. French colonial property out loud.

When the French specifically requested Chamberlain not to intervene in the French-Italian rivalry, they regarded as strictly a private fight, Chamberlain thought of cancelling his trip to Rome. He did not because that would be to confess failure, and a Chamberlain never confesses failure.

The Prime Minister seems to have solved his problem of procedure in this way: To gratify the French, he will refuse to mediate between the Italians and the French, even if Mussolini begs him to. On the other hand, "quite informally, you know," he will not refuse to discuss French-Italian relations with Mussolini, in so far as they affect English-Italian relations. In a nutshell, they will

Tomorrow—The Pilot Problem.  
(Copyright, 1939.)

Decline in WPA Employment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Works Progress Administration reported today a decrease of 34,810 in work relief enrollment in the week ended Dec. 31. Rolls of that date, officials said, totaled 3,077,506, compared with 3,112,317 on Dec. 24, and with 3,262,469 on Nov. 5 when relief enrollment reached an all-time peak.

Record Postal Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Postal receipts reached a record high in the last quarter of 1938. Postmaster-General Farley announced today. Receipts for the period totaled \$210,158,624. Farley said. This compares with the previous high of \$208,594,469 in the same quarter last year.

## LONG RANGE ARMS PLAN IS EXPECTED FROM PRESIDENT

Military Experts Place That  
Construction Upon His  
Reference in Message to  
\$500,000,000 Fund.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—President Roosevelt is expected to give Congress by next Thursday details of the huge new national defense program.

Military experts, perusing the chief executive's reference in his budget message to a special \$500,000,000 fund, drew from that a hint that Mr. Roosevelt contemplated a long range program of reinforcement of air, land and sea defenses in addition to some immediate bulking of the defense system.

In submitting to Congress an estimate of \$1,609,583,000 for regular annual military purposes, the President said there was necessity for a special \$500,000,000 fund.

Mr. Roosevelt's estimate that \$210,000,000 of the half-billion dollar fund should be expended in the next fiscal year (beginning July 1) led the experts to believe the President would propose spacing expenditures over two years or more.

For the first year, administration quarters expect the chief executive to recommend the addition of less than 5000 planes to army and navy air forces, of which a large proportion would be training rather than combat craft.

Four-Fold Expansion.

Even this would involve a four-fold expansion of the present American rate of output of military aircraft. Months of official study brought the decision this was the maximum attainable even by using advanced mass production methods.

Larger numbers would be added, under reported administration plans, as wheels turn faster in the second fiscal year, beginning July 2, 1940. The goal is to remain 10,000 planes for the army and over 2000 for the navy.

If Congress concurs, the \$290,000,000 balance of the extraordinary fund will be made available at this time.

Continued on Page 8, Column 3.

## Czech Leader Arriving in U. S.



JAN C. MASARYK.  
SON of the founder of Czechoslovakia, leaving the liner Washington. After lecture tour in the United States, he will return to London where he formerly served as Minister from Czechoslovakia.

## CONGRESSMAN BARTON WANTS EMERGENCY COUNCIL JUNKED

He Calls It Front for Band of Press  
Agents Disseminating New  
Deal Propaganda.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Renewing his campaign to repeal "bad" laws, Representative Barton (Rep.), New York, proposed today the abolition of the National Emergency Council.

Barton described the council as "a front for a band of press agents engaged in the dissemination of publicity and propaganda for the New Deal."

He said the council "has long outlived whatever usefulness it

may have had—if any," and added that he would introduce a resolution calling for its abolition.

Lowell Mellett, former newspaper editor, is director of the council.

## SPANISH PLEA TO ROOSEVELT

Loyalist Women to Address Appeal  
in Broadcast Today.

By the Associated Press.

MADRID, Jan. 9.—The women of Government Spain will send a message to President Roosevelt today in an international broadcast scheduled to begin at 6 p. m., Eastern standard time.

The broadcast will open with "The Star Spangled Banner." A poem, "Spanish Earth," by Rafael Alberti, will be dedicated to Roosevelt.

Continued on Page 8, Column 6.

## MUSSOLINI CALLS ITALIANS ABROAD TO RETURN HOME

Increase in Population Will  
Support Demand for Ex-  
pansion and Give Man-  
power for War.

By the Associated Press.

ROME, Jan. 9.—Italy, which once sent a half million emigrants a year to foreign countries, is now calling them back.

Premier Mussolini wants to get as many as possible of the Italians living abroad—Italy estimates the number at 10,000,000—under the Italian flag once more. A repatriation commission has been established and given half a million dollars to start the work. The machinery of the Fascist party, which has units among Italians in other countries, has been put to work.

One hundred Italians from Southern France were the first to be brought home. They arrived for Christmas and were given a festive dinner by officials at the frontier.

If the call is heeded by a large number, many eventually will be settled in the new Italian empire; but, at the start, plans call for absorbing them in the home territory.

More Man Power for Army.

Like the Fascist campaign for more babies and the law against further emigration, repatriation would make Italy's population even denser than it is. This in turn would give greater strength to Mussolini's argument for Italy's necessity for territorial expansion and give him more man power if war comes to achieve the expansion.

Units of the Fascist party and the Fascist workers', industrialists' and agricultural syndicates have been ordered to get ready for the economic absorption of those Italians who come home.

The summons has brought a deluge of responses from Italians abroad, the repatriation commission has announced, but the work is proceeding slowly at first to prevent the labor market from being glutted.

The figure of 10,000,000 Italians abroad does not take naturalization into account.

Continued on Page 8, Column 6.

From French Perfumers  
to St. Louis women

# LUNGSTRAS VAPO-SAN

An  
Exclusive  
Dry Cleaning  
Process

VAPO-SAN—a revolutionary, exclusive dry cleaning process—distinguishes Lungstras superior cleaning. Lungstras brought the method to St. Louis from the style center of the world—Paris.

The VAPO-SAN process completely cleanses garments by passing a high temperature, light-as-air, gasoline solvent through the fabric. This wonderfully different method puts no strain on individual strands and threads—fabrics therefore wear longer. Colors are made more vivid and whites whiter. The VAPO-SAN process preserves style lines—restores original chic appearance—and cleanses garments completely—more sanitarly.

Only four cleaners in Paris—one in England—one in Buenos Aires—one in the Hollywood area—and Lungstras in St. Louis are licensed to use this process.

Let us prove its superiority to you.

Lungstras CUSTOM Finish

Plain Dresses  
" Coats  
" Suits  
O'coats

## 75c

Diamond MACHINE Finish

Plain Dresses  
" Coats  
" Suits  
O'coats

## 39c

FREE PICK-UP AND DELIVERY

## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER  
December 12, 1878  
Published by  
The Pulitzer Publishing Co.  
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

## THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.  
April 10, 1907.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

The name and address of the author must accompany every contribution but on request will not be published. Letters not exceeding 200 words will receive preference.

## That Nazi "Lecture."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

THE Veterans of Foreign Wars and Fred W. Emig, chairman of its Americanization Committee, are to be commended for their alertness and effective opposition to the appearance and effusions of Colin Ross, whom Carl Slevens of the German Liberty Union of St. Louis, denounced as "the chief propagandist for the racialist and political aims of the United States of the Nazi Volksgaue and the Hitler regime."

We citizens of St. Louis, and especially the legion of good, right-thinking persons of German descent, are also indebted to Martin A. Dillmon, chairman of the American Federation of Labor Committee on Boycott of Nazi Merchandise, for his opposition to Ross' proposed "lecture."

Last, but by no means least, the Board of Directors of the German House, Inc., is to be congratulated on its prudent action in refusing to permit Ross to deliver his "lecture" at the German House. Communists with all their "front" organizations, Fascists and Nazis had better wake up, heed warnings of this kind, and realize that we Americans do not propose to surrender our cherished form of government without a fight; that we truly appreciate the liberties we now enjoy and intend to be as vigilant as the circumstances may require.

FRANK LEE.

## Trinkets, Pots and Kettles.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

HENRY FORD and Charles Lindbergh are two outstanding American citizens. What if they have accepted some foreign decorations? Trinkets are what we Americans consider them.

I have had the feeling for quite a while that Secretary Ickes had sold his birthright to Moscow. His criticism of the two named could at the most mean only that the pot was calling the kettle black.

FRANK CLARKE.

## About the Free Press Symposium.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

IN YOUR recent worthy symposium on the freedom of the press, there developed an odd yet consistent situation, in that many of the publishers, editors and writers contributing thereto seemed almost wholly to have adopted the attitude of the accused and pleaded "not guilty" to the President's statement that "our newspapers cannot be edited in the interests of the general public, from the counting room."

This writer does not quarrel with their statements, and is free and ready to acknowledge that each such writer has written earnestly and truthfully. There are many conditions which have to be contended with and overcome. Had they been guilty, they would have maintained silence. Yet the very words of the silent ones would be found such whom the shoe fits?

Upton Sinclair need not be invited to "detail from inside knowledge the stories of a score of American newspapers and magazines which the writers have either taken over, or put out of business, or forced to change their policies," because, for years, he has it all down in his published books, and that without a single suit for damages being instituted against him. DR. OTTO VIERLING.

## Thinks We Should Aid Spain.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

REPUBLICAN Spain, among the few remaining European democracies, looks to the American democracy for leadership so that democracy may not perish from the earth. We owe it to them and ourselves as Americans to give them a fighting chance by allowing them to provide themselves with things to defend themselves.

By doing so, we will diminish the dangers of subversion of our own institutions and those of our South American neighbors, which are at present the hunting ground of the Rome-Berlin-Tokyo triangle.

Lifting the Spanish embargo would be removing the gravest danger confronting world democracy today. It would increase on our shores the dark forces of reaction, which take courage from the capitulation of democratic forces on the European continent. F. B.

## Would Strengthen the Bill of Rights.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

JAMES TRUSLOW ADAMS, eminent historian, has wisely called the attention of the people of the United States to the need for eternal vigilance if they are to retain the freedom and liberties guaranteed to them in the Bill of Rights. We are fortunate that the original colonies insisted upon having the Bill of Rights incorporated into the Constitution. We have seen the evils occurring in many lands how easily liberties are taken away from the people.

Our freedom and personal liberty are threatened. It is time for the people of our country to make the guarantees in the Bill of Rights stronger than ever before. Freedom of speech should mean also that there shall be no Government censorship of the press, radio communication, television, or any other form of communication. ANTHONY FOX.

## SHOULD KATTELMAN BE PAROLED?

United States Attorney Blanton did not exaggerate when he said that the parole of Harold J. Kattelman, unexpectedly announced by the Federal Parole Board Dec. 22, had "outraged public opinion in St. Louis."

Neither did Morris J. Levin, trustee of Kattelman's bankrupt estate, and Ellison A. Poulton, his attorney, exaggerate when they wrote the Parole Board that the parole would be an "absolute miscarriage of justice and mock the efforts of those who seek to make crime an unprofitable venture."

As a result of these and many other protests, the Parole Board has scheduled a public hearing on the case, to be held Thursday in Washington. Consideration will be given to protests by mail or telegraph from persons unable to be present, the Department of Justice announces. So astounding is the very idea of releasing Kattelman on March 1, less than two years after he was sentenced to a five-year term in Federal prison, that there should be an abundance of vigorous protests.

Parole is a just and humanitarian proceeding in the case of a good man gone wrong, who has made or attempted restitution and expressed penitence. Kattelman fits into no such category, however. As shown in the long-drawn proceedings prior to his sentence, Kattelman for years had operated a bucket-shop racket, and fleeced hundreds of confiding customers of large amounts. He owed clients \$355,489 at the time he was put out of business. He resisted legal procedure by every conceivable means. He refused to answer questions at various hearings, and concealed considerable assets and important records.

The Kattelman technique was a combination of high-pressure salesmanship and bare-faced misrepresentation. On promise of sure and quick profits, his company's victims contracted for securities on down payments, usually posting other stocks as collateral. The expected profits generally turned out to be losses. Frequently the customers' collateral was found to have been sold shortly after it was deposited. Often the company did not have the stocks it pretended to sell to the client, and did not buy them in his behalf. Yet the customer was urged to trust his broker "as he would his doctor, dentist or any other professional man," as one victim's affidavit quoted a Kattelman salesman.

Long before Federal authorities caught up with him, Kattelman's activities had been under fire. As a result of numerous complaints from customers, the State Securities Commissioner on three occasions suspended the firm's license, but soon restored it each time, despite the protests of the St. Louis Better Business Bureau. At length, in June, 1935, the Federal Securities and Exchange Commission brought injunction proceedings. The company closed its doors a few days later. Legal actions followed thick and fast: receivership suits, State and Federal charges of embezzlement, bucket shop operation, mail fraud, perjury, violation of the SEC law, concealment of assets, tax evasion.

There followed a laborious search for the assets and records. Kattelman had drawn \$39,205 from a bank account and safety deposit box shortly before his firm closed, leaving cash assets of only \$101. For refusing to produce the missing money, the ex-broker spent about eight months in jail on a contempt charge. Members of his family at length appeared in court with amazing tales to explain the "discovery" of some securities and disappearance of the money. As to the records whose whereabouts Kattelman said he did not know, he produced them later and said a relative had had them.

On April 2, 1937, Kattelman pleaded guilty to three charges. Federal Judge Davis imposed a five-year prison term and a \$1000 fine. The remaining Federal counts against him were dropped by District Attorney Blanton, with leave to restate.

Then two weeks ago, out of a clear sky, came news of the parole, without notice to Mr. Blanton or Judge Davis, with no public hearing whatsoever. The facts behind this unexpected decision will probably make interesting reading when they come to light, but meanwhile, the instantaneous public protest has resulted in the Parole Board's decision to reconsider after a public hearing.

To free the chief figure in such a flagrant swindle as this before he has finished taking his medicine would be a gross injustice, not only to his victims, but to the forces of law and order and to honest concerns in the brokerage field. The Federal Parole Board has been misled. It should cancel the Kattelman parole.

Since candor is the mode, St. Louis might retort that Architect Wright is, sartorially, no Gothic cathedral.

## SATURDAY NIGHT'S SEANCE.

That was a charming little seance Mr. Roosevelt had with Old Hickory Saturday night about the future of the Democratic party, and we trust that he continues to follow the practice of communing with the spirits of the illustrious departed. When he gets around to it, the President might have a little chat with Benjamin (Poor Richard) Franklin about the national debt.

Says Prof. Frankfurter: "Neither court and counsel nor police and prosecution are ultimate reliance for the liberties of the people." Pin that, not inside the hat, but inside the head.

## CRITICISM FROM SIR HUBERT.

It is a fact of great interest that one of the most persistent and penetrating critics of the social security system is Abraham Epstein, executive secretary of the American Association of Social Security. Although he is a pioneer in the movement for old-age pensions and other forms of social security, Mr. Epstein is dismayed by flaws in the social security program and the waste and inefficiency that characterize its administration.

His voice, for example, has often been heard denouncing the old-age pension racket. Now, in reviewing the first year of unemployment insurance in New York State, he charges that millions of dollars were paid out to persons who had no claim on the money. Many "chiselers," according to Mr. Epstein, drew unemployment compensation while holding down jobs; others were overpaid; others had no just claim to compensation. Mr. Epstein's charges are virtually admitted by Milton O. Loysen, director of unemployment insurance.

Much of the criticism of social security comes from sources completely unsympathetic to the idea and, therefore, must be discounted. When one of the founders of the social security movement finds its administration wasteful and corrupt, however, his

words have the greatest weight. What Mr. Epstein obviously fears is that the abuses of social security imperil its very existence.

## PROTECTING THE POUND.

America has a twofold interest in the steps which the British Government is taking to stop speculation in the pound sterling. In the first place, the reciprocal trade treaty which the United States recently signed with England is based on the assumption that the value of the pound will remain relatively stable. If the speculators should succeed in reducing its value to any considerable extent, it would make British goods cheaper, by comparison, than American goods and would thus encourage American imports from Britain and discourage British importation of American goods.

For this reason, together with other advantages of stabilizing international exchange, the American Government is co-operating in halting speculators who want to reap an easy profit by depressing the British currency.

The weakening of sterling to the stage where it must have special protection against the speculators is a disquieting symptom. It seems to foreshadow more drastic steps to protect British monetary reserves. A partial embargo against exporting capital has already been invoked on two recent occasions. If a full embargo were put into effect, severe restrictions on imports would almost inevitably follow, with strong pressure for other trappings of autarchy, such as bilateral trade and international barter.

The drastic diversion of national savings and productive capacity to the manufacture of arms and munitions seems clearly to be pushing England in the direction of economic Fascism. But regardless of what changes may be brought about by irresistible economic pressures, the political ideals of England are likely to persist, though perhaps in somewhat modified form. At least, Britain will remain a non-aggressive Power, and will hold with America the common objective of resisting the dictator nations.

Perhaps the Federal Parole Board hasn't heard that crime never pays.

## MARTHA FISCHEL.

There are those who work year after year to serve humanity because of a quiet but ever-burning purpose to make the world a happier place.

Martha Ellis Fischel was one of them. She came to an antebellum St. Louis, devoid of anything resembling social services. With the advent of industrialism, she saw the crying need for help for tenement-dwellers and others who found themselves sorely disadvantaged in the economic scheme of things. "Self-Culture Hall," to which she gave so much time and energy, did not solve the problem, but it provided many an individual with the means for meeting his own difficulties. The emphasis on adult education today demonstrates how wisely Mrs. Fischel and her associates planned their attack on inequalities in society. The home-making classes, the day nursery for the children of working women, the loan plan for the unemployed of the '90s, the St. Louis Society for Ethical Culture—everything she touched had social usefulness.

Her contributions do not end with the close of her long life. A family of rare value carries on. Verily, her children have risen up to call her blessed.

A New York preacher, by an unorthodox experiment in finance, has proved that bread cast upon the waters may return as plum pudding.

## THE NEW INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

Gov. Stark's choice to fill the post of State Superintendent of Insurance, made vacant by the death of George A. S. Robertson, is, from all appearances, a good one. Ray B. Lucas of Benton, who will fill the office which R. Emmet O'Malley and his malodorous fire insurance rate compromise disgraced, has been a worker in the movement to use the Missouri Bar Association for improving both practice and procedure, and is now chairman of the bar committee for expediting trials and appeals.

On the basis of his services as a special judge in the Circuit Courts of Scott and Mississippi counties, Gov. Stark appointed him to the State Supreme Court last September to serve out the three months remaining in the term of Judge Frank. In so far as the appointment has a political side, it is from the anti-Pendergast wing of the Democratic party. Mr. Lucas worked against the boss in 1932 and again last August in the Douglas-Billings primary. His was one of the most eloquent voices raised in behalf of Judge Douglas. He clearly must know the great importance of the work which he has been called to do. After the scandals of recent years, virtually every Missourian does. We wish for him the kind of administration which the public will expect.

Let no one confuse our Czar Nick with the last of the Romanoffs. This home-town feller is the real McCoy.

## THE SHARECROPPER EVICTIONS.

There is nothing very new in the eviction of 1700 sharecropper families in the Sikeston area, except that they are dramatizing their plight by a "mass exodus" sponsored by the Southern Tenant Farmers' Union. The Post-Dispatch has on various occasions called attention to the way in which Mr. Wallace's crop-control program works powerfully to disinherit the neediest element of our farm population.

In this connection, a quotation from the interview which the Post-Dispatch published yesterday with Dr. Frank H. Hankins, past president of the American Sociological Society, is in point.

Curiously enough (he said), we have, with almost startling suddenness, become aware also of a rural proletariat, rich in children but poor in all else, whose future has in some respects been rendered even more hopeless by the very efforts of a benevolent government to relieve them.

His statement, however, needs some qualification. The farm-relief efforts of the Roosevelt administration have been directed primarily not toward helping the landless rural proletariat, but the landowners. Under pressure from its more socially-minded adherents, the administration has in the past two years made some progress in correcting this defect, but much more remains to be done.

The simple fact is that there is no way in which acreage reduction can be put into effect without grinding down the tenant farmers and farm laborers.

A neutrality policy is wanted that will please everybody. Is there a miracle man in the House, or Senate?



"HOW CAN I USE IT FOR KILLING?"

## Apes in Airplanes

Science has armed us with the power of gods, but we use it with the destructive fury of madmen, says British author; inventions which could free us from drudgery have brought only the scourge of unemployment; instead of serving us, machines have brought a "press-the-button" existence in which art and initiative languish.

C. E. M. Joad, Professor of Philosophy, University of London, in the Living Age.

OUR civilization is in a curious predicament. Peace, prosperity and plenty are in our grasp; yet we seem bent on destruction. Mankind, having invented a most wonderful machine, finds that something is radically wrong with the works; science, which should have been our good fairy, has become our evil genius. For it is science that has invented the machine. Thanks to science, all the age-old enemies of man have been conquered—all except one.

Look back over the past of human life and you will see what a meager, what a sordid, affair it has been. Man's communities have been at the mercy of powers which he could not control; they have been wrecked by fire and flood; they have been the prey of pestilence and disease. With the sweat of his brow, man has wrung a scanty living from nature.

Today, thanks to science, these enemies of human life belong to the past. Plenty and comfort are available for all if we could but learn to use the gifts with which science has endowed us. But we cannot, at least we do not, for there remains the one enemy which science has not and cannot conquer—the enemy within the gates, the enemy which is human nature itself. Human power has increased, but human wisdom has stood still, so that while science has given us powers fit for the gods we bring to their use the mentality of savages, of madmen.

Look for a moment at the wireless. Men of genius by the dozen, men of talent by the hundred labored that wireless might be. They succeeded, and with what result? The ether vibrated to the strains of Negroid music.

Or, to take a more sinister example, look at that airplane humming across the sky. The knowledge of mathematics, of dynamics and mechanics, of electricity and internal combustion, the ingenuity in the application of that knowledge, the skill in the working of woods and metals that have gone into its making are such as to suggest that its inventors were supermen.

Think now of the benefits which the airplane might have conferred upon mankind; of how it might have brought all the countries of the world to John Smith's back door and made Baghdad as accessible as Balham. Now think of the purposes for which the airplane has been and seems increasingly likely again to be used. To drop bombs that shatter and choke and burn and poison; to murder the defenseless people, so that modern war has become a running away with one's own kind. These are the purposes of idiots and devils. The supermen made the airplane and the savage has got hold of it.

Or consider medical science. Think of the skill which it has achieved in holding life in aging bodies and repairing failing ones. Yet at the same time chemical science has achieved an even greater skill in shattering and poisoning them, with the result that in the last war civilization staged the spectacle of all the resources of medical science being used to patch together broken bodies and machines which were used to kill.

Our power, it is obvious, is greater than our wisdom. We can talk across continents

and oceans; install television sets in the home; travel on the ocean or under it at our pleasure. Photographs speak and sing; X-rays are the windows through which we can photograph our insides; hair is waved by electric current; tooth-filling is comparatively painless.

Yet we cannot, in the midst of our enormous cities, afford a little space where poor children can play in safety and comfort, with the result that in our desire for speed we kill one another. What a mad world this is in which men can fly in the air like birds and swim under the sea like fishes, yet how to walk upon the earth they do not know!

Consider finally the case of machines. Machines were invented in order to relieve mankind of dull and drudging work. The ordinary citizen nourishes a dream wherein after three or four hours' machine-minding a day he will have produced enough and to spare, after which he will, presumably, have nothing to do but enjoy himself. But two things have combined to prevent the realization of this dream.

In the first place, the new leisure which the inventor of machinery has made available for men, instead of being distributed evenly among us all, is concentrated in the form of unemployment upon a certain number who do not want it, while the rest of us work nearly as hard as before.

In the second place, instead of using machines as our servants, we have grown so dependent on them that they have become our masters.

More and more the ordinary man delegates the functions of living to pieces of mechanism; he no longer makes music for himself, he turns on a phonograph. He no longer makes conversation; he listens to a talk on the radio. Increasingly he lives a "press the button" existence.

Now look forward to a future in which the average man's dream is realized, and assured of comfort and a competence in return for three or four hours' machine-minding a day, for the remaining 10 or 12 he has nothing to do but amuse himself. What would his world be like?

Whatever land is left over from cultivation would be covered with a network of tennis courts or golf courses, or whatever kind of ground the popular game of the future demands. The roads would be covered with a mass of cars wedged solid.

A deluge of news, carefully chewed so as not to arouse comment or to exercise thought will descend upon the defenseless heads of the community by every device of television and telephony that the science of the future may have been able to perfect. Man will have mastered nature and satisfied his material needs, but will be totally unable to find respite from boredom or a solace for his sick soul. Finally he will be driven to make life hard and difficult once again in despair at finding tolerable an existence where machines have usurped most of the functions of living.

You see now what I meant when I said that the enemy which remains for man to conquer is the enemy within himself. Potentially we are masters of the world, yet we are on the verge of committing mass suicide through sheer inability to control the powers that science has given us.

## Taxes on Buying Power

From the New York World-Telegram.

THE administration is trying in many ways to put purchasing power into the pockets of people who have little. There are subsidies to give farmers spending cash. WPA jobs for millions who can't find private employment and minimum wage guarantees for those who do.

Yet, for some reason, the administration doesn't seem to want to do anything about the Federal tax system which picks those same pockets.

Year in and year out the Government gets from 50 to 70 per cent of its revenues from taxes which are passed on to consumers. Corporation taxes and import duties raise the prices of goods the people buy; so do excises on liquor and tobacco, playing cards and matches, automobiles and tires, gasoline and oil, radios and refrigerators, admissions to amusements, the coconut oil that goes into soap, and infinitum. And the people upon whom this hidden tax burden is heaviest are the people whom the administration is trying by other means to help.

There is one Federal tax which can't be passed on, one tax which is visible and direct, one tax which can be assessed against citizens on the just principle of ability to pay. That is the income tax.

It should be the backbone of the Federal revenue system. But it isn't. It isn't because it is assessed against only about 5 per cent of the country's adult population, and the bulk of these at rates gingerly inadequate. The rates are very high against the very rich, but they produce little in revenue: (1) because the very rich are few in number, and (2) because the rich find it easy to elude taxes by investing in exempt public securities.

Only 5 per cent of America's voters experience the pain of meeting the Federal tax collector face to face. The other 95 per cent pay, and pay plenty, in nickels and dimes, across the retail counters. But, being scarcely conscious of the truth that it is their money which they see the Government spending, they are little inclined to restrain the spenders.

We have a theory—which we should like to see tested—that the Government's budget, written for the last nine years in red ink, would be balanced, and balanced quickly, if it started collecting the bulk of its revenues in direct taxes on the incomes of the people—not 5 per cent of the people, but as many as 25 per cent, or better still, 50 per cent or more. The tax should be very low on the lower incomes, with rates rising as the incomes rise—"from each in proportion to his ability to pay."

And we have another theory that amounts to a conviction—that under such a system the very poor would pay a lot less in taxes, and therefore have a lot more to spend for the things they need. And that's what the administration says it wants—greater purchasing power for the masses.

## EYES ON McKITTRICK.

From the Kansas City Times.

IF Attorney-General McKittrick really wants to go into the question of lax law enforcement in Kansas City, of course he can start at once, as Gov. Stark intimates in the letter given out the other day. There is not the slightest excuse for waiting for a legislative appropriation of \$100,000. The Attorney-General's office has a staff that could be put to work at once. If it should become evident that additional funds are necessary, the Legislature will provide them.

The Star has a notion that Gov. Stark has succeeded in fixing the attention of the State on the Attorney-General and his attitude—and that the \$100,000 excuse for inaction will not get very far with the people of Missouri.

## TODAY and

By WAL

## The Reconstruction of

REGARDLESS of the wide particular measures and ideas which may follow the message which the President delivered on Wednesday may be served without rhetorical exaltation as a landmark in the history of Western thought. It registers a change of ideas which is absolutely fundamental, a change not only in the minds of the great masses here and abroad, of whom Mr. Roosevelt is now the representative spokesman. The message marks the reconversion of the American mind, which is now a century of destruction, conflict, between patriotism, democracy and religion.

This conflict has divided, ened and demoralized the Western world, a point which has seemed as if the foundations of civilized life were fatally undermined.

Free institutions developed dependent and united nations the outcome of the religious wars of the West. Freedom and religion are so inseparable in our civilization that they are separated, each in becomes destructive or reactive. But until very recent days, the brutal consequence had been made plain, the Democratic philosophy has been predominantly secular and, therefore, from the churches, pacifist therefore, opposed to the cosmopolitan and, therefore, pious of the sentiment of patriotism.

In the popular philosophy comes down to us from the tenth century it was, on the assumed that religion and patriotism were opposed to freedom. Democracy. This has always been the Communist doctrine. But the Communist, among advanced progressives in all tries, though this belief has been formulated as a doctrine, has existed as a controlling force; thus until very recent progressive Democrat was invariably a pacifist in fact, disarmament, an internationalist who distrusted national patri and a tolerator of religion who his heart believed that a would supplant it.

The experience of the last years has disclosed the fatal flaws of this progressive Democratic philosophy which came from the nineteenth century. It has been demonstrated that Central Europe and then the democracies of western Europe that to dissociate free institutions from religion and patriotism is to render them unworkable, and, in the last analysis, defenseless. It has been shown that the final resistance to tyranny in all the Italian regimes has been made by the Communist parties, for have gone over almost as a body to the cohorts of the dictatorship by the progressive demand for they have acquiesced, but devoutly religious churches alone had a conviction which them say that resistance to tyranny is obedience to God.

It has been shown that the theologians of the churches were more discreditable than the uning liberals when they fixed attention upon the anti-religious character of Communism and upon the anti-religious character of Fascism as the root of these two revolutionary movements. For it has been shown that the religious tradition of the West which has disarmed their resistance to tyranny, regimented, collectivized man, humanity are composed of individuals who have been stripped the conviction that they are men, but by grace of the of tent state but because they made in the image of God.

This is what the President understood and this, we assure, is what he meant when said at the very beginning of his term that three institutions indispensable to Americans are endangered and that the first of religion, "is the source of the two"—of democracy and national good faith. Words that assemble these have often been used by many democratic men. But these very words were in order could have meant and would not have been.

## FUNERAL WEDNESDAY FOR JEREMIAH D.

Head of Realty Firm Succumbs to Grip; in Business More Than 40 Years.

The funeral of Jeremiah Healy, president of the Henry Realty Co., who died yesterday at his home on Glen avenue, will be held at the Conception Church, 1015 Broadway and Lafayette avenue, Wednesday at 8:30 a. m. will be in Calvary Cemetery. Mr. Healy started in business with a grocery at Jefferson and Market street, but in 1898 to become associated with Hiemenz as a real estate man. On the death of his son, six years later he bought business.

In his 40 years in the real business Mr. Healy became known for his generosity to persons to meet payments on mortgages. In one case he took the mortgage of a South St. widow, who was unable to keep her home, paying taxes other charges himself, until death.

Surviving are a sister, Miss C. Healy, vice-president of the estate firm, and a brother, Healy. Mr. Healy was 68 years old and unmarried.

## TODAY and TOMORROW

By WALTER LIPPMANN

### The Reconstruction of the Democratic Philosophy

REGARDLESS of the wisdom of particular measures and policies which may follow it, the message which the President delivered on Wednesday may be described without rhetorical exaggeration as a landmark in the history of Western thought. It registers a change of ideas which is absolutely fundamental, a change not only in Mr. Roosevelt's own mind, but, and this is much more significant, in the minds of the great masses of men here and abroad, of whom he is by virtue of his office, the most representative spokesman. The message marks the reconciliation which is now in progress, after more than a century of destructive conflict between patriotism, freedom, democracy and religion.

This conflict has divided, weakened and demoralized the whole Western world to a point where it has seemed as if the foundations of civilized life were fatally undermined.

Free institutions developed in independent and united nations as the outcome of the religious traditions of the West. Freedom, nationalism and religion are so inseparable in our civilization that when they are separated, each in itself becomes destructive of reaction. But until very recent days, until the brutal consequences had actually been made plain, the Democratic philosophy has been predominant in the churches, pacifist and, therefore, opposed to the army, cosmopolitan and, therefore, suspicious of the sentiment of patriotism.

In the popular philosophy which comes down to us from the eighteenth century, religion, on the whole, assumed that religion and patriotism were opposed to freedom and democracy. This has always been the Communist doctrine. But outside the Communists, among the advanced progressives in all countries, though this has been made plain, the Democratic philosophy has been predominant in the churches, pacifist and, therefore, opposed to the army, cosmopolitan and, therefore, suspicious of the sentiment of patriotism.

The experience of the last 20 years has disclosed the fatal weakness of this progressive Democratic philosophy which came down from the nineteenth century. For it has been demonstrated first in Central Europe and then in the democracies of western Europe that to dissociate free institutions from religion and patriotism is to render them unworkable, and, in the last analysis, defenseless. It has been shown that the final resistance to tyranny in all the totalitarian regimes has been made by the Communist parties, for they have gone over almost as a body into the cohorts of the dictators, and not by the progressive democrats, for they have acquiesced, but by the religious churches, which alone had a conviction which made them say that resistance to tyranny is an obedience to God.

It has been shown that the theologians of the churches were more discerning than the unbelievers, liberals when they fixed their attention upon the anti-religious character of Communism and then upon the anti-religious character of Fascism as the root of evil in those two revolutionary movements. For it has been the assent of the religious tradition of the West which has disarmed men in their resistance to tyranny; the regimented, collectivized masses of humanity are composed of individuals who have been stripped of the conviction which makes them persons, not by grace of the omnipotent state but because they are made in the image of God.

This is what the President has understood and this, we may be sure, is what he meant when he said at the very beginning of his message that three institutions are indispensable to Americans are challenged and that the first of these, religion, "is the source of the other two"—of democracy and international good faith. Words that resemble these have often been uttered by many democratic statesmen. But these very words in this precise order would not have been meant and would not have been understood.

**FUNERAL WEDNESDAY FOR JEREMIAH D. HEALY**  
Head of Realty Firm Succumbs to Grip; in Business More Than 40 Years  
The funeral of Jeremiah D. Healy, president of the Henry Healy Realty Co., who died of grip yesterday at his home, 3118 Allen avenue, will be held at Immaculate Conception Church, Lafayette boulevard and Lafayette avenue, Wednesday at 8:30 a. m. Burial will be in Calvary Cemetery.  
Mr. Healy started in business with a grocery at Jefferson avenue and Market street, but sold the place in 1886 to become associated with Hiemenz as a real estate salesman. On the death of his employer six years later he bought the business.

In his 40 years in the real estate business, Mr. Healy became known for his generosity to persons unable to meet payments on mortgaged property. In one case he took over the mortgage of a South St. Louis widow, who was unable to meet her payments, and allowed her to keep her home, pay taxes and other charges himself, until her death.  
Surviving are a sister, Miss Helen C. Healy, vice-president of the real estate firm, and a brother, Daniel Healy, 75 years old and unmarried.

### Educator Dead

## MRS. MARTHA FISCHEL DIES SUDDENLY AT 88

Pioneer in Social Service Work Is Victim of Heart Attack.

Mrs. Martha Ellis Fischel, educator and pioneer in social service work, died of a heart attack yesterday at her home, 4402 McPherson avenue. She was 88 years old, widow of Dr. Washington E. Fischel and mother of the late Dr. Ellis Fischel, noted surgeon and chairman of the State Cancer Commission.

For more than 50 years she had been a leading figure in civic, welfare and cultural activities. One of her most memorable accomplishments was the establishment of the first classes of domestic science in St. Louis, an activity which was followed by introduction of courses in the public schools.

Her domestic science work grew out of the formation in 1888 of the Self Culture Hall, a club for wage-earners, sponsored by Walter L. Sheldon, founder of the Ethical Society, who asked her to aid in training women in home management. She continued those classes for 25 years, originally in one room above a bakery at Sixteenth street and Franklin avenue, first instructing children, and then inviting their mothers to see the results.

Relief Worker in 1893.  
Mrs. Fischel was a leader, too, in one of the first relief organizations in St. Louis. In the spread of unemployment during the financial panic of 1893 she and a group of friends formed an association to lend money to those unwilling to accept charity.

Out of this group's investigation work grew a realization of the need for trained social workers. As a result a school of social service was formed, under direction of Prof. Frank Bruno, and the work of that school eventually was taken over by Washington University.

Mrs. Fischel was one of the founders of the Wednesday Club, which was begun in the early '80s at the Shelley Club. She also helped to organize the Contemporary Club and the Ethical Society. She had served as chairman of the old City Board of Charity Commissioners in the '90s.

Principal of Howard College.  
Born in Jackson, Miss., Mrs. Fischel was brought here as a child. As a young woman she taught school in rural districts, continuing her teaching for several years after her marriage in 1876. For a time she was principal of Howard College, Fayette, Mo. Retaining her interest in education, she directed a school in later years to problems of the Board of Education.

Surviving are two sons, Dr. Walter Fischel and Dr. Ellis Fischel; a daughter, Mrs. Edna Gehlborn; nine grandchildren and three great-grandchildren.

Services will be conducted by J. Hutton Hynd, a leader of the Ethical Society, at 11 a. m. tomorrow at the home, 4402 McPherson. Burial will be private, in Bellefontaine Cemetery.

**EDWARD J. BAUR DIES AT 70; OFFICER OF MACHINERY FIRM**  
Had Been Ill for Several Weeks; Funeral to Be Held at 2 P. M. Tomorrow.

Edward J. Baur, secretary-treasurer of the Medart Co. machinery firm, died last night at his home, 4025 Magnolia avenue. He was 70 years old, and had been ill several weeks, following a surgical operation.

Mr. Baur had been with the Medart Co., 3500 De Kalb street, for more than 20 years. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Emma Hoffman Baur, son, Jack Baur, and a daughter, Mrs. James H. Nash, and by three brothers, Dr. Charles Baur, Harry and Alfred Baur.

The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at Pests Funeral Home, Lafayette and Longfellow avenues. Interment will be in Bellefontaine Cemetery.

**MRS. ELIDA LE HOULLIER FUNERAL TO BE TOMORROW**  
97 Descendants Left by Widow, 96, Who Died of Infirmities of Age.

Funeral services for Mrs. Elida LeHoullier, a widow, 96 years old, who died yesterday leaving 97 descendants, will be held tomorrow morning at 8:15 o'clock from the Stuart & Sons' undertaking establishment, 1225 Union boulevard. Burial will be in St. Ferdinand Cemetery in Florissant.

Mrs. LeHoullier died of infirmities of age at the home of a daughter, Mrs. Eugene Oster, 820 N. Grand avenue, Overland, Mo. Her husband, George LeHoullier, died in 1834 at the age of 99. Before his death he occupied a farm on the Charbonnier road in St. Louis County.

Surviving, besides Mrs. Rosner, are three sons, Fred, Charles and George LeHoullier; 25 grandchildren and 68 great-grandchildren.

Russell B. Gibson Funeral.  
Funeral services for Russell B. Gibson, former real estate dealer here, who died Saturday in a Jackson (Miss.) hospital after a long illness, were held here Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the funeral home of J. H. Thompson, 1225 Union boulevard. Burial will be in Bellefontaine Cemetery.

Mr. Gibson, 70 years old, was a member of a pioneer St. Louis County family. He moved to a plantation at Brandon, Miss., 18 years ago. The family moved to St. Louis in 1870. He was a member of the Public Library Board.

## SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

### Former Veiled Prophet Queen a Bride

A T BUFFET supper given last night by Mrs. Robert A. Holland, 8 Hortense place, announcement was made of the engagement of the hostess' daughter, Miss Virginia Rumsey Holland, to Sumnerfield Baldwin Garretson. Mr. Garretson, who came to St. Louis to live about a year ago, is the son of Mr. and Mrs. James Garretson of New York and Greens Farms, Conn. His parents came here for the announcement party.

Guests, about 30, included Mr. and Mrs. L. Warrington Baldwin, cousins of the prospective bridegroom; Lewis M. Rumsey Jr., brother of Mrs. Holland, and Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Stoner, her brother-in-law and sister; Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel W. Ewing, and contemporaries of Miss Virginia and her fiancé.

Miss Holland attended Mary Institute and was graduated from Hacienda del Sol, Tucson, Ariz. Later, she spent a year and a half at Bennington (Vt.) College. She made her debut a year ago at a ball given by her mother at the St. Louis Country Club, and is now a provisional member of the Junior League.

In addition to Mrs. Stoner and Mr. Rumsey, she is a niece of Col. Horace S. Rumsey, now living in Florida. Her grandparents were the late Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Rumsey, and the late Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Robert Holland. Dr. Holland was once rector of St. George's Episcopal Church, which consolidated a few years ago with St. Michael and All Angels.

Mr. Garretson is a graduate of the Loomis School, Princeton University, class of 1936, and the Graduate School of Journalism, Columbia University a year later. His undergraduate club was Tower, and he belongs to the Holland Society of New York and the University Club here.

Mrs. John B. Denvir Jr. of the Park Plaza, who has been at the Gulf Stream apartments, Miami Beach, Fla., for a month, will be joined there the last of this month by Mr. Denvir.

Saturday, Mrs. Denvir was hostess at a luncheon at the Indian Creek Golf Club in honor of Mrs. William J. MacKenna of Atlanta, Ga., who returned yesterday to her home.

Mr. Denvir's sister, Mrs. Richard Taylor Smith, 4432 West Pine boulevard, had as her guest during the holidays her nephew, Peter Denvir of Harrison, N. Y., who departed four days ago.

Two debutante cousins, Miss Clare Curran, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Con P. Curran Jr., Kent road, and Miss Florence Tierney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Tierney, Curran House, No. 1011, will be guests of honor tonight at dinner and a theater party given by their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Corley, 4303 McPherson avenue.

The dinner will be given at the Metropolitan Club. After the dinner, the party will attend the performance of "Susan and God" at the American Theater. Mr. and Mrs. Corley will entertain at their table, Mr. and Mrs. Curran Jr., Mrs. Tierney, Miss Margaret Corley, Edwin Stith, Joseph O'Neill Jr., Charles Harold, Frank Corley Jr., Con Gross, Harold Schramm, Joseph Thatcher and Frederick Wyder.

Mr. and Mrs. Parker H. Woods entertained 16 guests at a buffet supper at their home, 19 Bellevue avenue, last night to announce the approaching marriage of Mrs. Bertha Woods to Mr. Charles Woods and Walter Eugene Tarlton. The wedding will take place next month.

Tiny Cupids, on which were written the names of Mrs. Wells and Mr. Tarlton, were attached to the stems of the cocktail glasses. Supper was served at small tables placed about the sun room and the dining room. The buffet table, lighted by yellow tapers in silver candelabra, was decorated with long and orchid-toned iris, with a miniature bride and bridegroom at either side of the flowers. After supper the guests played bridge.

Mrs. Wells, the former Miss Mildred Revelle, is the daughter of the late Capt. and Mrs. John W. Revelle of Lutetia, Mo., and a sister of Charles G. Revelle of St. Louis and Los Angeles, Cal. She is active in cultural and patriotic organizations. Last October she was elected State regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The approaching marriage of Mrs. Wells and Mr. Tarlton is the culmination of a romance begun at a party given by Mr. and Mrs. Woods a year ago at Christmas. Mr. Tarlton, who lives at 443 East Argyle drive, Kirkwood, is vice-president of the Brown Shoe Co.

Mrs. Edward Mallinckrodt, 16 Westmire place, will return early this week from a visit to New York. While there she has been a guest at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Blodgett, 4449 West Pine boulevard, are spending the winter at Daytona Beach, Fla., where they are guests at the Riviera Hotel. They will return the first of April.

Mrs. Gustave A. Koerner, 4905 Argyle avenue, was at home to friends and relatives yesterday afternoon from 4 to 7 o'clock in honor of her ninety-second birthday anniversary. Among members of the family who were present were her

### Former Veiled Prophet Queen a Bride



—Jules Pierow Photo.

**MR. AND MRS. JOHN Hylan HEMINWAY**  
AFTER their marriage Saturday at the home of Mrs. Heminway's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew W. Johnson, 16 Portland place. A reception was held for 500 guests, many from out of town. The bride was Miss Jane Alva Johnson, former Veiled Prophet Queen.

daughters, Mrs. Samuel Adams of Chicago and Mrs. Sevier Williams of Omaha, Neb.; her son, William K. Koerner; and her daughters-in-law, Mrs. Gustav Koerner and Mrs. Kent Koerner.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome J. Schotten, 26 Brentmoor Park, and Mrs. Schotten's mother, Mrs. Robert White of Boston, sailed Saturday from New Orleans on the Rotterdam for a 16-day cruise. They will visit Cienfuegos, La Guayra, Curacao, Kingston and Havana.

Miss Martha Fairbank, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dickson Fairbank, 5783 Waterman avenue, left Friday for Palm Springs, Cal., where she will visit Miss Rosamond de Laistre and her family. She will return in February to the Erskine School at Boston, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles South of the Park Plaza have returned from Los Angeles, Cal., where they spent the holidays with their daughter, Mrs. Catherine South Marshall. Mrs. Marshall has recently returned from a year's travel in Australia, Hawaii and the South Seas.

Dr. Raymond M. Spivy, 4728 Westmire place; his daughter, Miss Frances, and sons, William and Dixon, returned Wednesday from Miami Beach, Fla., where they spent the Christmas holidays at the New Deauville Hotel-by-the-Sea.

Announcement was made last week in Kansas City, Mo., of the engagement of Miss Mignon Levy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Levy of Kansas City, Mo., and Bernard Passer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Passer, 5159 Cates avenue, Vinita Park, and died Friday at St. Mary's Hospital. He had lived recently in McAllen, Tex.

Also surviving are his widow, Mrs. Gertrude Nohse, Bartlett, and two sons by a previous marriage, Charles H. Bartlett of Clayton and Lawrence U. Bartlett Jr. of McAllen. His first wife, the former Miss Marie January of Ferguson, died about 10 years ago.

Both Miss Levy and her fiancé attended the University of Missouri. Mr. Passer receiving his law degree there.

No definite date has been set for the wedding.

The engagement of Miss Dorothy Metzger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Metzger, 561 North and South roads, Presbyterian City, and John B. Herdlein Jr. was announced at a cocktail party last week at the Missouri Athletic Association.

Miss Metzger attended Washington University. Mr. Herdlein is the son of Mrs. Amanda Herdlein, 504 Kingsland avenue, and is a graduate of Washington University.

Miss Jerry Dasey, daughter of Mrs. Thomas Dasey, 7380 Kingsbury place, sailed with relatives last Saturday from New Orleans aboard the Rotterdam on a 16-day cruise to Havana, Cuba.

The wedding of Miss Dorothy Louise White, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Clifton White, 3438 Humphrey avenue, and Gordon McCullough, 40 North Kingshighway, took place at Oak Hill Presbyterian Church, last Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock, with the Rev. Dr. Theodore S. Smylie officiating. Mr. McCullough is the son of the late Mr. and Mrs. George R. McCullough of St. Louis.

Miss Elizabeth Wood was the bride's only attendant. Mr. McCullough and his bride have departed for a honeymoon in the South.

## BALLET RUSSE OFFERS 'BOGATYRI,' 'CARNAVAL'

Second, Based on Schumann Music, Features Fourth and Final Program.

By THOMAS B. SHERMAN

THE Ballet Russe de Monte Carlo gave its fourth and last performance yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Auditorium. The program consisted of a much-revitalized "Bogatyr," a repetition of "St. Francis" and the first performance in several years of "Carnaval" with choreography by Fokine and music derived from Schumann's well-known piano suite.

Being a series of diversions built around the characters which Schumann named in his score, "Carnaval" provided opportunities for a disclosure of the romantic and sentimental in costume and in dancing. Danilova, Delarova, Krasakova and Youskevitch gave consistently light and ingratiating performances.

The repetition of "St. Francis" confirmed the impression of Saturday evening that Massiel had created something singularly moving in spirit and striking to the eye and that the whole set of kinetic tableaux had been reflected accurately in a remarkable score by Paul Hindemith.

New life was imparted to "Bogatyr" by a cut of seven minutes in the performing time and more pointed and a more glamorous performance of the Princess by Alexandra Danilova who replaced the badly miscast Slavenska.

Efrem Kurz conducted the St. Louis Symphony orchestra ably in "Bogatyr" and "St. Francis."

General impressions left by the reorganized ballet were highly favorable though the loss of Baronova, Rhabouchinska, Tounonova and Shabalevsky have not been wholly replaced. On the other hand, the addition of Mia Slavenska brings into the group a finer technician and a more finished artist than any appearing either this year or last with the exception of Alexandra Danilova. Alecia Markova also gave evidence of great control, finesse and precision though she was not given any outstanding roles.

The outstanding artists among the new personalities are Mia Slavenska, Frederic Franklin, Igor Youskevitch, Nini Theilade and Nathalie Krasakova.

"Gaite Parisienne" and "St. Francis" were the most successful of the new ballets, though the "Seventh Symphony," done to Beethoven's music, offered brilliant solutions of numerous problems in rhythm and massing.

### LAWRENCE U. BARTLIFF SR.

**FUNERAL SERVICES HELD**  
Former St. Louisian Died on Visit Here Following Cerebral Hemorrhage.

Funeral services for Lawrence U. Bartliff Sr., former St. Louisian, were held today at the Donnelly undertaking establishment, 3840 Lindell boulevard. Burial was in Oak Grove Cemetery.

Mr. Bartliff, who was 39 years old, suffered a cerebral hemorrhage last Wednesday while visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. George W. O'Malley, 8433 Midland avenue, Vinita Park, and died Friday at St. Mary's Hospital. He had lived recently in McAllen, Tex.

Also surviving are his widow, Mrs. Gertrude Nohse, Bartliff, and two sons by a previous marriage, Charles H. Bartliff of Clayton and Lawrence U. Bartliff Jr. of McAllen. His first wife, the former Miss Marie January of Ferguson, died about 10 years ago.

Both Miss Levy and her fiancé attended the University of Missouri. Mr. Passer receiving his law degree there.

No definite date has been set for the wedding.

The engagement of Miss Dorothy Metzger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Metzger, 561 North and South roads, Presbyterian City, and John B. Herdlein Jr. was announced at a cocktail party last week at the Missouri Athletic Association.

Miss Metzger attended Washington University. Mr. Herdlein is the son of Mrs. Amanda Herdlein, 504 Kingsland avenue, and is a graduate of Washington University.

Miss Jerry Dasey, daughter of Mrs. Thomas Dasey, 7380 Kingsbury place, sailed with relatives last Saturday from New Orleans aboard the Rotterdam on a 16-day cruise to Havana, Cuba.

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**Zoric Dry Cleaning**  
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**TODAY'S POST-DISPATCH**  
WANT ADS Tell  
Of Business Openings

### NOW BEING PAID 3-STAR SAVERS!

Yes, once more 3-Star Savings Accounts pay a dividend of 4%. This modern method offers three outstanding advantages:

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- \* SAFETY—Your savings are insured to \$5000.
- \* YIELD—Another dividend of 4% just paid.

Open a 3-Star Savings Account—the dividend in January helps you start a new year right, and the July dividend helps along at vacation time.

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FEDERAL SAVINGS & LOAN  
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NORTHIDE OFFICE, 3007 NORTH BROADWAY  
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**MEN If Your Suit Needs Cleaning or Your Trousers Pressing**  
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**CHAPMAN**  
LOUISIANA  
LAUNDRY





# STOCK MARKET

## Wall Street Awaits Congress Reaction to Budget Message

Fairly Heavy Foreign Selling in Several Groups Reported.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Aircraft stocks descended some in today's market and pulled many other issues down with them.

Losses, at the worst, ranged from 1 to 3 or more points. Support came in at the last, however, and enabled most leaders to close above the lows.

The pace quickened on the forenoon relapse, but volume dwindled appreciably thereafter. Transfers were around 1,100,000 shares.

Wall Street could find nothing especially disheartening in the spot news. Even if a "stamp-priming" plan outlined in the President's budget message, the matter of possible new taxes was not overlooked as a handicap for stocks.

Brokers heard talk of more than the usual amount of foreign selling in airplane, steel, motor, rubber, copper, rail and specialty stocks, although specific reasons for this liquidation were lacking.

In the Lower Group.

Steele virtually ignored the official estimate that this week's milk production would be up 1 point at 51.7 per cent of capacity. A month ago the rate stood at 57.8 per cent and a year ago it was 27.8 per cent.

Prominent on the losing side the greater part of the day were Douglas Aircraft, United Aircraft, Sperry, U. S. Steel, Bethlehem, Chrysler, U. S. Rubber, Kennecott, American Smelting, Santa Fe, Illinois Central, du Pont, Westinghouse, Johns Manville, Texas Corporation, Cluett Peabody and Owens-Illinois.

General Motors was resistant, along with a number of utilities and carriers.

Bonds traded backward, as did major commodities. Wheat at Chicago was off 1/4 to 1/2 cent a bushel and corn yielded 1/4 to 1/2 cent.

Cotton, in late transactions, was down about 20 to 30 cents a bale.

Sterling and the French franc dropped in terms of the dollar. Near mid-afternoon the former was 16 cents in arrears at \$4.67 and the latter off .004 of a cent at 2.63 cents.

News of the Day.

Helping end the automotive stocks was a new "downward" strike at Detroit which Chrysler's Plymouth plant and forced the Briggs Manufacturing concern, which supplies Plymouth bodies, to suspend.

On the upside, December sales figures of the motor makers were interpreted as satisfactory. General Motors, the first of the large companies to report, disclosed the United States last month amounted to 118,000 units, against 131,387 in November and 98,692 in December a year ago.

Further profit taking in the aviation was in line with brokerage expectations. It was realized this group had been given a long upward ride with much of a "correction." Then, too, the new disposition in some quarters, clear decks pending the presidential national defense message due later this week.

Over Week-End Developments.

"Steel" said the snap-back in mill operations from the depression in mills prevailing over the holidays was mainly seasonal "since the major share of the gain is compensation for the reduction of shipments to the steel industry and the reduction of inventories at the year end."

With the replenishment of stocks, it was added, subsequent changes in the trend of consumption.

Virtually all districts participated in the recent "downward" publication said, with several individual plants boosting schedules higher than any prevailing in 1933. Principal increases were found at Pittsburgh, Youngstown, Wheeling and Detroit.

Days' 15 Most Active Stocks.

Sales, closing price and net change of the 15 most active stocks: 46,500 104, up 1/4; U. S. Steel 27,500 65, down 1/4; Republic Steel 23,800 23, down 1/4; N. Y. Cent. 21,700 20, up 1/4; North Am. Aviat. 19,200 17, down 1/4; Chrysler 17,800 37, down 1/4; United Air. 17,700 48, down 1/4; Chrysler 17,200 75, down 1/4; Bethlehem 17,100 75, down 1/4; General Motor. 16,800 40, down 1/4; Kennecott 16,300 19, down 1/4; Yellow Truck 16,300 33, down 1/4; Anaconda 13,500 22, down 1/4; Sperry 13,400 42, down 1/4.

## WASHINGTON BUSINESS NOTES

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Commerce Department reported automobile exports in November totaled \$26,230,464, an increase of 44 per cent over the previous month and the highest total since April.

The Commerce Department reported 1933 sales of apparel totaled \$2,923,000, an increase of 2.3 per cent over 1932.

Reports to the Commerce Department from foreign bureaus follow:

Argentina—Automotive industry activity is current year expected to slacken.

Green—New law to regulate export trade.

# INDEX COMMODITY AVERAGES

Other statistics showing economic trend

TREND OF STAPLE PRICES.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The Associated Press daily wholesale price index of 35 basic commodities:

Commodity	1933-34	1932-33	1931-32	1930-31
Monday	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Tuesday	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Wednesday	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Thursday	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Friday	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Saturday	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Month ago	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Year ago	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

STOCK PRICE AVERAGES.

Commodity	1933-34	1932-33	1931-32	1930-31
Monday	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Tuesday	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
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Month ago	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Year ago	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

ST. LOUIS STOCK EXCHANGE.

Jan. 9.—The local market was mainly unchanged to higher most of day, but before close Wagner Electric lost a fraction, as did Collins-Morris. The turnover was not large.

Stock sales amounted to 826 shares, compared with 556 Saturday. Bond sales were 6,000.

Following is a complete list of securities traded in, giving sales, high, low, closing prices and net changes:

Stocks and Bonds	Sales	High	Low	Close	Net
Ad. Exp. 1.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0
Ad. Exp. 2.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0
Ad. Exp. 3.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0
Ad. Exp. 4.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0
Ad. Exp. 5.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0
Ad. Exp. 6.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0
Ad. Exp. 7.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0
Ad. Exp. 8.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0
Ad. Exp. 9.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0
Ad. Exp. 10.00a	1	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	0

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Stocks and Bonds	Sales	High	Low	Close	Net
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the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK Jan. 8. — Open-

Operations in the steel industry for the current week will advance one point to 51.7 per cent of capacity, compared with 50.7 per cent last week, the American Iron & Steel Institute estimated today.

A month ago operations were at a rate of 57.5 per cent of capacity, and a year ago 27.8 per cent.

This week's rise lifted operations to a level equal to that prevailing in the week beginning Dec. 19 last, when output also was at 51.7 per cent of capacity.

the gain was the second consecutive weekly one from a low of 10 per cent touched during the week beginning Dec. 27, the New Year's holiday week. Steel circles recently reported shortages of orders had been augmented by new orders from automobile companies for bars, tubing and flat-rolled material.

today gave the steel industry cause to expect further gains in the first quarter of 1939, the magazine "Steel" said. Recovery after the holidays depressed restored operations to near the pre-war rate, with seasonal specifications still responsible. That in the offing were probable rail purchases of new track material and equipment and additional buying for public works projects. The industry eyed the Congressional activities relating to

and armament legislation. In plate producers, whose operations slipped sharply in 1938, anticipated rebound in the first quarter. Right now, automotive steel orders are clogged, and large tonnages are scheduled for January shipment. The weekly steel review reported December pig iron production up 47 per cent compared with the same month in 1937. It showed total production last year down 88.6 per cent below 1937. But two districts reported increases in steelmaking rates last week. Principal

were 18 points at Pittsburgh to 64 cent; 18 to 50 at Youngstown; 14 to 21 at Wheeling; and 12 to 91 at Detroit. Centers reporting gains were Chicago, 2 to 53; eastern Pennsylvania, five to Cincinnati; 22 to 72; St. Louis, three to 55; and Cleveland, four points to 54 cent. Birmingham at 77 and New York at 70 were unchanged. Steel reported strength in scrap markets daily. Price composites remained unchanged with scrap at \$14.79, iron and steel at \$36.36, and finished steel at \$40.

## FRUITS

ST. LOUIS PRODUCE MARKET, Jan. 10.—Reported by the "St. Louis Daily Market Reporter":

APPLES — Illinois, bu golden delicious, unclassified, \$1.35@1.50; willow-leaved, \$1.25@1.35; unclassified, \$1@1.10; Michigan, \$1.15; unclassified, 90c@ \$1; Washington, \$1.10; grimes, orchard run, 90c@ \$1.

Mississippi, orchard, bu, \$1.15; West  
 nia grimes golden, bu, \$1.35; 1.40;  
 \$1.35; 1.40; gano, \$1.10; 1.15;  
 York Rhode island greenings, \$1.30;  
 delicious, \$1.20; 1.25; gold-  
 delicious, \$1.35; ben david, \$1.15;  
 wt., at track, ben david, \$1.60; 1.75;  
 igan bu Jonathan, \$1.50; 1.65; red  
 bu, \$1.50; grimes golden delicious,  
 rates, \$1.50; Maryland, bu, golden de-  
 s., \$1.65; 1.75; Idaho, bushel, Arkan-  
 saskans, unclassified, \$1.25; 1.35; jon-  
 na, \$1.35; 1.40; red delicious, \$1.50;  
 naps, \$1.30; 1.35; romes, \$1.35; Colo-  
 bu Jonathan, \$1.45.

OCADON—California figs, small, \$1  
0.00; large, \$1.75.  
NANAS—Imported 40-lb boxes, \$1.80  
35-lb boxes, \$1.60 @ 1.70; loose, per  
@ 1.00.  
NACUATES—Florida 36-qt crates,  
\$1.00.  
ORANGES—Florida ½-box sacks, 90c.  
LIMBERRIES—Cape Cod 25-lb boxes  
@ .85 @ 5.75.  
PINES—California Persian flat crates,  
\$1.00.  
PINES—Florida quarter boxes Persiana,  
\$1.00.  
PINES—Mexican 55-lb boxes, \$6.  
RAISINS—California 36-lb boxes, \$1.00.  
RAISINS—Florida 36-lb boxes, \$1.00.

\$5.75 @ 6.  
 rna fruit prices at auction were as  
 follows:  
 ORANGES—California, boxes, \$1.65 @  
 Florida boxes, \$1.05 @ 240; Texas  
 \$1.45 @ 225.  
 LINGERINES—Florida 4-5 bu 35 @ 85c.  
 LIMEFRUIT—Texas boxes, \$1.45 @  
 LEMONS — California boxes, \$2.90 @

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**BUTTER AND CHEESE**

Butter, cheese and other commodity quotations on the St. Louis market as reported by the "St. Louis Daily Market Letter" follow:

**BUTTER.**  
Butter—Nearly whole milk extras, 92 23½¢; standard, 90 score, 24½¢; 23½¢ @ 24½¢; seconds, 23½¢.

**SUET/FAT.**  
Lard at 18 @ 20¢ per lb., according to quality.

**CHEESE.**

se. in jobbing way, per lb.: North-  
wina, 17c; singles, 17½c; long horns,  
daises, 17½c; prints, 18c; brick,  
Missouri and nearby at 1@1½c per  
less.

**FROGS.**  
gs. per dozen: Jumbo, \$3.50; me-  
\$3; small, \$2; baby, \$1.25.

**VEAL CALVES.**  
(Produce Row).  
is—Strictly choice, \$10.25; fair to  
\$8.50@9.50; common to medium,  
@7.50; rough and underfed, \$4.50  
D.

fat sheep, \$8.00 @ 8.50; culls, \$4.50 @ 5.00; fat sheep, \$2.25 @ 3.25; buck lambs, \$1.00 @ 1.50 per 100 pounds.

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## HIDE MARKET REVIEW

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The Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Hide prices advanced about 1/4 cent in the big packer spot market at the start last week, but eased off in the period ended. Only 18,000 hides

ported sold.  
the end of the week heavy native  
steers were quoted at 12½¢ cents  
3; heavy Texas at 12¼¢; light  
packer cows, 12¢; branded, all  
11½¢; packer bulls, branded all  
7½¢, were quoted at 7¼¢.  
Huskies were active, northern big  
selling at 26 cents and light at 19  
during the week.  
Prices on the Mercantile Ex-  
change closed 20 to 30 points lower for  
week. In New York old contracts lost  
4 points. Cotton quotations were 11¢

**PLAYERS**  
on of Important  
nial Team

Dividend Records  
Just Been Issued.  
Request  
**TT & Co.**  
*Louis Stock Exchanges*  
Central 3400

## 'WALKURE' FIRST OPERA IN SPRING SERIES HERE

To Be Given, With Two Other Productions, by New Association.

The first opera to be presented here this spring by the newly formed Civic Grand Opera Association will be Richard Wagner's "Die Walkure." No date has been set, but the production, like the others in the series of three, will be given in the Municipal Auditorium's Opera House.

Laszlo Halasz, a former director at the Salzburg Festival, will conduct. The production will be staged by Dr. Ernest Lert of the Metropolitan Opera staff. Principals in the cast will be chosen from the Metropolitan's roster by Halasz.

Members of the St. Louis Symphony Orchestra will comprise the opera's orchestra and a permanent salaried chorus will be organized. Tryouts for the chorus will begin soon.

The Civic Grand Opera Association was organized recently on a non-profit basis by a group of business men to provide a series of

operas each autumn and spring. A budget of \$25,000 has been set for the first three and sponsors are being sought to supply working capital.

"Die Walkure," part of the famous "Ring" tetralogy, received its first performance in Munich in 1870. In its score are the noted "Spring Song," the "Ride of the Valkyries," Wotan's "Firewall" and the Magic Fire music.

### BAR TO HEAR DETROIT JUDGE ON PRE-TRIAL PROCEDURE

Practicability of Advance Hearings Being Studied by Committee of St. Louis Association.

Judge Joseph A. Moynihan of Detroit will discuss Pre-Trial Procedure at a meeting of the St. Louis Bar Association at Hotel Chase on Jan. 23 at 8:15 p. m.

Practicability of pre-trial hearings is being studied by a committee of the association. President Roscoe Anderson has pointed out that the new Federal rules of procedure authorize pre-trial hearings in United States District Courts, and has said that the system worked out well in State courts in Detroit, Boston and Los Angeles.

Such hearings, Anderson said, had been effective in narrowing issues and in hastening and shortening the actual trial. In many instances, the result has been settlement or dismissal of the case.

## Princess at Ski Resort



PRINCESS ALEXANDRIA, of Greece, ESCORTED BY THE MARQUIS OF MILFORD HAVEN AT St. Moritz, Switzerland, where they took part in the winter sports.

### LONG RANGE ARMS PLAN EXPECTED FROM PRESIDENT

Continued From Page One.

session in the form of authority to enter contracts for planes, guns, tanks and other munitions. Only by means of such contract authorizations can mass production by private manufacturing be made possible, officials believe.

Though the detailed recommendations agreed on at a recent White House conference of war, navy and diplomatic officials have remained highly confidential, informed authorities anticipate Mr. Roosevelt will tell Congress.

### ITALY PROTESTS TO FRANCE ON TUNIS INCIDENT

Continued From Page One.

there now for Gen. Franco. It will be the first time in history that a British Prime Minister has gone to Rome on a diplomatic mission. Chamberlain will pass through Paris and stop there long enough for a meeting with Premier Daladier to give a symbolic demonstration of his sympathy with France against Italian aggression for French "Tunis, Corsica and Nice."

2. Germany has so far outstripped the rest of the world in air power that the United States dare not lag further, particularly in the capacity to produce war planes in an emergency and the trained flyers to man them.

3. Army and navy orders for aircraft should be quadrupled in the forthcoming fiscal year, both to expand existing forces and the nation's productive capacity.

4. Twenty thousand pilots should be trained annually in the colleges and an even greater number of aviation mechanics schooled, at least at the outset.

5. In men, the present army air force of about 20,000 must be expanded. One estimate circulated in military quarters was that this number will be required, of which 17,000 would be added in the next fiscal year.

6. Additional infantry and artillery troops must be provided to defend the more numerous air bases expanded air forces will require.

7. More than \$100,000,000 should be made available for anti-aircraft artillery, tanks, semi-automatic rifles and other weapons, to equip the "initial protective force" of 400,000, made up of the regular army, national guard and organized reserve.

8. Far more "educational orders" for munitions should be provided for than the present \$2,000,000 annually, to gear industry more closely to the preparedness machine.

9. More officials have recommended \$30,000,000 for the purpose.

10. New air bases are needed for both the army and navy.

### CHAMBERLAIN OFF TOMORROW TO TRY TO APPEASE ITALY

Continued From Page One.

talk about France, but they will not do anything.

Chamberlain must avoid formal mediation for two reasons: First, the French won't have it; second, Francophiles here won't have it either, because it immediately places France in an inferior status to Italy and creates a situation parallel to that of Czech-Slovakia against Germany, in which Paris would be cast as the new Prague and Chamberlain as the new Runemanc.

You cannot subject a great power like France to a humiliating role such as that, it is argued.

What will Chamberlain and Mussolini talk about after they skip around the French-Italian fust? Well, Chamberlain might ask Mussolini to use his influence with Hitler to moderate his campaign for more guns and fewer Jews.

And, of course, there is always Spain. Chamberlain, no doubt, will inquire into the prospects for an armistice or mediation in Spain. Mussolini can be counted upon to demand belligerent rights for insurgent Generalissimo Francisco Franco. Chamberlain is unwilling to grant these rights yet—but who knows? If the grant of belligerent rights brought the end of the Spanish war closer, might not Chamberlain claim that Spain had been appeased and peace secured, or is that putting the fair face of what will go down in history as the Neville Chamberlain policy of appeasement?

YOUTH SHOT IN FOOT IN TUSSELE.

James B. Holt, 17 years old, 718 Ohio avenue, East St. Louis, was shot in the left foot early yesterday when he attempted to disarm a young Negro who approached him and his young woman companion in the vicinity of Tenth and Baker streets and forced them to walk to a small shed in a nearby alley. The Negro fled without obtaining any money.

### Movie Time Table

**AMBASSADOR**—"The Dawn Patrol," starring Errol Flynn with Basil Rathbone and David Niven, at 11:53, 3:40 and 9:14; "While New York Sleeps," featuring Michael Whalen and Chick Chandler, at 10:30, 1:37, 4:44, 7:51 and 10:57.

**FOX**—"King of the Underworld," starring Humphrey Bogart with Kay Francis, at 12:38, 3:52, 7:06 and 10:20; "Off the Record," starring Pat O'Brien and Joan Blondell, at 2:03, 5:17 and 8:31; "March of Time," at 12:34, 3:46, 6:59 and 9:49; "The Declaration of Independence" (featurette) at 12:18, 3:32, 6:46 and 10.

**LOEWS**—Jeanette MacDonald and Nelson Eddy in "Sweethearts," with Frank Morgan and Mimi Auer, at 10:05, 12:26, 2:47, 5:08, 7:29 and 9:50.

**MISSOURI**—"Kentucky," starring Loretta Young and Richard Greene with Walter Brennan, at 1:30, 4:10, 6:50 and 9:30; Disney cartoons, including "Ferdinand the Bull," at 1:30, 4:10, 6:50 and 9:30; "March of Time," at 12:40, 3:20, 6 and 8:40.

**ST. LOUIS**—"Down in Arkansas," starring the Weaver Brothers and Elvira, at 1:40, 4:08, 7:12 and 10:18; "Exposed," featuring Glenda Farrell and Otto Kruger, at 5:03, 6:09 and 9:15.

### CONSTIPATION Can Disturb Sleep

If you toss in bed and can't sleep from constipation and wind, remember this: To get quick relief you must get DOUBLE ACTION. You must relieve the gas. You must clear the bowels. Adick's is BOTH cathartic and carminative. Adick's stimulates that warm and soothing the stomach and stimulates gas. Cathartics that quickly and gently clear the bowels that may have caused gas, your stomach, sleepless nights and indigestion for months. Adick's relieves gas almost at once. Adick's usually acts on the bowels in less than two hours. No waiting for overnight relief. Adick's does not grip, is not habit forming. Get genuine Adick's today. At all leading druggists.

## EXCITING SHORT SUBJECTS ON NEW PROGRAM AT FOX

"March of Time," Dealing With Refugee Problem, and Patriotic Item Head Bill.

Two short subjects on the program which opened yesterday at the Fox Theater overshadowed the feature pictures. They are a new issue of "The March of Time," called "The Refugee: Today and Tomorrow" and a brief patriotic melodrama entitled "The Declaration of Independence" and dealing with the signing of the historic document.

In "The March of Time," the plight of refugees over the world is reviewed as a prelude to discussion of oppression of the Jews by the Nazis in Germany and a survey of resettlement of Palestine. Unusually complete and unusually forthright in referring to "persecution and intolerance unparalleled since the dark ages," the short subject brought forth hissing for Hitler and general demonstration by the audience. With "The Declaration of Independence" following immediately afterward, the Fox audience gave somewhat the appearance of a patriotic mass meeting.

The two feature pictures are entertaining enough. "Off the Record," a newspaper comedy melodrama in which Joan Blondell marries Pat O'Brien in order to give a home to a "Dead End" delinquent, Bobby Jordan, has several very good comedy situations, is lively, active and very thoroughly played by the three principals. "King of the World" is about a gang leader and a woman doctor. The title role is the kind Humphrey Bogart can play, and does, with one arm in a bandage. —C. Mc.

## MUSSOLINI CALLS ITALIANS ABROAD TO RETURN HOME

Continued From Page One.

tions into account and includes the children born to Italians abroad, whom Italy considers Italian citizens though most of them never have seen Italy.

According to this figure, there are 3,749,000 Italians in the United States, 1,637,000 in Brazil, 1,826,000 in Argentina and 992,000 in France. U. S. Figures on Italians.

According to the United States census of 1930, there were only 1,790,000 natives of Italy in the United States. Many of these had renounced allegiance to Italy through naturalization and their children, in most cases, are American citizens. Nevertheless, some Italian commentators consider that the figure of 10,000,000 Italians abroad is far too low.

The newspaper Il Popolo di Roma recently produced statistics designed to show that 5,100,000 rather than 1,826,000 of Argentina's 12,000,000 persons were really of Italian blood.

If the same discrepancy holds good for Italians in other countries, the newspaper said, the total of persons of Italian blood abroad would be 28,000,000 rather than 10,000,000.

Added to Italy's present population of 44,000,000, this figure would give the nation almost as many persons as greater Germany has.

"For us it is not citizenship that counts, but race; for each one carries his nationality in the blood, that he inherits from his forefathers, and not on a piece of paper that the pressure of authorities in the country in which he resides

### CITY ART MUSEUM

Forest Park

### ILLUSTRATED LECTURE

"The Development of French Portrait Painting from Fouquet to Cezanne"

By Charles Sterling, Attache of the Louvre, Paris

Tomorrow at 3:30 P. M.

Free to the Public

### HOTEL CLARIDGE

ENTERTAINMENT NIGHTS

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

FINE FOOD AND LIQUORS

Full Extensive Facilities

FREE PARKING

### PHOTOPLAY THEATRES

2ND BIG WEEK

HOW LOEWS

JEANETTE MACDONALD NELSON EDDY

with Frank Morgan SWEETHEARTS

In Victor Herbert's

DOORS OPEN 10 A. M.

### TODAY'S PHOTO PLAY INDEX

<b>Compton</b> 3145 Park C. Gable, M. Loy, "Too Hot to Handle," "Aces and Eights," "Arson Racket Squad."	<b>FAIRY</b> 5440 Easton Leg. Dishes, Dione Quintapier, "Under Western Stars."	<b>HI-WAY</b> 2705 N. 10th Glamorous Night, Olla Kruger, Mary Ellis, "Shanghaied," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>Ivanhoe</b> 3239 Ivanhoe Pat O'Brien, Margaret Lind, "Garden of the Moon," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>Kirkwood</b> 1710 N. Jefferson "Stablemates," W. Boyd, "Mickey Rooney," "Boy's Town," "Vacation from Love," F. Popeye.	<b>Macklin</b> 5416 Arsenal C. Gable, M. Loy, "Too Hot to Handle," "Aces and Eights," "Arson Racket Squad."	<b>Marquette</b> 1806 Franklin "Four Daughters," F. Popeye, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>Maryland</b> 1860 S. 13th St. "Caroline," Glenda Farrell, "Little Miss Thoroughbred," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>MERRY WIDOW</b> 1435 Chouteau 7-Unit Show, "Alexander's Ragtime Band," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>OSAGE</b> Kirkwood, Mo. "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>NORMANDY</b> 724 Nat. Bldg. "Stablemates," Mickey Rooney, Wallace Berry, "Vacation from Love," Florence Rice, "Dance O'Keefe."	<b>APOLLO</b> Deliberate at Waterman "Stablemates," Mickey Rooney, Wallace Berry, "Vacation from Love," Florence Rice, "Dance O'Keefe."	<b>CINDERELLA</b> CHICKADEE Florence Rice, "Vacation from Love."	<b>MELBA</b> GRAND and MIAMI Lane Sisters, "FOUR DAUGHTERS," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>MICHIGAN</b> 7224 Michigan Bob Burns, "ARKANSAS TRAVELER," Wayne Morris, "Valley of the Giants," "Gorgeous Color."	<b>VIRGINIA</b> 5117 California Colorama, Pat O'Brien, "Garden of the Moon," Ronald Reagan, "GIRLS ON PROBATION."	<b>STUDIO</b> BRIDGE Clark Gable, Myrna Loy, "Too Hot to Handle," "Aces and Eights," "Arson Racket Squad."	<b>SAVOY</b> FERGUSON Mickey Rooney, Spencer Tracy, "BOYS' TOWN," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>MELVIN</b> CHIPPWA Jack Haley, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>LEMAI</b> Lemaie Ferry J. Gaylor, R. Montgomery, "3 Loves Has Nancy," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>SOUTHWAY</b> 6722 S. Mickey Rooney, Judy Garland, "Love Finds Andy Broadway," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>GEM</b> John L. Bob Baker, "COURAGE OF THE WEST," "TREASURE ISLAND," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>OVERLAND</b> Overland Edw. G. Robinson, "The Amazing Dr. Chatterbox," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>LONGWOOD</b> 5115 D. Darrin, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>VALLEY</b> 5200 "Don Ameche," "BETWEEN THE LINES," "The Perfect Specimen," "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>U-CITY</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>LEXINGTON</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>OFALLON</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>BADEN</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>ASHLAND</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>PAULINE</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>BREMEN</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>SALISBURY</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>ROBIN</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>QUEENS</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>LEE</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>JANET</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>CIRCLE</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>LOWELL</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.	<b>BRIDGE</b> 5234 Pat O'Brien, "The Night of the Living Dead," "Heart of Arizona," W. Boyd.
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**BE KIND!**

Be considerate! Don't cough in public places. Carry with you Smith Brothers Cough Drops. (Two kinds—Black or Menthol, 5¢.)

**Smith Bros. Cough Drops are the only drops containing VITAMIN A**

This is the vitamin that raises the resistance of the mucous membranes of the nose and throat to cold infections.

## WOW! Should I Holler I Just Won A Dollar

Bill Lee Had Backache He Had It Bad He Bet Me A Dollar Today BILL'S Darn Glad

Well to cut a long story short—I remembered my Dad had often boasted about a medicine called OMEGA OIL that he claimed would bring ease and comfort to painful, aching back muscles, even bad enough to be called lumbago—so I said to Bill—

"Bet you a dollar I'll have you on the job tomorrow morning"—give me 35 cents.

"It's in my pants pocket and the dollar, too," says Bill—"Get it and get it quick—I want to work—I want to see another pay envelope."

So I goes to the nearest drugstore—gets my 35-cent bottle of Omega Oil, which the druggist said was good and powerful—penetrating and medicated and hurried back to Bill.

I rolled him over—He yelled murder when I did—but I gave him back a darn good rubbing—and that's how I won my dollar—but I'm giving it back to my old pal Bill tonight—Omega Oil is tops for backache—Bill says so and Bill knows.

"I've worked less," says I, "but we've got to do something—so I started my old bean to work."

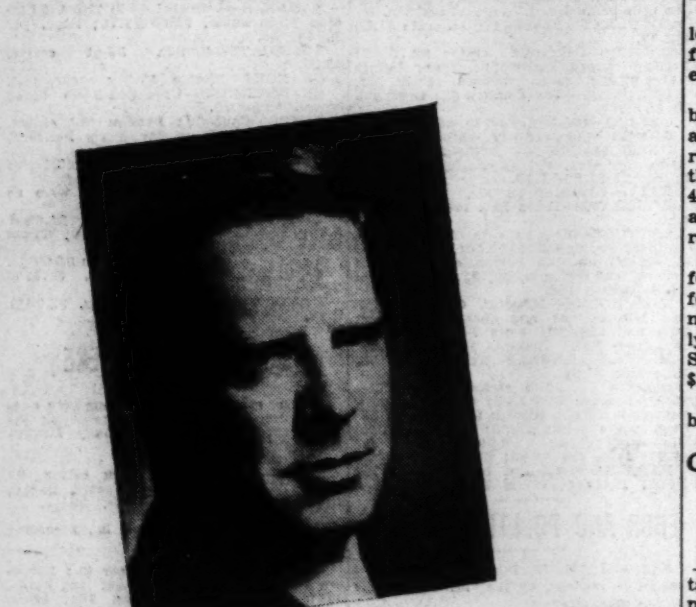
"I'll say he's glad—it's like this—Bill had backache—had it good and plenty—did no work for two days. So last night I walked over to see Bill—that backache had sure took Bill bad."

"Every time I move," says Bill, "pains shoot all through my back—sometimes so terrible I think I'm going to pass out."

"Why don't you get a doctor?" says I to Bill.

"Why don't I get one of those 15-cylinder machines," Bill answered—you know darn well I ain't worked 10 weeks in a year—be yourself!" says Bill.

"I've worked less," says I, "but we've got to do something—so I started my old bean to work."



Be sure to read Westbrooks Pegler's shrewd brilliant column "Fair Enough" now appearing every day in the Post-Dispatch

has induced him to accept," Il Popolo di Roma said.

The stream of Italian emigration increased steadily from 1870 to 1900 and at the turn of the century took a big jump. Emigrants exceeded a half million every year from 1901 to 1913. Emigration was halted by the World War, but leaped to 614,000 in 1921. American restrictions cut it down and then Mussolini's prohibition of further emigration, except in special cases, cut it much lower.

In recent years emigration has been almost balanced by repatriation; under the new policy repatriation is expected greatly to exceed emigration.

### Married 64 Years.

AURORA, Mo., Jan. 9.—Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Mullen, who live south of here, celebrated their sixty-fourth wedding anniversary at their home. Mr. Mullen is 84 and Mrs. Mullen, 80. Both were born on the same date.

**DON BESTOR**  
HIS "PLAY DON" ORCHESTRA  
Featured 2 Year W. W. W. Award  
SUN, JAN. 15  
**CASA-LOMA**  
CHEROKEE & IOWA—LA. 5700

### PHOTOPLAY THEATRES

NORSIDE

FREE PARKING

MICKEY ROONEY

LEWIS STONE—HARDY FAMILY

OUT WEST WITH THE HARDYS

Jackie Cooper, Lucy Gilman

GANGSTER BOY

3RD BIG WEEK!

HOW TO UNDRESS

IN THE HANDS OF YOUR NEIGHBOR

It shows what it's like to be a criminal!

It shows what it's like to be a criminal!

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Anti-French Parade in Syria.

By the Associated Press.

DAMASCUS, Syria, Jan. 9.—Thronged yesterday in protest against French rule. Demonstrations were called against France's failure to execute the 1936 treaty which would have ended its League of Nations mandate over Syria and given the latter independence. Native shops were closed in a protest strike.

# THE EVERYDAY MAGAZINE

Published Everyday — Week-days and Sundays in the ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

PART FOUR

ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1939.

PAGES 1-6D

Anti-French Parade in Syria.  
By the Associated Press.  
DAMASCUS, Syria, Jan. 9. —  
Thousands of Syrian Nationalists  
marched yesterday in protest  
against French rule. Demonstrations  
were called against French rule  
failure to execute the 1936 treaty  
which would have ended its League  
of Nations mandate over Syria and  
given the latter independence. No-  
tice shops were closed in a protest  
strike.

## AMUSEMENTS

**American**  
Grand Theatre of St. Louis  
MATS. WED-SAT, 2:30, 5:00 to \$2.24  
JOHN GOLDEN GERTRUDE  
**LAWRENCE**  
in "SUSAN and GOD"  
By Rachel Crothers with Paul McGrath  
Week  
MONDAY NIGHT  
**ETHEL BARRYMORE**  
in "WHITEOAKS"  
By Max de la Roche  
Nights 5:00, 7:15, 9:30, 11:30, 12:30, 2:30  
Mats. Wed-Sat., 5:00 to \$2.24

## THEATRES

**NEW EMPRESS**  
OLIVE OF GRAND  
Season's Greatest Musical Drama  
**GREAT WALTZ**  
LOUIS FERNAND GRAVET KORJUS  
HUGH HERBERT \* HENMAN BIRD  
Jack Holt \* Marcia Ralston  
"CRIME TAKES A HOLIDAY"  
FREE PARKING

**ELY CULBERTSON'S**  
Contract Bridge Column  
Daily in the  
Post-Dispatch

ment Always Attend  
**THEATRES**  
CO. & ANSELL BROS

FLYNN-BASIL RATHBONE  
**OWN PATROL**

Also  
"NEW YORK SLEEPS!"

COLBERT AS "ZAZA!"

ING OF "UNDERWORLD"

PAT "VICTIMS OF NAZI GERMANY!"  
"RECORD" See This Startling Exposure  
of a Brutal Prosecution!

"Declaration of Independence!"

3th—at the FOX!  
**UNKENSTEIN**

hard WALT DISNEY PREVUE!  
TIME A New Orleans Headed by  
"KY" "FERDINAND THE BULL"

MAN Extra! "The March of Time"

ARK FREE, 3535 DELMAR  
OS. & ELVIRY "EXPOSED!"  
ARKANSAW! Extra! "The March of Time"

PRISCILLA  
RIS LANE

**Other Rat**

"Scat" Davis—Ronald Reagan

PRICE, Constance BENNETT

RVIC DE LUXE

AUER CHARLIE RUGGLES

WICKY ROONEY

EST WITH THE HARDY'S

S STONE—CECILIA PARKER

"ADVENTURE IN SAHARA"

R FERNAND GRAVET MILLS KORJUS

**GREAT WALTZ**

"Crime Takes a Holiday"

OWER LORETTA YOUNG

"SUEZ"

MILY, "DOWN ON THE FARM"

FLYNN BETTE DAVIS

"THE SISTERS"

TANWICK HENRY FONDA

"MAD MISS MANTON"

STEWART-Jean ARTHUR-Lionel BARRYMORE

YOU CAN'T TAKE

IT WITH YOU

by Davis-Penny Singleton "Campus Cinderella"

TRAFFIC! J. Carrol Nash, Mary Carlisle,  
Musketiers, Ann Sheridan—Crazy Auction

Dick POWELL, Olivia de HAVILLAND

"HARD TO GET"

SHIRLEY TEMPLE

JUST AROUND THE CORNER

Richard, Preston Foster, "THE STORM"  
BOB BAKER, "GUILTY TRAIL"

Sine Crosby, F. MacMurray, "Sing You Sinners"

Pat O'Brien, J. Feller, "Garden of the Moon"

Fernand GRAVET HUGH HERBERT

**EAT WALTZ**

"CRIME TAKES A HOLIDAY"

AVIS, ERROL FLYNN, "SISTERS"

ck, Henry Fonda, "MAD MISS MANTON"

ONEY, William BEERY, "STABLEMATES"

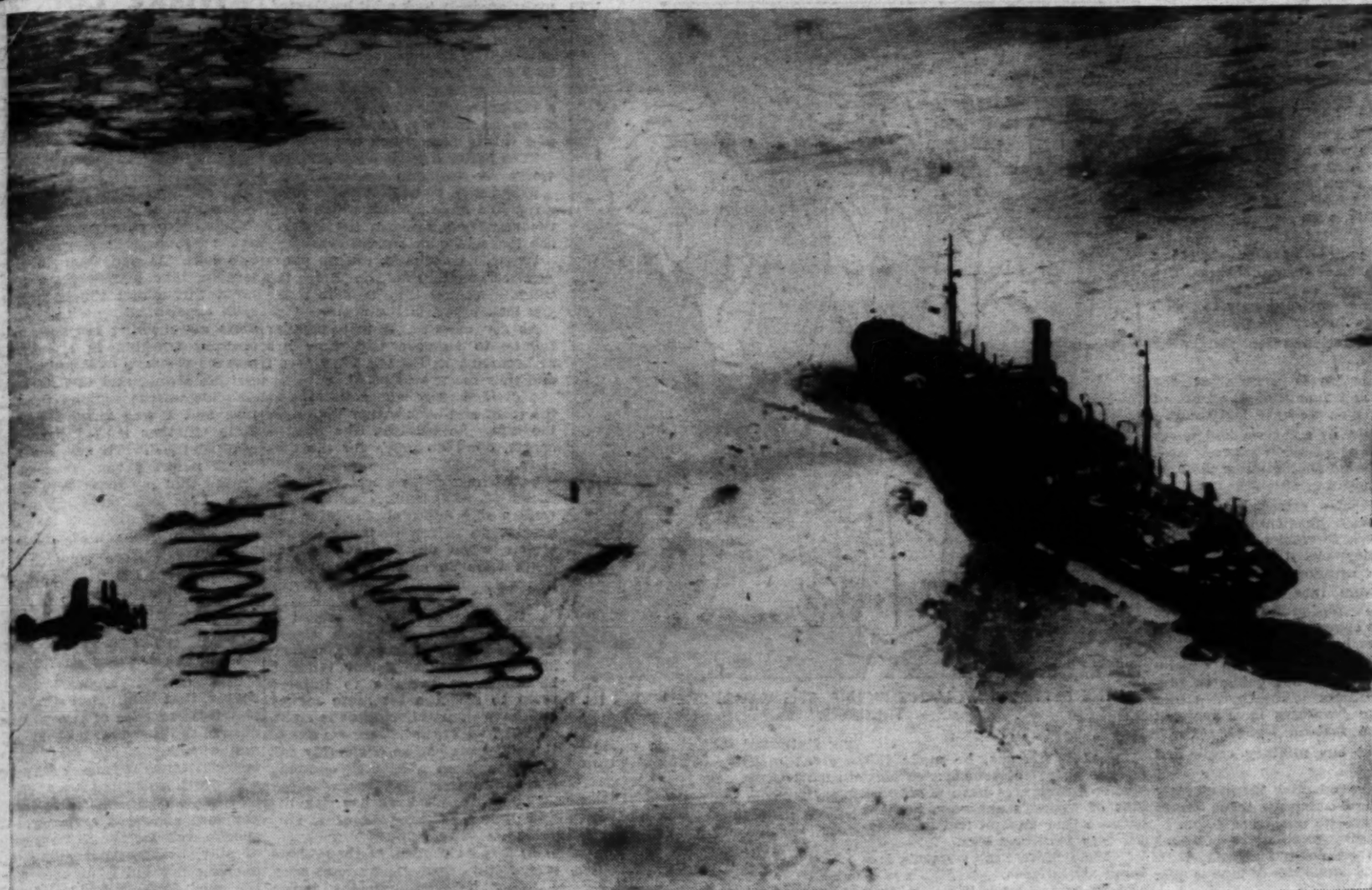
Charles O'Connell, "VACATION FROM LOVE"

J. Mel Douglas, "THAT CERTAIN AGE"

"QUINTUPLETS, 'S OF A KIND"

Mr. G. Robinson, "I AM THE LAW"

PAUL KELLY, "MISSING GUEST"



## ICE BOUND

The English freighter "Harbory" fast in the ice of the North Sea off the Frisian Islands on the coast of the Netherlands. The ship is receiving aid from a plane which landed on the ice at left, beside a sign put out by the crew saying the ship had water for half a month.

## AT AIR SHOW

Fight fans possibly recognize the man pictured at the controls of an old pusher type plane at the air show in Miami. He is Jess Willard, who lost the heavy-weight title to Jack Dempsey at Toledo. Willard now makes a living as a referee.



## MOONEY CELEBRATES

Labor's celebration of Tom Mooney's release from prison was climaxed by a ball in his honor in San Francisco. He is pictured (second from left) leading the grand march. With him, from left, Mrs. Rena Mooney, his wife, George T. Davis, his attorney, Anna Mooney, his sister, and Harry Bridges, west coast CIO chief.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



## MOONEY MASS MEETING

Part of the huge crowd that gathered in San Francisco's Civic Center to hear Tom Mooney and West Coast labor leaders speak following a parade up Market street in celebration of Mooney's pardon after 22 years in prison.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.

## WOMEN IN THE CAPITAL

Attending a tea given by Democratic women in Washington were from left, Frances Perkins, Secretary of Labor; Mrs. Henry Wallace, wife of the Secretary of Agriculture; Mrs. Harold Ickes, wife of the Secretary of Interior, and Mrs. Harry Woodring, wife of the Secretary of War.

## BIG FOUR OF CONGRESS

Congressional leaders, in obvious good humor, at the White House for their Monday conference with the President. From left, Vice-President Garner, Senator Barkley, majority leader; Speaker Bankhead and Representative Rayburn, House majority leader.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



# FAIR ENOUGH

By WESTBROOK PEGLER

NEW YORK, Jan. 9. TWO hard-working clowns from the Middle West, the old vaudeville, carnival and night club comedy team of Olsen and Johnson, have had an unusual experience in New York. After years of tramping in the high minors they hit town with a loose-jointed show called "Hellzapoppin'", which soon burst the seams of one house and moved into the Winter Garden, where they seem likely to run on and on. That is not unique, but, on the side, the men have become the subject of a controversy, slightly touched with bitterness. The question is, "Are they funny?" And the discussion has led to cold-blooded and disenchanted analysis of humor and comparisons between spontaneity and premeditation, reminiscent of debates on the distinction between love and lust, courage and foolhardiness, capital and income.

Olsen and Johnson are safe, for parents now are beginning to nominate their young at birth for seats at "Hellzapoppin'" when they come of age, and it may become necessary to adopt a system of selection of future clients based on geographical, political and social fitness, combining the best elements of those employed for filling the rosters of exclusive prep schools and the United States Supreme Court.

FROM PERSONAL observation I can say that the customers offer no resistance or that if they do resist they are quickly overpowered, and my own reaction to the expert, conscientious scoffing is about the same as that of a man who comes away from a prize fight thrilled by the bitter struggle and dramatic knockout, to read in the morning papers that he has been deceived by a sordid mockery, or fake.

Now that my attention is called to it, I have to admit, slowly and with resentment, that almost everything that Olsen and Johnson do was done for years and years in vaudeville shows and that they apparently have made high-priced and exclusive hilarity of that quality which I am told was called "corny" by the profession and "lousy" by the patrons.

For years the patrons of night clubs and theaters here and yonder have been treated by famous comedians as though they were not-too-welcome intruders in private jollifications arranged for the purpose of permitting them to discuss their personal affairs, their wealth, their radio contracts, their moving picture successes and their families. The celebrated artists among them have appeared not as entertainers paid to amuse but with a manner of condescension, as celebrities giving their time and art in generous response to great demand. They learned to smirk at the customers and to indulge in professional small-talk about the mechanics of "selling" a song to the house and building up a gag-matters which belittled the patrons' own intelligence and their standing in the theater and should have been discussed in private, if at all.

IT IS AT its worst now on the radio, where paid performers take advantage of their time to engage in pretentious feuds, all done in a mood of smug and lofty good-fellowship and advertise one another as great characters to the neglect of the public appetite in impersonal entertainment for its own sake. One comedian even made a momentary success by stealing material from others and naming and advertising the victim of his pilferage.

Entertainment in the theater, on the floor and on the air has become so intimate, so much an occasion for personal, professional boasting, log-rolling and sticky compliments or elaborately friendly insults that Olsen and Johnson, being innocent of all this, have given the public an entire change of style, pace and scene. So impersonal are these "corny hams," so intent on the show and indifferent to individual exploitation that I, who have known them both for years, still don't know which is Olsen and which is the other guy.

## On Broadway —By Walter Winchell

Memos of a Columnist's Girl Friday

Dear Mr. W.: The House of Murphy on the movie coast wears this was overheard there. . . "Bar-tender, I was a bad boy last night. So I'm gonna punish myself. No lemon peel in my drinks for a whole week." . . That column on Miami Beach made a lot of us a little unhappy, because we are stuck up here. . . Gosh! I remember all the way back when newspapermen went to Far Rockaway and Long Beach. . . And Arverne! . . . And had to pay the full rates, too—\$6 single—\$10 double.

Ann Sheridan has been elevated by Warners—from B to A films. . . One coaster now boasts of having first suggested it. . . The fact is the coaster belittled us when we suggested it. . . Shipwreck Kelly apparently likes Lupe Velez much too much. . . He is doing front table duty at the Casa since she opened there. . . Paula Stone says that juvenile is strictly a good pal—not husband material. . . I loved the premiere of Eileen on New Diamond Horsehoe. It opened to more hysteria than I have seen in any night club this year. The girls are dreams, the costumes sadder than a can-can petticoat and the Anna Held milk bath episode quite bluish.

Marie Kelly, former Casa Manana girl (now at the Paradise), was once wed to a Texas columnist. She is rumored on the verge of middle aging it with a lad named E. DeGoff. . . Gloria Day had her picture in the paper the other day. Well, not exactly her face—the World-Telly sorta featured her sorinas, and she made the news-paper look darn attractive that edition, too. . . The Int'l Casino dress rehearsals were very exciting.

Here's a memo that lifted my eyebrows: Remember Hertha Thiele? She won great applause from all of you for her poignant portrayal of the blonde schoolgirl in "Maedchen in Uniform". She now is employed as a domestic in a small German town. She just never clicked after that. . . Joshua Logan, the director, and

WELL, I'LL TELL YOU—By Bob Burns

WHAT would you think of a robber who would tie up a nice looking young lady and take \$7 and an armful of kisses? This really happened out in Ohio. I guess the bandit figured he wanted to give the young lady her money's worth. If he'd had \$70, he'd probably kissed her to death. I've heard of kisses' money good-bye, but kisses' the owner of the money is a better idea. . . especially if she's got what they call "S. O. A." Now how do you "pose this robbin' Romeo's victim described him to the police? "All I can remember," she said, "is that he's got very pretty blue eyes." Yes, sir—takin' \$7 from this lady was what a dentist would call a "painless extraction." As for me, I give up tryin' to understand women!

## Sleep Is Not An Exclusive Brain Function

Less of It Is Needed as We Advance in Age, Says Doctor.

By Logan Clendening, M. D.

THE physiologist, in his study of the functions of the body, likes to analyze. And, in this sense, all of us are born physiologists. We instinctively, when we think about our functions, begin to analyze. What happens to our food? Well, to learn that we have to separate the digestive system from the rest of the body and study it. What happens to the air we breathe? To know that we must take the respiratory system apart and study that. And so on.

When he gets through, the physiologist puts his knowledge of all these systems back together and perhaps thinks he has a man—that he has the secret of life. But he hasn't, any more than that if you were to take four legs and a torso, a tail and a head, and put them together, you would have a dog.

There are many functions that belong to the entire body. They are so much a part of all parts of us that we are inclined to forget them. Yet they are recurrently and insistently present all the time. In the past few months in this column we have been following the physiologist's footsteps and analyzing our different functions; now we will take up some of these functions of the body—as a whole.

One of them is sleep. To what part of you does sleep belong? To the brain? Yes, but not exclusively. In sleep your eyes cease to see—to function. And very much your ears. Your mouth is dry in the morning, so the secretion of the membrane ceases to function also. There is no digestion going on during sleep. The heart and lungs keep up but at a slower pace. The muscles relax. Yes, sleep belongs to the whole body.

Sleep, like many other things in life, is not valued until we lose it. The young don't know how to value sleep. Nature confers the largesse of sleep on them with the same overflowing generosity that she confers her other favors on them. In general we tend to need less sleep as age advances. The man of 60 gets a good night's rest on five or six hours, whereas at 30 he requires eight or nine.

The testimony of elderly men shows their contempt for sleep. Professor William Lyon Phelps of Yale says that only morons do not suffer from insomnia. Professor George Hubert Palmer of Harvard said that he had not had a good night's sleep since he was adult. But he learned that if he relaxed he rested during the night, and started the next day as fresh as anybody.

While physiologists do not know exactly what causes sleep, they know that it is an absolutely necessary function of the human body; indeed, of all animals. Death occurs in animals who have been purposefully kept awake—in from 14 to 21 days. Even plants show periods of inactivity.

So we are inclined to view with skepticism the reports of insomniacs that, "I haven't had a wink of sleep for two months." They do sleep, and they get more sleep than they think.

Editor's Note: Seven pamphlets by Dr. Clendening can now be obtained by sending 10 cents in coin, for each, and a self-addressed envelope stamped with a 3-cent stamp. The pamphlets are: "Three Weeks' Reducing Diet," "Indigestion and Constipation," "Reducing and Gaining," "Infant Feeding," "Instructions for the Treatment of Diabetes," "Feminine Hygiene" and "The Care of the Hair and Skin."

Edward J. Hughes, Secretary of the State of Illinois, called. Said they all feel badly over your item that the word "Illinois" means "Island of Nuts." . . "Island of Men," is what it means, he says. . . I was tipped off to this. That the police should look up Raymond, the butler of the Costers. He is said to have disappeared two years ago mysteriously. Why??? . . . A very prominent Park Avenue society couple (not yet linked with Chaperau, the alleged smuggler) introduced Chaperau to most of his customers last year. Their last initial is "K." . . Don Budge and Edythe Wright (of Tommy Dorsey's thrush dept.) are two sleepy peopleing it.

Lady Elizabeth Paget, who is to wed Raimund von Hymannstall after his divorce (from the ex-Alice Astor) is getting objections to the match from her father, Lord Paget, who says: "This young man has no money." . . John Mansure's last initial is "K." . . a Life Goes to a Party subject. . . Well, John and Eve Arden have it pretty bad. It sure looks like Eve has him in her garden. . . There has been a lot of do-doodle about Ben Lillie's real romance. . . Well, he is Michael Anthony, a juvenile in the London Revue "9 Sharp." . . Did you have the Basil Fommes secret marriage? Happened several Fridays ago. . . You stumbled four times on your last broadcast. I suppose that's what comes from having some health cast. . . Didn't sound awful, but it didn't sound good, either. . . —YOUR GIRL FRIDAY.

THE progress of humanity is marked by the progress of the slowly moving planets in the heavens and the relationships they form by angles of force to each other, similarity to the difference in effect when angles are changed in radio antennae. You were born at a certain time and reflect throughout your life the conditions of your generation because of the planetary signatures in you.

Your Year Ahead. Your year ahead, till next you celebrate change of age, is one of reckoning for the past in personal ways. Care in home, estate, with superiors. Don't tighten up. More perspective this year. Danger: April 9 to Oct. 23.

Go slow on the old and with elders; real inspirations possible in evening.

## DESIGNING WOMEN--Trouser Effects Unless Your Figure Is Boyish, Use Discretion When It Comes to Wearing Pants

By Margaretta Byers and Consuelo Kamholz

CHAPTER THIRTEEN.

ADY Olympic champions and others who take their sports in dead earnest should skip this chapter, since they will dress for comfort, freedom and efficiency rather than with an eye to the gallery.

As a matter of fact, they are likely to have rangy, boyish figures anyway, so that these words of warning scarcely apply to them. But, for others:

Use discretion when you wear the pants.

This section is written at the earnest and repetitious request of so many men we have lost count. Men told us a lot we had never dreamed of about trousers. And, after all, who should know the subject better than they?

Now women resent being ruled out of these garments. They say men object to women in pants because they feel their rights are somehow invaded.

We think that point of view would be exploded if a woman were given an opportunity to walk down the street behind herself.

However, don't leap to conclusions. We are not going to prohibit trousers altogether. Other masculine garments have inspired successful fashion trends.

Look at our military coats and capes. We have adapted them cleverly to our curves. Because those curves were where we could see them.

The intelligent thing to do seems to be to sit down and talk to a man about trousers. Which is just what we did.

With an army officer, we observed the apparitions at a riding school. Said the army officer, "their breeches don't fit them around the waist. They use their belts like gathering strings. They're certainly do better if they went to a men's tailor."

Asked how come, he made this enlightening statement: "Most in most cases. No wonder we make a fizzle of women's anatomy, perhaps because they haven't had much experience in fitting legs."

"They believe that women's legs begin at the knee."

"And at the knee is where they begin the trousers in pajamas, riding breeches, slacks, even ski pants."

"It's more because of that that women look awkward in trousers than because of anything else."

He passed over the difficulties above the waistline with the sweep-



"THE BETTER A WOMAN'S FIGURE, THE WORSE SHE LOOKS IN TROUSERS."

ing statement that shirts would be a great improvement over sweaters. "Most in most cases. No wonder we make a fizzle of women's anatomy, perhaps because they haven't had much experience in fitting legs."

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with Bob Montgomery on the "Fast and Loose" set, when Bill suddenly turned to Bob and said, "Didn't I see you carrying a spear at the Lyceum Theater in New York in 1926?" "Yes," gasped Bob. "Where were you?" "I was the awkward guy behind you."

Hollywood's gone radio mad. Added to the shows already emanating from here, Jesse Laskey opens his "Gateway to Hollywood" with Miriam Hopkins. Mary Pickford heads the Motion Picture Relief Fund's hour. Carole Lombard, the four Marx Brothers, a dozen other stars and Slaple Maxie will wind up one. And Hedda Hopper starts two—one for the Prune Growers of California, the other Brent House—from coast-to-coast. Well, I asked for work!

Virginia Bruce has been called a sissy because she rides side saddle in "Song of the West." The reason is that she fell off a pony as a kid and never got over the shock.

Hazel Hurst, the blind girl who travels everywhere with the seeing eye dog attends the movies two or three times a week. She visited Metro the other day and met Jeanette MacDonald. "So many people seem to pity me," they really shouldn't," Hazel said. "I think I'm the happiest girl in the world." Of Jeanette MacDonald she remarked, "After seeing her on the screen and meeting her I know her success has gone to her head instead of her heart." I only want to live long enough to have someone say that about me—but the shock would finish me off!

Producers have been on the pan so often it's nice to be able to pass on this bit about Harry Cohn of Columbia. Director Al Hall has just signed another two-year contract with Cohn, after finishing a three-year stretch. Says in all that time they've never had an argument. Al was even allowed to cut his pictures, and have previews before Harry saw them. Well, now we're getting somewhere.

Hollywood's very much like Washington—one year you're a hit player and the next you're a star. When a man's elected to office he's a politician, but when he reaches Washington he's a statesman and you made through six secretaries to get a statement.

Bill Stern, the newswire and radio talking machine man, was chatting

lescent years need each other's companionship. All this can be arranged without interrupting the healthy routine of work and rest, and without endangering the stability of childhood. By all means arrange it.

Once permission has been given to attend a party that has a lot of high interest the music and lights and dancing of the grown up party, let it be wholehearted, cordial, full permission so that young ones may go with light hearts and remain with clear consciences to the last.

Angelo Patri has prepared a leaflet entitled, "Annoying Habits" in which he tells parents how to cope with some of the common infantile faults. Send for it, addressing your request to Angelo Patri, Child

12 Tablets.....10c  
36 Tablets.....20c  
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St. Joseph GENUINE PURE ASPIRIN

make anybody look a bit bowlegged. They fit snugly to the inside of the leg and add several inches at the outside. So they are becoming only to knock-kneed people."

Another time, we were talking to a designer. We were at the beach when he made a most surprising and rather comforting observation. "The better a woman's figure, the worse she looks in trousers."

Asked why, he explained, "A woman should have a small waist. Well, the smaller her waist, the queerer she looks in shorts or slacks."

Pleats, he declared, are no panacea, although they do help the thigh. Because they tend to make you look broad in the beam.

As for culottes, it is a popular fallacy to suppose that they are as becoming as skirts. They aren't and they never will be.

A divided skirt lets in fullness at the front and back rather than over the hips. So culottes, like pleated shorts, don't do much for the derriere.

Our frank and earnest critic insisted it was stark madness for women with definitely feminine figures to go in for all these trouser effects when dirndls and beach coats were so much more appealing.

As for the willowy creatures who really can wear slacks and shorts with an air, providing they are meticulously tailored, he made us promise to ignore them to spend a bit more money and have their tailoring done right.

"But," we argued, "suppose one of these figures you so charitably call feminine is on a boat or climbing a mountain."

"You wouldn't have her risk life and limb just because of a silly prejudice, would you?"

To this he replied, "I thought we were talking about fashions as such. I might trek through the jungle half naked. But I wouldn't recommend that as a fashion."

"However, on that boat you mention or that mountain, the lady could wear dark trousers. And no doubt the temperature would permit her to wear a coat."

Tomorrow—Sports Clothes.

The Renewal Of Friendship After Absence

By Emily Post

DEAR MRS. POST: Several years ago there was a young man with whom I went out a great deal. I was very fond of him, but as neither of us had very bright financial prospects, when he told me he loved me, I said, "Let's always be good friends." Soon after this incident occurred, he went abroad to visit his family and stayed away two years. During that time we corresponded. And during his absence I began realizing that I cared for him very much indeed. But I'm desperately afraid that he's not going to give me a chance to let him know about this, because he telephoned me the other day to say hello and I learned from him then that he had been back in this country for several weeks. He did not ask to come to see me. It is possible, of course, that he may have changed his mind about me, but I'm hoping that he is staying away to save what he believes would be an unhappy situation. He is not the type of person to force himself where he thinks he is not wanted. It is this reserve of his that makes it difficult for me to know how I can let him know that, so far as I am concerned, all is changed. Will you tell me what would be a proper thing for me to do.

Answer: You could telephone and tell him how glad you were to hear his voice the other day, and invite him to your house for Sunday dinner or whatever you can ask him to. If you think it wise, you might perhaps tell him that you have much to say to him! But don't sound sentimental. If he accepts your invitation, you can be plainly overjoyed to see him and by the nature of his response perhaps find out where you stand. If you think it's the same as before, you can encourage him where before you discouraged him.

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Psychology Department of St. Louis Post-Dispatch, and enclose a self-addressed, stamped (3-cent) envelope.

Housewives

—are smart buyers—and know the wisdom of keeping the family medicine cabinet stocked with dependable St. Joseph Aspirin. It is now more economical than ever.

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## South Overbids Hand but Does Make Contract

Expert Points Out, However, That Breaks in Three Suits Were Needed

By Ely Culbertson

QUESTION 32 of the recent examination was designed especially to trap players who do not respond properly to opening two bids. It had come to my attention that a few players scattered throughout the country had been experimenting with an immediate ace-showing response to any opening two bid in a suit. For months previous to the exam I had written strong and (I felt) conclusive arguments against this practice, and I was anxious to determine whether it had gained any real foothold. To my relief, the 20,000 answers that reached me proved that my fears were groundless. Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent gave two spades as the correct response in question 32, which was:

With both sides vulnerable, the bidding proceeds:  
North East South West  
2hearts Pass ?  
You are South and hold:  
♠A63 ♥75 ♣J652 ♦9810  
What call do you make?

The correct answer was, of course, that South should make the negative response of two no trump, despite the fact that he held an ace and a jack. A few hundred contestants thought that South's hand was worth a positive jump response to three no trump, but at least 99 per cent answered correctly. This speaks well for the general caliber of play, because responding to an opening two bid at once one of the most difficult and most important departments of bidding.

TODAY'S HAND.  
North, dealer.  
Both sides vulnerable.

♠K42  
♥KQ8  
♦AK74  
♣953

♠975  
♥J73  
♦KQ52  
♣KQJ

NORTH  
WEST EAST  
SOUTH

♠AQJ10  
♥A1065  
♦9  
♣A862

The bidding:  
North East South West  
1diamond Pass 2spades Pass  
3spades Pass 4no tr. Pass  
5no tr. Pass 6spades Pass  
Pass Pass

South's bidding was overly aggressive. First, he made a jump take-out with only a shade better than three and one-half honor tricks on a four card suit. Actually, he should have had a strong reserve inasmuch as he had no fit with partner. His subsequent use of the 4-5 no trump convention added insult to injury. It was bad enough to stretch once on a hand; the least a player can do is to "back-water" thereafter.

Due to a perfect lay of cards, however, South was able to fulfill the optimistic contract. West opened the club king. Declarer won and counted tricks. By ordinary play he could see only four spades, four hearts (if the heart jack dropped), two diamonds, and one club—one trick short. He would not be able to ruff a club in dummy except by fatally giving up two club tricks. Nor could he hope to discard some of dummy's clubs by leading hearts. The low diamond was ruffed. Low heart was led to the queen and the heart 10 was cashed for the twelfth trick.

The overbid contract had succeeded in this instance, but I doubt that that particular declarer will get rich with such bidding methods. Perfect breaks in three suits do not occur very often!

Check COLD DISCOMFORTS

At the first sign of a cold, make up your mind to avoid as much of the sniffing, sneezing, soreness and stuffy condition of your nostrils as possible. Insert Mentholum in each nostril. Also rub vigorously on your chest. You'll be delighted with the way Mentholum combats cold misery and helps restore comfort.

MENTHOLATUM Gives COMFORT Daily

his gum and lollipops, his child have a regular whining and teasing.

But the main psychologists often develop the error simply because they are indulgent in this matter.

LIFE MAKES No all we get. This is a good start. Pay them for a few cents liberal that they them by the allowance "pimms" complex, however, task around the house. Pay for it. Boys can moan, or tend the fire. Cleaning, etc. Under this it represents hard work.

The third method is to receive an allowance and odd jobs for which he through their fingers and have not worked for the "Easy come, easy go" generous parents or do and girls, they deprive the

Case Records of Psychology

ASE L-102: Bobby J. "He is always pestering me," he complains. "He says I'm exaggerating, for we

Dear Mrs. Carr: I ALWAYS READ your to tell about does, too. My little girl received much. Today she had the ment, a lady in a Packard. His boy saw the whole proc I had to pay for this that someone who could, oh my little girl of her pet. A someone else from playing The dog is reddish brown, a mixture of police de

You might even made ing in the "Lost and Found" paper, that you know the

Dear Martha Carr: AM in love with a grand used to say she loved me became very popular (du that she wasn't sure. She

Letters intended for the Mrs. Carr must be addressed to Martha Carr at the St. Post-Dispatch. Mrs. Carr answer all questions of interest but, of course, give advice on matters purely legal or medical. Those who do not care to their letters published must close an addressed and stamped envelope for personal reply

young lady has learned so things, has learned that let adding glamor to the wool. If she has taken this me the system yourself? You "string tied to it"). Now and give her heart a few ju you think.

Dear Mrs. Carr: JUST WHAT is wrong to raising children? Today children raise themselves. my immediate acquaintance ing fair to a child in his life. My dearest girl friend just positively wring if they treating children, but I, for should be seen and not be. My friend is fortunate so why can't she leave them up all hours? I know they How can I go about telling I know that my husband w

Usually, when young me have a capable nurse to carlarly at home so that they of lugging them to evening friends is a new one. And friends care for these mothstrain upon friendship. Perhaps you can fit up entertaining these youngste overseas them. If not, may feel too much restraint. I none too pleased on their few scowls and ask them Fall to have any kind of drinks (unless you provide altake them all evening to finish invitations for a while.

Dear Mrs. Carr: I ALWAYS READ your to tell about does, too. My little girl received much. Today she had the ment, a lady in a Packard. His boy saw the whole proc I had to pay for this that someone who could, oh my little girl of her pet. A someone else from playing The dog is reddish brown, a mixture of police de

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# South Overbids: Hand but Does Make Contract

Expert Points Out, However, That Breaks in Three Suits Were Needed

By Ely Culbertson

QUESTION 22 of the recent examination was designed especially to trap players who do not respond properly to opening two bids. It had come to my attention that a few players considered throughout the country had been experimenting with an immediate ace-showing response to any opening two bid in a suit. For months previous to the exam I had written strong and (I felt) convincing arguments against this practice, and I was anxious to determine whether it had gained any real foothold. To my relief, the 20,000 answers that reached me proved that my fears were groundless. Less than one-tenth of 1 percent gave two spades as the correct response in question 22, which was:

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North East South West  
2 hearts Pass 3 hearts Pass

What call do you make?

The correct answer was, of course, that South should make the negative response of two no trump, despite the fact that he held an ace and a jack. A few hundred contestants thought that South's hand was worth a positive jump response to three no trump, but at least 99 percent answered correctly. This speaks well for the general caliber of play, because responding to an opening two bid is at once one of the most difficult and most important departments of bidding.

## TODAY'S HAND.

North, dealer.  
Both sides vulnerable.

♠ K62  
♥ KQ8  
♦ AK74  
♣ 953

WEST EAST  
♠ AQ10  
♥ 9  
♦ 1065  
♣ 9

The bidding:  
North East South West  
1 diamond Pass 2 spades Pass  
3 spades Pass 4 no tr. Pass  
5 no tr. Pass 6 spades Pass  
Pass Pass

South's bidding was overly aggressive. First, he made a jump take-out with only a shade better than three and one-half honor tricks on a four card suit. Actually, he should have had a strong red-ribbon suit inasmuch as he had no fit with partner. His subsequent use of the 4-5 no trump convention added insult to injury. It is bad enough to stretch once on a hand; the least a player can do is to "back-water" thereafter.

Due to a perfect lay of cards, however, South was able to fulfill the optimistic contract. West opened the club king. Declarer won and counted tricks. By ordinary play he could see only four spades, four hearts (if the heart jack dropped), two diamonds, and one club—one trick short. He would not be able to ruff a club dummy except by fatally giving up two club tricks. Nor could he hope to discard one of dummy's clubs on his own fourth heart because, to do so, he first would have to draw dummy's trumps, along with the opponents'. There was only one chance. A diamond was led by dummy, and the ace and king were cashed (declarer discarding a club). The low diamond was ruffed. The low heart was led to the queen, and dummy's last diamond was ruffed. The ace and queen spades were cashed, and another low heart put dummy back on lead. The spade king now was cashed and, to declarer's delight, drew the last outstanding trumps together, declarer discarding a club. A heart to the ace now dropped the jack and the heart 10 was cashed for the twelfth trick.

The overbid contract had succeeded in this instance, but I doubt that that particular declarer will get rich with such bidding methods. Perfect breaks in three suits do not occur very often!

## Check COLD

DISCOMFORTS

At the first sign of a cold, the sniffing, sneezing, sore throat and stuffy condition of your nostrils as you breathe. Insert Mentholum in each nostril. Also rub it vigorously on your chest. You'll be delighted with the way Mentholum combats cold misery and helps restore comfort.

MENTHOLATUM

# IF YOU ASK My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Martha Carr: I AM in love with a grand girl, but I'm having a lot of trouble. She used to say she loved me and we were very happy. But when she became very popular (due a great deal to my efforts) she decided that she wasn't sure. She admits that she kisses them but says it doesn't mean much! She is going out with someone else. I've waited patiently for her to decide and I think if she doesn't know now, she never will. I told her last night I was through? Did I do right?

Letters intended for this column must be addressed to Martha Carr at the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Mrs. Carr will answer all questions of general interest but, of course, cannot give advice on matters of a purely legal or medical nature. Those who do not care to have their letters published may enclose an addressed and stamped envelope for personal reply.

young lady has learned some tricks of courtship. And among other things, has learned that letting you feel just the least bit insecure is adding glamor to the wooing.

If she has taken this means of making you more sure, why not try the system yourself? You have told her you are "through" (with a "string tied to it"). Now get busy a little with several other girls and give her heart a few jumps. Her decision may come sooner than you think.

Dear Mrs. Carr: JUST WHAT IS wrong with this modern generation when it comes to raising children? Today instead of parents raising children the children raise themselves. I could cite the names of at least six of my immediate acquaintances who have this same failing. Is this being fair to a child in his later years?

My dearest girl friend has three children whose necks I would just positively wring if they were my own—not that I believe in mistreating children, but I, for one, am still a firm believer that children should be seen and not heard.

My friend is fortunate enough to have a nurse for her children, so why can't she leave them at home nights instead of keeping them up all hours? I know they would be more popular among their friends. How can I go about telling her this without hurting her feelings, for I know that my husband will just blurt it out one of these evenings.

OLD FASHION SUE.

Usually, when young married people want to go a great deal and have a capable nurse to care for their offspring, they leave them regularly at home so that they may be carefree for the evening. The idea of leaving them to evening entertainments to clutter up the homes of friends is a new one. And it is true that no matter how much the friends care for these mothers and fathers, this performance is a great strain upon friendship.

Perhaps you can fit up an attic or basement with equipment for entertaining these youngsters, inviting the nurse to come along and oversee them. If not, maybe there is some way to make the children feel too much restraint. Notice them as little as possible and look none too pleased on their arrival. Your husband might give them a few scowls and ask them to "run in the other room a little while." Fall to have any kind of refreshments; don't give them candy or drinks (unless you provide all-day suckers for each, hoping it will take them all evening to finish them). Best of all, leave off the invitations for a while.

Dear Mrs. Carr: I ALWAYS READ your column and I hope the person I am about to tell about does, too.

My little girl received a puppy for Christmas and loved it very much. Today she had the dog out doors and, in an unguarded moment, a lady in a Packard car drove up and picked up the dog. A little boy saw the whole proceeding but did not know the dog was ours.

I had to pay for this pup and I feel very resentful at knowing that someone who could, obviously, afford to buy a dog should deprive my little girl of her pet. And perhaps in printing this you may deter someone else from playing such a shabby trick.

The dog is reddish brown, female, about five months old and probably a mixture of police dog and Shepherd.

You might even make a more direct appeal to this woman by saying in the "Lost and Found" column in the Want Ad Section of the paper, that you know the circumstances of the dog's disappearance.

Case Records of a Psychologist By Dr. George W. Crane of Northwestern University

CASE L-102: Bobby J., aged 9, has a very common problem. "He is always pestering us for a nickel or a dime," his mother complained. "He says other boys have money but he doesn't. However, he exaggerates, for we give him a dime for the movie every Saturday, and his Daddy often gives him a nickel."

DIAGNOSIS: Children should have money of their own, to spend as they choose. And they should not be compelled to coax and wheedle every penny or nickel out of their parents and relatives. There are three popular methods today by which youngsters can obtain their spending money. The first is the "allowance" plan. Here the child receives a stipulated sum, whether it be a nickel or a dollar per week. Out of this sum he buys his gum and lollipops, his toys or movie tickets. It is far better that a child have a regular allowance than that he be forced to rely on wheedling and teasing.

But the main psychological objection to this plan is that youngsters often develop the erroneous idea that they are entitled to money simply because they are the children of parents who can afford to indulge them in this manner.

LIFE MAKES no allowances for us. We must work for what we get. This is a good idea to instill in children from the very start. Pay them for a few standard tasks each week, and be sufficiently liberal that they earn as much as you had planned to give them by the allowance method. Don't let your child develop the "time" complex, however, by which he expects to be paid for every task around the house. Pick out some major or occasional chore and pay for it. Boys can mow the lawn, wash windows, carry out the ashes, or tend the fire. Girls can do the ironing, or the weekly house cleaning, etc. Under this plan the child learns to respect money, for it represents hard work instead of a gift from liberal parents.

The third method is a combination by which the child may receive an allowance and also supplement his income by occasional odd jobs for which he receives pay. People who let money slip through their fingers and are guilty of being spendthrifts, usually have not worked for their money in childhood.

# GLAMOROUS BLONDE of NAZI SPY RING

Katherine Moog, Attractive Nurse, Was Instructed to Open Washington Salon to Entertain U. S. Army and Navy Officers

This is the second of four articles on the inside story of German Spy Ring in the United States, as revealed by Leon G. Turrou, former special agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, who directed the investigation of the activities of the Nazi agents.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.

HOW Miss Katherine Moog, glamorous companion and ally of Dr. Ignatz T. Griebel, master mind of the German spy ring in the United States, was approached by the Nazi spy chiefs to open an opulent salon in Washington for the entertainment of United States army and navy officers and Government officials is described graphically by Leon G. Turrou, former special agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in his inside story of international spying. It is a tale of intrigue in high places by the man who directed the investigation of the far-flung espionage plot.

Miss Moog, a statuesque blonde nurse with a Park avenue accent, appeared to be but the operator of a convalescent home at 276 Riverside drive until the spy trail led to her door. Summoned as a Government witness at the recent espionage trial in United States District Court here, she testified in such a contradictory manner and with such adroit evasiveness that Judge John C. Knox declared her to be a "hostile witness" to the United States.

But her true role in the spy intrigue was ascertained previously by Turrou, who obtained a joint account of their activities from Dr. Griebel and Miss Moog. The physician subsequently fled to Germany, as the investigation pointed to him as a master spy after he had implicated others.

Turrou's narrative states that in May, 1937, Dr. Griebel, who maintained offices at 56 East Eighty-seventh street, in the heart of the German colony, received a letter from Kapitän-Leutnant Dr. Erich Pfeiffer, head of the Bremen office of the Nazi Naval Intelligence, urging him to come at once to Germany for a conference. It indicated important matters were to be discussed and promised he would be permitted to meet the chiefs of the German espionage service.

On June 1, 1937, he sailed for Germany. Aboard the Elbe to Germany, accompanied by Miss Moog, who was to share in an adventurous trip. As the liner was about to sail Dr. Griebel's wife, who had been forbidden by her husband to see him off, arrived at the pier in time to see them standing together. She remonstrated with him but Dr. Griebel accused her of "lack of appreciation," maintaining that Miss Moog had put him in touch with important Berlin officials who would aid him in obtaining for a sum of the German property of a Jew. As shall be seen later this was to be the reward for his espionage activities.

No sooner had the ship left New York and the weeping Mrs. Griebel behind than Dr. Griebel and Miss Moog were closeted in Cabin F-21 with Karl Schluter, a key espionage intermediary who masked as a steward aboard the trans-Atlantic liner and directed the activities of other secret agents.

"It's all arranged, Dr. Griebel," Schluter said, "and you will be met at the pier at Bremerhaven by Kapitän-Leutnant Dr. Erich Pfeiffer. That is a great honor, you must understand."

Sure enough when the ship docked Kapitän-Leutnant Pfeiffer was at the dock. Erect and autocratic he surprised his aides by unbending sufficiently to put an arm around Dr. Griebel's shoulder. To Miss Moog he said:

"You are even more beautiful than the reports I have had concerning you."

A WAVE of his hand was sufficient to pass them through the customs. He ushered them into a reserved compartment aboard the Berlin express, told them to proceed to the Adlon Hotel, on Unter der Linden Strasse which he described as the most fashionable in the city.

A great surprise, a great honor awaits you there," Kapitän-Leutnant Pfeiffer said, "two gentlemen will call on you. You will see how the National Socialist party knows how to treat those who serve our cause well."

Within an hour after they had reached the hotel there came a knock on the door. In walked Kapitän-Leutnant Undo von Bonin and Herman Menzel, attached to the German War Ministry and serving as heads of the Marine Nachrichten Stelle—the Nazi naval intelligence service. Von Bonin was tall and blond. His companion was described by Turrou as fat and bald with small, slanting eyes.

The two spy chiefs took Dr. Griebel to the headquarters of the war ministry, 72 Tiergartenstrasse. There they introduced him to a "Colonel Busch," supreme chief of the German spy system, answerable only to Adolf Hitler himself. Col. Busch assured Dr. Griebel that the way to obtain the property he wanted would be smoothed. Illegalities would be winked at, he indicated, because of the physician's service to the Nazi cause.

The next day Kapitän-Leutnant von Bonin and Menzel gave Miss Moog her first intimation that she had been cast to play the role of a Mata Hari in the trans-Atlantic spy plot. With Dr. Griebel was



TWO VIEWS OF MISS KATHERINE MOOG, COMPANION AND ALLY OF DR. IGNATZ T. GRIEBEL, MASTER MIND OF GERMANY'S SPY RING IN THIS COUNTRY.

seated with them around a luncheon table in the fashionable roof garden of the Hotel Eden.

Suddenly, Von Bonin turned to her. "You have been in Washington, Fraulein?" he asked softly.

"Oh, yes," Miss Moog said. "And do you know many people there?" he inquired.

"Quite a few," she replied. Von Bonin smiled, glanced at the instant Menzel.

"We know all about you, Fraulein," Von Bonin announced, "and all about your connections."

Miss Moog, who for several years before she met Dr. Griebel had enjoyed a wide acquaintance with politicians and officials in this country, endeavored in vain to find out how the spy heads knew of her contacts. Those whom she met, of course, knew nothing of her secret connections. They knew her only as a piquant, attractive woman.

"You know, Fraulein," Von Bonin finally said, "you can be very useful to us. Your army and navy do not pay their officers well. Many of them are in debt. We have ways of determining who those officers are."

Miss Moog replied that she still didn't see where she came into the picture. Von Bonin hesitated. Then he said:

"You are a beautiful woman. You have powerful friends in Washington. If you opened a fine house or big apartment in Washington and had plenty of pretty girls around you and much good food and fine liquor you could invite these officers to your establishment. You could introduce them to our secret operatives. Young officers in debt, pretty girls, good liquor—don't you see they would be in a mood to listen to our agents?"

Kapitän-Leutnant von Bonin then disclosed that he was delegated only to broach the subject. The final proposition would be advanced later by Kapitän-Leutnant Pfeiffer, he said. But at a signal from the observant Menzel he indicated what Dr. Griebel and Miss Moog would get out of it. He said:

"The German Government will pay for later and the expense of running it. We cannot give you a salary at the beginning but you will live well and there will be two or three trips to Germany a year with all expenses paid."

"Besides, we know you have a house in Germany and presently the entire income goes to the Government. That, of course, is it should be. But if you should see your way clear we possibly could arrange it differently."

"You mean that I could get all the income from my property?" Miss Moog asked.

"If you do what we wish," Von Bonin replied. Then Menzel, speaking for the first time, observed:

"Dr. Griebel is to get the Jews property in Giessen. In addition we have promised him a house in Bavaria and a position and the rank of Captain in the German air defense. Of course, he will not be here but the pay will be saved for him and if ever he should be recalled to Germany it will be waiting for him."

After a few days—during which Von Bonin and Menzel separately called upon the attractive Miss Moog and tried to make dates with her although they had instructed her and Dr. Griebel not to be seen with them again—Miss Moog and Dr. Griebel went to Bremen to see Kapitän-Leutnant Pfeiffer before sailing for America. Dr. Griebel lunched with Pfeiffer and at night that officer took them both to the smart Astoria Cafe, a night club, where over glasses of champagne he confirmed in detail the plan to establish a Washington salon as a means of obtaining military and naval secrets of this country. It was there, too, that he disclosed to Dr. Griebel the accomplishments of the Nazi espionage service, which were described in yesterday's installment as:

"In every strategic point in your United States we have an opera-

tive. In every armament factory in America we have a spy. In every shipyard we have an agent, in every key position a trusted man. Your country cannot plan a warship, design a fighting plane, develop a new instrument or device that we do not know of it at once."

Pfeiffer turned to Miss Moog, continued:

"But that is not enough. You understand, Fraulein Moog, what you have been chosen to do for the Fuhrer and the Vaterland? You are to open a magnificent apartment in Washington. There you will bring your high Government official friends and you will introduce them to our operatives. You will invite young army and navy officers who are underpaid and you will have for them fine foods and plenty to drink and pretty maids."

The German Government will pay for everything."

PHEIFFER assured Dr. Griebel he would be rewarded with the property he sought for the work he had performed in this country. He added:

"We must have more information. We want the blueprints of the aircraft carriers Yorktown and Enterprise. We want the mobilization plans for the eastern seaboard of the United States. We want the West Coast plans, for we can sell those to the Japanese. We want the Mexican border fortifications and the Canadian border topography. We want to know the weaknesses of the new bombing planes you are building and the fortifications and defenses of New York harbor. We want every defense secret America has."

Readers of accounts of the recent espionage trial, published in the Post-Dispatch, will recall the abortive plan to lure Col. H. W. T. Eglin, commandant at Fort Totten, to a hotel room on the pretext a secret general staff meeting had been called and there take from him the Eastern coastal defense and mobilization plans. Details were also brought out at the trial, which resulted in convictions of four minor espionage agents on trials of the fantastic proposal to forge an order on a facsimile of White House stationery calling for delivery of the plans. None of these schemes was carried out.

About all of minor military value the four in court obtained were plans of a pursuit plane, a table of the incidence of venereal disease among troops in the metropolitan area and a "Z-code" of landing signals between army planes and aviation fields.

After the Bremen conference, Turrou continued, Dr. Griebel and Miss Moog returned to the United States. They had not been back many weeks before the spy investigation led to them, resulting in their startling disclosures which betrayed the "higher-ups" and gave a clew to the extent and results of espionage activity in this country.

It was a packet of letters and a secret spy code taken from pretty red-haired Miss Johanna Hoffman, hairdresser aboard the Europa and convicted trans-Atlantic courier for the spy ring, that spilled the beans. They led to Dr. Griebel, Miss Moog and others.

The message that afforded a clew to Miss Moog was from Karl Schluter, the secret intermediary, who posed as a steward on German ocean liners. It explained that he was remaining in Germany for awhile, but that Miss Hoffman, whom he referred to as "Jenny," posed as a piano tuner, arranged for the shipment of stolen secrets to a German divorce matter in which Miss Moog was interested and referred to a young woman whom Schluter was trying to enlist in the service of the spy ring.

This woman, a graduate of a fashionable girls' school, was to be induced to enter the employ of Miss Moog at the apartment she had been instructed to establish in Washington. The spy investigation resulted



IN AN EXPOSE OF THE PLANS BEFORE THEY COULD MATERIALIZE.

"You can tell all to Jenni and give her everything since she is a good little skate," Schluter wrote.

But Miss Moog kept mum until Dr. Griebel, whom she repeatedly referred to as "a great good man," told her at the offices here of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that he had named the higher-ups. He insisted all that he did was to transmit information about Jews in America to the German Ministry of Propaganda. All he wanted from Von Bonin, Menzel and Pfeiffer, he asserted, was aid in getting the property he coveted.

But when he was brought before Miss Moog, he blurted out:

"It is not our fault. It is that dumpkopf, Schluter. Giving a girl like that—a hairdresser—the codes and the letters. They have found the letters and we are lost! I tell you, shot!"

Dr. Griebel put his arm around her shoulders and said, "You might as well tell everything." Her account led to the implication of the spy chiefs, verified his story at many points, and disclosed many of the ramifications of the espionage plot in this country. From their clews Turrou developed much of his narrative.

Turrou recalls Dr. Griebel admitted in the German spy ring in this country in 1933, when he was approached by Wilhelm Lonkowski, a spectacular spy organizer who fled to Germany with the doctor's assistance.

Not only did Dr. Griebel tell of Lonkowski, whose operations were only partially revealed at the spy trial, but he "put the finger" on Otto Hermann Voss, bespectacled airplane mechanic, who was convicted although all of his espionage activities were not disclosed. The clews led also to Werner Gudenberg, indicted airplane designer, who Turrou says was forced to flee this country by agents of the Gestapo—the German secret police—who were operating here.

The German spy conspiracy in this country did not begin until the 1933 meeting between Dr. Griebel and Lonkowski, Turrou writes. Careful investigation, he adds, indicated that there were no real German spies in this country from the ending of the World War until that time. All that was found was that Germany maintained the usual political and commercial observers that every country has in every other country.

During the World War Lonkowski was a German pilot, was wounded and shot down in an encounter with a French plane. After the war he came to this country, was employed as an aviation mechanic on Long Island in 1928 before he came with the ascendancy of Hitler what Turrou describes as "one of the most dangerous, successful spies in the world."

After turning spy Lonkowski posed as a piano tuner, arranged for the shipment of stolen secrets to Germany. He lived at Hempstead, L. I., close to Mitchell and Roosevelt aviation fields in the

home of Miss Santa de Wanger, who became a virtual messenger for him and who testified against him at the trial.

Turrou states that Lonkowski was paid \$500 a month and expenses besides a bonus for every valuable army, navy, or air force secret he delivered.

"How many Nazi spies Lonkowski planted in this country we will never know," Turrou writes, "or how many men he bought orajoled or blackmailed into turning traitor. We know from certain damaging papers that he was in contact with an infantry officer who apparently was supplying him with secret information. We know the blueprints of many of our most vital airplane design secrets got into his hands."

Almost every spy transaction uncovered by the investigators involved Lonkowski in some manner. It was Lonkowski who hired Voss as a spy at the Seversky Aircraft Corporation, Farmingdale, L. I., and who induced Gudenberg to assist him.

"It was Lonkowski with the aid and advice of Griebel," Turrou relates, "who arranged for the sneaking of alien spies into this country. It was he, with Griebel, who did the plotting whereby German-born engineers and designers in key positions here were to be lured back to Germany with promises of huge salaries, there to reveal military and naval secrets they had learned here."

Lonkowski and Dr. Griebel, he says, established spy bases at Montreal, Canada, and Newport News, Va., and arranged contacts throughout the country. After Lonkowski fled, Schluter continued his undercover work.

The story of Lonkowski's contacts with Gudenberg and Voss was sketched at the espionage trial, as was the day in September, 1935, when he talked his way out of the custody of United States Customs officials and an officer of the army intelligence service after being nabbed at the pier with a mass of incriminating documents. Told to return for further questioning, he lost no time in fleeing—with Dr. Griebel's aid.

Lonkowski explained he was a piano tuner by occupation and a correspondent for a German aviation magazine by avocation. He displayed business cards to substantiate his statements. Customs men, however, called in an army Major in the Military Intelligence Service and Lonkowski was questioned.

A portion of one letter read: "Enclosed you will find an en-

largement of the cover for automatic sights of machine guns. With reference to the ammunition which I am about to obtain from the captain I have as yet received no information. I understand the captain has already contacted Von Pappen. The captain is a Swiss, although he is in the American infantry."

The identity of "Von Pappen" wasn't made clear. Turrou states that Lonkowski wasn't asked if that was Col. Franz von Pappen, former German Chancellor, collaborator of Hitler and a pre-war military attaché at Washington who was cited here prior to our entrance in the World War for flagrant espionage activities in this country. At the time the "Von Pappen" reference was found in Lonkowski's letter, Col. Franz von Pappen was the Nazi Ambassador to Austria.

Other letters found on Lonkowski indicated secrets of this country's national defense were stolen at Langley Field and other places. Excerpts include:

"In regards your query reference report of July 18, 1935; reference to construction bulkheads, etc. of Seversky airplane floats I expect sketches shortly."

"On Seversky airplanes not the running wheels but the floats are pulled in or extended. This is done by means of a small oil pump, hydraulic. The running wheel opening in the floats has no effect whatsoever on the start. The floats are so much lowered that the wheel quickly disappears therein through the thorough-going opening in the float. The quick running off of the water is assured. I attach to this letter several enlargements of the type."

Other pertinent paragraphs, written in German, included:

"I have just been informed that FLGZ airplanes which for more than a year were used in the army and marine corps were authorized for foreign delivery. On your list also appears the NR BF2-C1 which was built by Curtiss. Please inform me at once if still interested. (This referred to an experimental bombing plane for night flights)."

"Three new bombers being inspected by army air corps. The Boeing Bomber 296 is already known. The flying fortress designed and built by Glenn-Martin Co. of Baltimore, but up to this time no photograph of this remarkable airplane has been available. A new bomber has been entered by the Douglas Aircraft Co. of Santa Monica, Cal. The bombardment competition opened on Aug. 22 and the bids cover 100 planes. No figures concerning the various bids given."

Another note, signed "Sex," an alias sometimes used by Lonkowski, disclosed that a man whose name was suppressed by the Federal Court was to get in touch with "Mr. Eitel" instead of Lonkowski. Eitel was a spy contact man on a German ship.

One of the photographs was of the Curtiss "XO3C-1, Prototype SOC-1. Attached was a memorandum calling attention to construction details and pointing out "planes of this type are fitting with landing gear as shown for carrier operations but floats may be substituted for catapulting from battleships and cruisers."

Two other pictures showed the Voigt SBU-1 scout bomber, for which Lonkowski had arranged for the U. S. Navy plane SOC-1. Written in German was:

"SOC-1 ordered. Delivery has been started. Compare this with film sent in August, 1935."

Detailed directions were discovered on Lonkowski's desk, together with the films so that they would show a complete blueprint of an airplane together with highly technical explanations of the plane. It wasn't until three years later, when the investigation linked Voss and Gudenberg with some of the data found on Lonkowski, that it was learned one of the photographed designs was of the Curtiss X-2—the navy's secret experimental light bomber.

But when Lonkowski was questioned in this country hadn't gotten under way. It wasn't to get under way until British authorities uncovered a spy postoffice at Dundee, Scotland, through which letters passed from Guenther Gustav Rumrich, who turned State's evidence at the spy trial, to his superiors in Germany, as previously reported in the news columns of the Post-Dispatch.

Told to "come back in three days" for further questioning by the Army Intelligence Lonkowski made good his escape. He rushed to Dr. Griebel who hid him in his offices while he arranged for his flight.

Dr. Griebel, according to Turrou's narrative, took Lonkowski to the Griebel summer home in the Peekskill Mountains of Westchester County. Lonkowski remained there two days, fearful that authorities may have recognized the true nature of his documents and be on his trail. Then Dr. Griebel furnished him with a car and driver—a former German airplane pilot—who took him to Montreal where he was smuggled aboard a German freighter.

Safely back in Germany he was amply rewarded. He now holds an important post in the German Air Ministry. And one of the men working for him is the chauffeur who drove him across the border.

Tomorrow—How Dr. Griebel escaped from this country aboard a German ship.





Grin and Bear It—By Lichty

(Copyright, 1939.)



"I WISH YOU'D STOP THAT SHAGGING LONG ENOUGH TO LET THE CUSTARD SET!"

Sunflower Street—By Tom Little and Tom Sims

(Copyright, 1939.)



Room and Board—By Gene Ahern

(Copyright, 1939.)



Blondie—By Chic Young They Threw Him In With the Mortgage!

(Copyright, 1939.)



Popeye

"Anybody Got a Rattle?"

(Copyright, 1939.)



Li'l Abner—By Al Capp

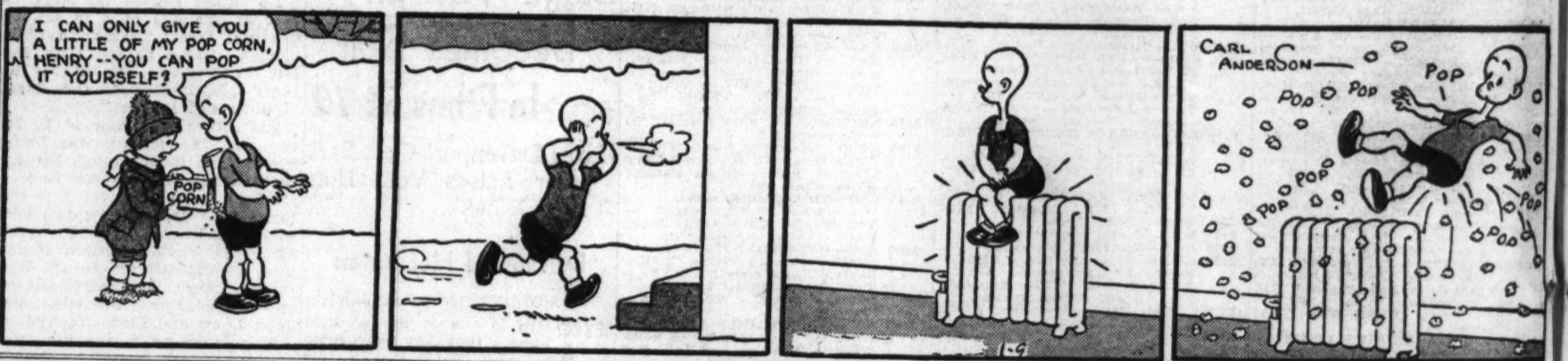
Rancid Romance!

(Copyright, 1939.)



Henry—By Carl Anderson

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Big Chief Wahoo—By Saunders and Woggon

And No Fire Escapes

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Skippy—By Percy L. Crosby

"Cramping His Style"

(Copyright, 1939.)



Jane Arden—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross

(Copyright, 1939.)



BRITAIN BACKS  
FRANCE AGAIN  
ITALY'S DEM  
FOR TERRIT

Paris Cabinet Is In  
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With Refusal to G  
Any Land.

CHAMBERLAIN SE  
DALADIER, BO

Stops Off Between  
on Way to Visit F  
Mussolini in Rome  
Worries in Spain  
Mediterranean.

By the Associated Press.  
PARIS, Jan. 10.—Prime  
Chamberlain tonight contin  
journey to Rome to meet  
Mussolini after giving fu  
ance that Britain stood  
France in its rejection o  
territorial demands.  
A communique said the  
identity of view previously  
at between the two Gov  
was fully confirmed in a  
Office conference of the  
and Foreign Ministers of  
and France.  
Chamberlain and his For  
retary, Viscount Halifax, v  
by Premier Daladier, v  
Foreign Minister, Georges  
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to bow to the intervention  
states in the dispute. He t  
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Chamberlain and Halifax  
London; Cheers and Ca  
By the Associated Press.  
LONDON, Jan. 10.—P  
ter Neville Chamberlain  
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Golden Arrow express for  
11 a. m. (5 a. m. St. Louis  
About 500 persons crow  
Downing street when Cha  
left his official residence  
a. m. Cheers and catcall  
his wave.  
Another crowd jammed  
form at Victoria Station  
group of unemployed par  
the official party carrying  
coffin. "Appease the un  
not Mussolini," they shout  
French Fears in Mediter  
Chamberlain carried wi  
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bassador Charles Corbin.  
group of unemployed par  
fleet of "minnow" subma  
being built mainly to  
French-British shipping  
Western Mediterranean.  
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this, together with the s  
Generalissimo Francisco  
Italian-German supported  
Eastern Spain was cau  
Prime Minister a great  
worry.  
The French Ambassa  
Prime Minister and Fore  
tary Viscount Halifax at  
lion. Chamberlain and  
were to hear more abou  
fears for the safety of  
routes from Premier Edou  
dier and Foreign Minister  
Bonnet in Paris.  
Until late yesterday it  
little more in his four-  
visit than establish perso  
with Premier Mussolini.  
Chamberlain's They  
It is a known theory of  
he can make a person  
out of Mussolini, he will  
put a restraining hand o  
tivities of the anti-comm  
angle—Italy, Germany an  
After 1939 Chamberlain  
success of Britain's vast  
ment program will be su  
restrain them.  
But last-minute report  
the spotlight away from  
cries for a share of the  
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